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Editorial



MOLINO (REGISTERED) SHERRY

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The Hongkong Telegraph.

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Phone 26615

September 4, 1939

WAR

MORE THAN two-thirds of the peoples of the world are to-day at war on two continents.

Europe faces the greatest crisis in its history, 1914-18 not excepted. The doctrine of Nazism, of racial persecution, intolerance, hatred and aggrandisement is spreading from its heart, in wide goose-stepping columns, so that no man who cherishes liberty is safe until this Hitler monster is crushed.

Whatever the outcome of this fantastic struggle which has been forced upon the democracies and peace-loving nations of the world, civilisation must be the sufferer.

An Austrian-born fanatic, whose vision is a Germanic-Aryan world in which none, not even his own fellow-countrymen, will be safe from persecution, has for five years made war on this civilisation which our forefathers have so painfully built up.

What is happening to-day has, for months now, been inevitable. It was foreseeable but not preventable. Humanity's sole expedient has been to pile up more and more armaments in a bid to meet the threat from a nation which, only twenty years ago, was crushed and beaten. Why is this so? Because, for many months, the man who has declared for aggression has been stone deaf to the voice of reason: because the only answer to appeasement has been force.

The tragedy is that the sufferers in this terrible war that has been forced upon the world will not be the madman who started it.

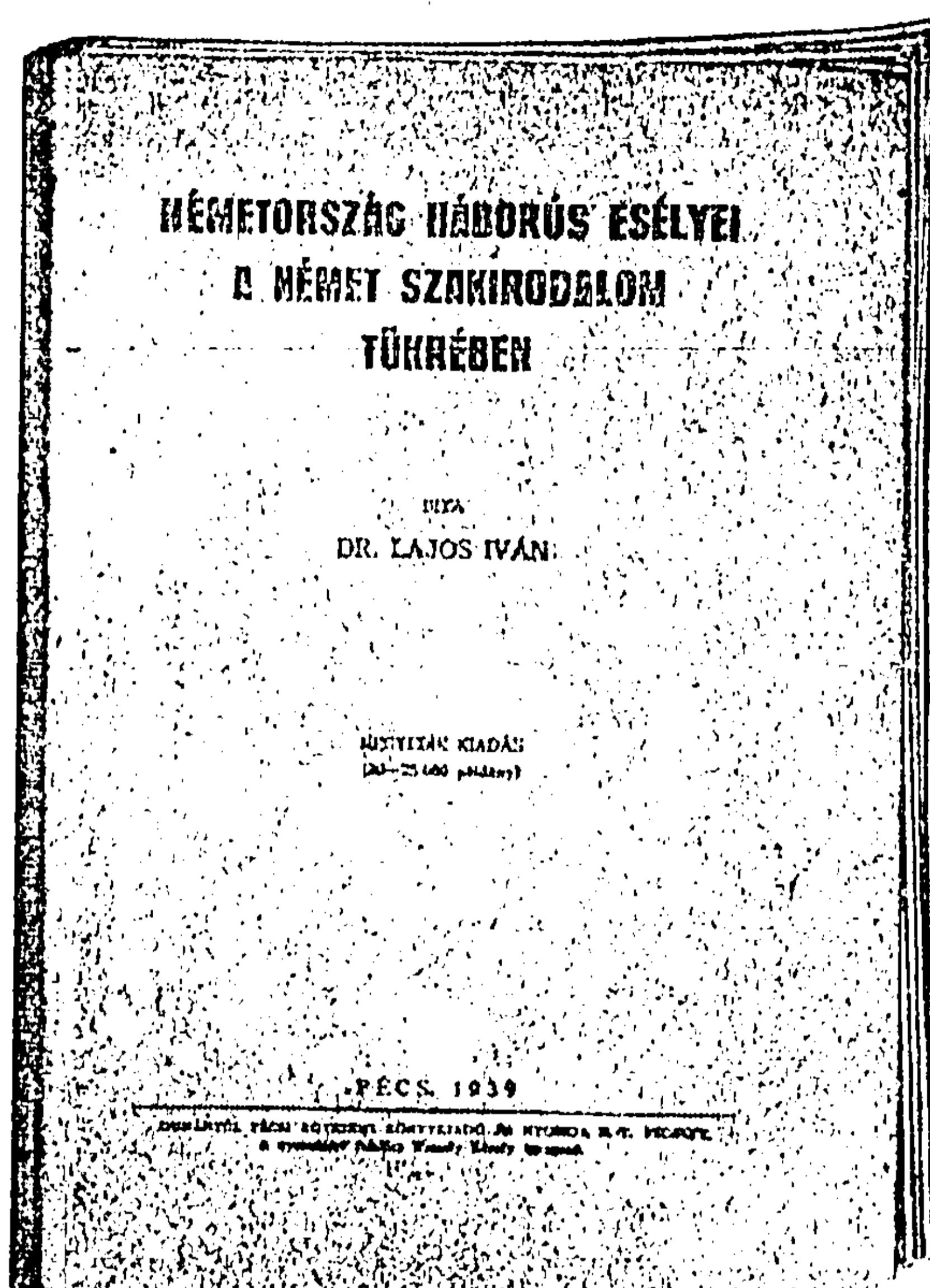
It will be the millions of German, Polish, French and English people, who want only peace.

The extravagance of Goebblian propaganda, upon which the Germans have been exclusively fed for years, has made possible the apathy of many German people in what has happened. More so than this propaganda, however, has been the dreaded Gestapo, the horrifying tortures of the concentration camps into which hundreds of thousands of Germans have been flung, the ruthless crushing by Hitler's police of all opposition.

No system founded on force, happily, can crush a people for ever. Hitler will find that out, to his sorrow.

Here are some extracts from the book whose title can be translated as "Germany's Chances in War," with the significant sub-heading "As seen in the Mirror of German Official Literature."

THE BOOK THAT WAS NOT BANNED



Pre-Nazi Germany had 42 generals, 600 staff officers for its seven infantry and three cavalry corps. The existing army, on this basis, would require a six-fold increase in these numbers, but only in respect of generals have they been able to reach the required minimum.

According to the German military system a mobilised army consisting of 100 corps should possess at least 5,000 generals and staff officers. On their own figures they have only 3,850 available. And even of these the vast majority have been promoted with rapidity. On August 1, 1936, there were 16 full generals of whom only one was of that rank on January 1, 1933.

And the lower in the military hierarchy one goes the more fantastic are the promotions and the greater the gaps between service and rank.

So much for the men: what of the transport?

Germany is spending only 10 per cent. of what her railway officials say they require for new rolling stock. The normal rate of (peace-time) maintenance proves too great a burden to sustain. Trains ran from eight to ten hours late—even express—and accidents increased from 400 in 1932 to more than 1,000 in 1937.

Under war conditions, with industries centralised in the interior to avoid air attack, the length of journeys would be doubled and a double strain put on the railways.

Even in man-power, says the "Militär Wochenschrift," every man at the front needs eight men on the home front; but Stephen Possony in 1938 restated this figure as a Hungarian, of better off in coal and iron ore what his own country has to than she was in 1914. The hope from Germany, "Herr successes achieved by Germany Bonno Graf, recognised as in the early days of the war at 12. Thus Germany would require the co-operation of other States to support her armies in the field—and there are no such States available. The same authority calculated that to sustain the presumed army of 3,000,000 men there would be needed 54,000,000 workers behind the lines!

Colonel Thomas, writing for the officially published "Kriegswirtschaftliche Jahresberichte 1936," edited by Major Hesse, and supplied to the German War Office, said: "Once before false assumptions of a successful 'lightning war' landed us in utter disaster: that is why in these days of aerial and tank warfare we should not be misled by such dreams again."

Oil, gold, food-supplies, the armament industry, even prestige—and perhaps more important than all these, the certainty of America's attitude—Dr. Lajos reviews them all as seen by German eyes. There is not a word of comment: readers can draw their own conclusions.

In the last resort a war is fought by men. "You can drive men to the slaughter," said Pintschovius, the German military writer on the General Staff, "but you cannot drive them to fight."

What of the men in the German State?

Himmler, explaining in 1937 to the General Staff itself what steps he would take in a war, said: "We should have to fight on an internal front as well as the army, navy and air-force fronts. Any neglect would result in the loss of the war. Therefore, any unreliable elements would have to be confined in a concentration camp."

As Greater Germany contains millions of "unreliable" Czechs and Austrians not to mention some millions of Germans opposed both to war and the Nazi regime, Herr Himmler looks like having his concentration camps reasonably full.

GRIN AND BEAR IT

By Lichy



"This time the Administration has gone TOO far!"

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DOMINIONS RALLY TO MOTHERLAND: ZERO HOUR IN PARIS AND LONDON

PARIS, Sept. 3 (Reuter).—A communique announces that the French Ambassador told Herr Joachim von Ribbentrop that, as from 5 p.m. British Standard Time, the French Government would find itself obliged to fulfil its obligations undertaken towards Poland.

Zero hour passed away quietly without outward manifestation that France was at war.

The weekly rest day has been abolished and a seven-day week established in all concerns working for national defence.

AUSTRALIA AT WAR

MELBOURNE, Sept. 3 (Reuter).—"Australia is at war" stated Mr. Menzies, the Australian Prime Minister, in a broadcast address.

He added that where Britain stood, the people of the Empire and the British world stood also.

"GOD SAVE THE KING"

WARSAW, Sept. 3 (Reuter).—The reading of the British declaration of war on the Polish radio was followed by the singing of "God Save The King," and cries of "Long live Britain! Long live Chamberlain!"

The people of Warsaw called to demonstrate before the British Embassy where crowds gathered in the street expressing their satisfaction.

Comments like "Thank God" were heard on all sides, and a feeling of relief spread throughout the city.

The announcement of an imminent French declaration of war caused crowds to rush to the French Embassy.

People leaving churches joined the general cry of "Britain and France are with us."

Washington Impressed

WASHINGTON, Sept. 3 (Reuter).—A wonderful impression of calmness and sincerity has been created by Mr. Chamberlain's speech and the instructions broadcast by the BBC, declared a responsible official to-day.

He added that once again the American people contrast the voice of Britain with that of Germany, and from such a comparison our people can draw only one conclusion, and the people of Britain know what that conclusion is.

Japan's View

TOKYO, Sept. 3 (Dome).—"Europe is on fire," declares the "Japan Times," popular English language newspaper here, "Germany has embarked on a military adventure from the belief that Britain and France were not ready to come to the rescue of Poland," the paper continues.

"Germany's not improbable plan was to deal decisive blows to the Polish Army before any other country entered the field," the paper says. "In the summer of 1914, Germany had her ally in Austria-Hungary and also could count on the support of Turkey. This alignment enabled her to command a vast field of action, extending from the North Sea to Persian Gulf.

Without An Ally

"To-day she entered the field without a single ally. She will have to face the combination of Poland, Britain and France."

"Outside observers almost agree that the weight of financial and economic strains under which the Reich has struggled through the past several years was so heavy that she has to-day but a limited surplus of resources."

"Once war is opened, it will be bound to be a long-drawn affair. It will in all certainty be a war of attrition and even downright exhaustion. Only prophets would dare say on which the fortune of war would smile."

"Meanwhile, world attention will be focused on the line that the United States will take."

Netherlands Neutrality

THE HAGUE, Sept. 3 (Reuter).—The Government has issued a statement to the effect that the neutrality of the Netherlands as well as her independence are to be maintained under all circumstances.

Belgian Neutrality

BRUSSELS, Sept. 3 (Reuter).—It is officially announced that Belgium has sent a declaration of her neutrality to all countries concerned.

Franco's Appeal

MADRID, Sept. 3 (Reuter).—General Franco, broadcasting to-day, appealed to the goodwill and responsibility of governments and nations to employ all efforts to realise the present conflict.

Extension of the war, declared General Franco, would, without benefiting the belligerents, produce a profound and insuperable disturbance in the world's economy, causing incalculable losses of its wealth, with a paralysis of its trade, and a grave repercussion in the standard of living of the humble classes of people.

India Takes Up Challenge

SIHNA, Sept. 3 (Reuter).—A proclamation has been issued by the Viceroy announcing the outbreak of war and the existence of a grave emergency, threatening the security of India.

The Viceroy in broadcasting, uttered an impressive call to the country to take up Germany's challenge to the great principles of humanity, justice and morality, which in no

THE NEWS RECEIVED IN H.K.

Excited Crowds At The Hotels

THE suppressed excitement with which Hongkong last evening received the news that Britain had declared a state of war against Germany, bubbled over into a display of wild enthusiasm after dinner, when parties occupying the ground floor lounge of the Hongkong Hotel burst into the National Anthem and the Marseillaise, toasting the success of the Allies and the destruction of Nazism.

So excited did the celebrants become that a continual round of toasts was followed by drinking glasses being smashed, and the buzz of excited conversation was constantly being interrupted by the noise of clinking glasses as tumblers were hurled to the ground.

It is believed that nearly 100 glasses were broken in this way.

Elsewhere in the city pent-up emotions were let loose. At the King's Theatre, where record crowds have been viewing the remarkable film "Confessions of a Nazi Spy," there were some demonstrations against Hitlerism as the picture was being shown, the more dramatic anti-Nazi features of the film being widely applauded. This remarkable documentary film has broken all Hongkong records.

During the cinema shows, last evening a notice was flashed on to the screen requesting members of the Royal Army Medical Corps to report to their headquarters.

At the Queen's Theatre, confirmation of Britain's declaration of war was received at 7.50 p.m.

The show was immediately stopped and the National Anthem played, the entire audience joining in.

Extras Eagerly Bought

Cabled information regarding the final British ultimatum and the proclamation of a State of War was received by the Hongkong "Telegraph" ahead of all competitors.

"United Press" exclusively reported the final Ultimatum from Britain and France, setting "an hour," and the "Telegraph" was able to exclusively record this momentous event, no confirmation arrived from any other source up to the time war was declared.

"United Press" also recorded the Declaration of War, the cabled information being delivered to the "Telegraph" at 7.00 p.m.—a remarkable achievement in view of the circumstances.

The War Ministry announced that Russian ships with cotton and gasoline from Poland enroute to Stettin.

Popo's Appeal

SPECIAL TO THE "TELEGRAPH"

VATICAN CITY, Sept. 4 (UP).—It is authoritatively stated that His Holiness the Pope is preparing an appeal to restrain the conflict as humane a warfare as possible.

He will seek assurances that the combatants will not use gas, secondly will not bombard civilians and open cities, thirdly, fair treatment for prisoners of war, and fourthly respect for property and livestock in captured towns.

GERMAN ATROCITY

SPECIAL TO THE "TELEGRAPH"

WARSAW, Sept. 4 (UP).—The Foreign Office states that three bombs caused an unknown number of casualties at the Szymborow convent girls' school in the Sochaczew district.

It asserts that the attacks have been confined to military objectives, and declares that after units of German armoured cars reached the Vista in noon on Saturday, German forces effectively attacked points at the river.

The communiqué asserts that one bridge, and another which was under construction, were destroyed by numerous bombs.

An important railway station was also bombed.

The statements adds that while military objectives were being attacked and destroyed, there was resistance by Polish anti-aircraft and pursuit planes.

"WE SHALL BE VICTORIOUS"

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PARIS, Sept. 3, (UP).—M. Daladier in a broadcast to-night declared: "Poland is the victim of a most brutal invasion. The responsibility for the evils rests entirely on the shoulders of Herr Hitler and his Government."

"WE WERE HOPEFUL FOR PEACE THIS MORNING AND WE DID EVERYTHING POSSIBLE TO MAINTAIN IT, BUT HITLER WANTED WAR."

"THE CAUSE OF FRANCE IS JUSTICE, AND WE SHALL BE VICTORIOUS."

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BUCHAREST, Sept. 3 (UP).—Rumanian learned of the British declaration of war from the radio broadcasts. Although few had any illusions about the impending world catastrophe, the announcement caused the deepest consternation.

In spite of the absence of extra newspapers, which the Government did not permit to appear, the news spread like wildfire through the city and country, causing the greatest apprehension, concerning Rumania's own future. Although the Rumanian Government is supported by a vast majority of the nation, including most of the opposition leaders, and is determined to maintain neutrality unless its own integrity is attacked, and although the present outlook is considered as favouring such an attitude, it is realised that nobody can foresee how this war will develop, and whether it won't eventually spread throughout Europe.

Semi-official Rumania, this morning, commented "in the shadow of bayonets," and appealed to the patriotism of the nation, stating that Rumania's watchword, contained in King Carol's recent declaration, was "Nothing that is Rumanian will be given away. All that is Rumanian will be defended."

Berlin Excitement

SPECIAL TO THE "TELEGRAPH"

BERLIN, Sept. 3 (UP).—Several thousand persons stood outside the

HITLER'S HUN RAIDERS BOMBING OPEN CITIES

(Continued from Page 1)

pie were killed, including five children.

New bomb victims are arriving hourly.

The Polish Ambassador is leaving Berlin for Denmark to-day. The remnants of the German Embassy in Warsaw are leaving for Germany via Riga.

German Pilot Interned

Kaunas, Sept. 3 (Reuter).—A damaged German pursuit plane alighted on Lithuanian territory near the Polish-Lithuanian frontier to-day, and the pilot was interned.

The machine was handed over to the military authorities.

The necessary laws have been published giving effect to Lithuania's policy of neutrality.

Maginot Line Precautions

PARIS, Sept. 4 (UP).—The rear zone of the Maginot line has been completely evacuated of civilians.

German Casualties

BRATISLAVA, Sept. 3 (UP).—Four railway train carloads of German wounded soldiers arrived from Poland at 4.55 p.m.

Germans Cross Vista

BERLIN, Sept. 3 (UP).—It is announced that German troops have crossed the Vista in their eastward press in Silesia where they captured fortified positions south of Nikolai.

It is also announced that seven Polish planes and one balloon were brought down in an air battle over Warsaw. No German planes were lost.

The War Ministry announced that Russian ships with cotton and gasoline have left Leningrad enroute to Stettin.

Popo's Appeal

SPECIAL TO THE "TELEGRAPH"

VATICAN CITY, Sept. 4 (UP).—It is authoritatively stated that His Holiness the Pope is preparing an appeal to restrain the conflict as humane a warfare as possible.

He will seek assurances that the combatants will not use gas, secondly will not bombard civilians and open cities, thirdly, fair treatment for prisoners of war, and fourthly respect for property and livestock in captured towns.

GERMAN ATROCITY

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NEWS FLASHES

SPECIAL TO THE "TELEGRAPH"

BERLIN, Sept. 3 (UP).—The French Ambassador and his staff have demanded passports from Berlin.

Simultaneously the German Charge D'Affaires in Paris and his staff in Paris have demanded passports.

NEW YORK, Sept. 3 (UP).—The German Bund Leader, Fritz Kuhn, predicts that Hitler is going to expand Germany's borders to frontiers which existed before the World War and then announce that he is willing to negotiate.

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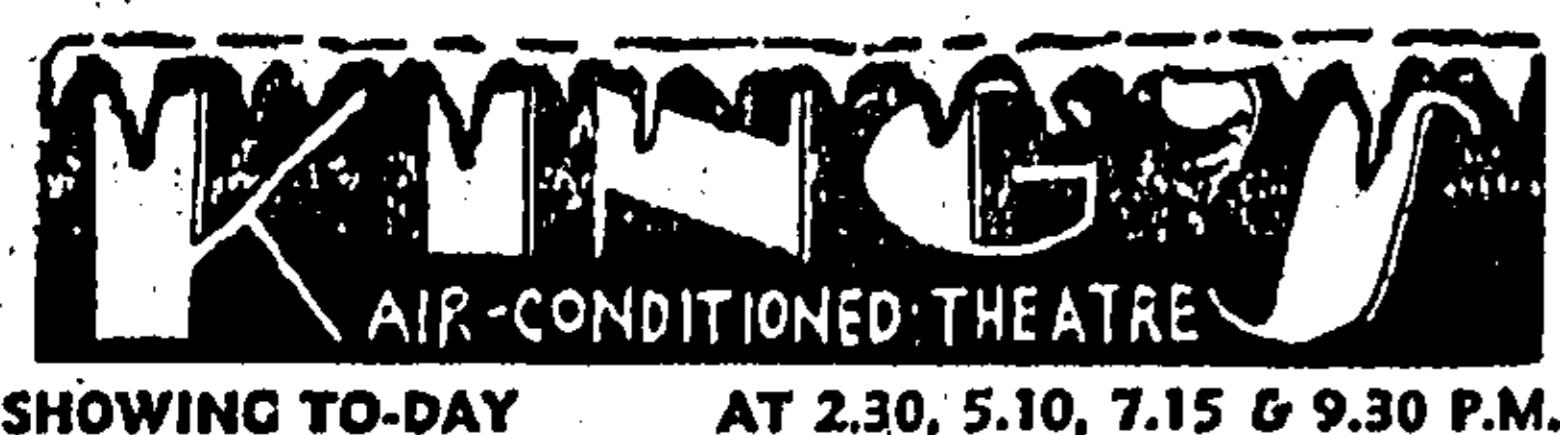
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SHOWING TO-DAY AT 2.30, 5.10, 7.15 & 9.30 P.M.

HE'S READY TO TALK!
To tell the whole startling story of Nazi Activity in America!

Confessions of a NAZI SPY

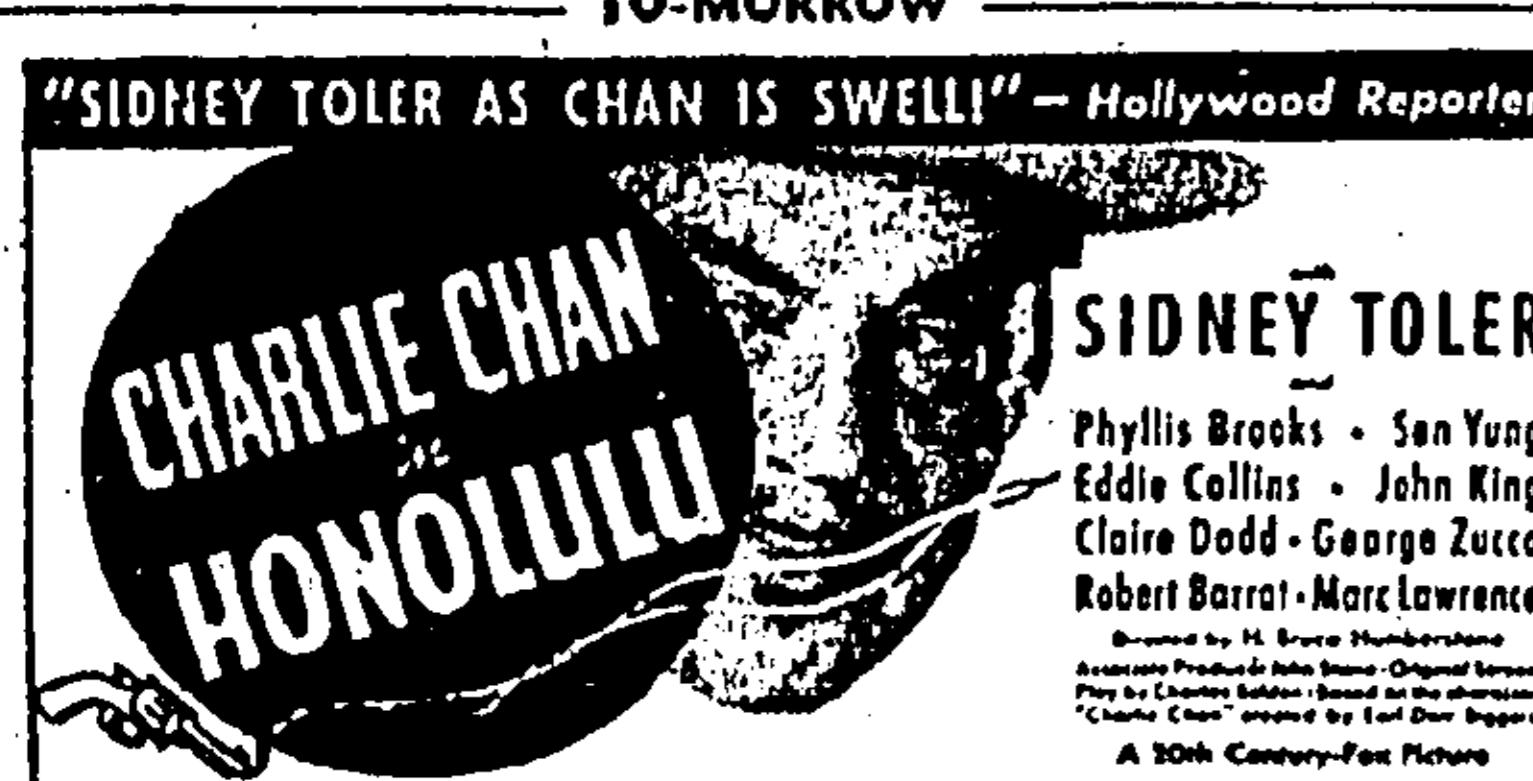
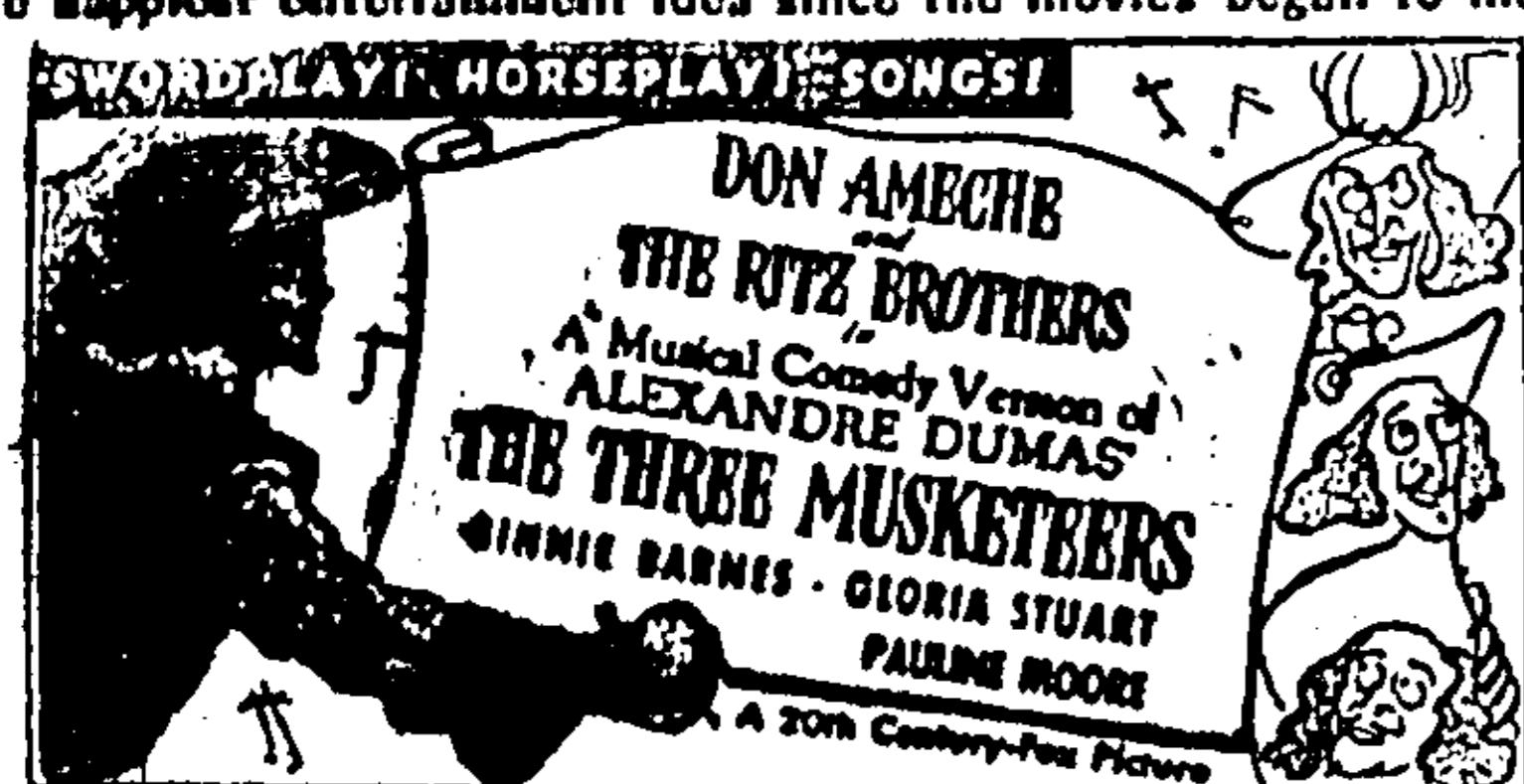
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THE SUPER-GANGSTER IN HIS MOST RUTHLESS ROLE!
Humphrey BOGART in "KING OF THE UNDERWORLD"
A Warner Bros. Thriller!

British Blockade Begins

Liner Bremen Captured

SPECIAL TO THE "TELEGRAPH"

LONDON, Sept. 3 (UP).—In response to a "United Press" query of a report that the British blockade of Germany has begun, a spokesman in the Admiralty press section replied:

"Obviously the blockade began on the immediate outbreak of the war."

Bremen Caught

SPECIAL TO THE "TELEGRAPH"

NEW YORK, Sept. 3 (UP).—The New York broadcast station, WOR has intercepted a Paris radio broadcast to-day President Roosevelt asserted that the United States will remain neutral.

"A proclamation of American neutrality is being prepared at this moment," he said. "This would have been done even if there was no statute because such a proclamation is in accordance with the international American policy."

"I trust our neutrality can be made a true neutrality."

No Right To Profit

"I cannot prophesy the immediate economic effect of this new war on our nation, but I do say that no American will have the moral right to profit at the expense of his fellow citizens or men, women and children living and dying in the midst of the war in Europe."

"It seems as though, even in the outbreak of this great war, the influence of America should remain consistent in seeking for humanity a just peace which will eliminate as far as possible the continued use of force."

A subsequent message from Paris confirms this report, it briefly states that the liner has been captured and taken to an unnamed British port.

The Bremen left New York on Friday, and as she sailed, says a "United Press" report exclusive to the "Telegraph," all officers and members of the crew who were not actually engaged in the embarkation operations lined up on a lower deck, and accompanied by the ship's band, sang "Deutschland Über Alles" and gave the Nazi salute, which was returned by four lines of officials standing on the pier.

The Bremen was carrying 434 passengers, including 77 Americans. The Bremen, which is a vessel of 51,731 tons gross, was to have visited Hongkong in 1937 on a world cruise but changed her itinerary because of the China War. She went to Australia instead.

She is the largest vessel ever to have passed through the Panama Canal. She went through in February this year on a cruise to Callao, Peru. In Gatun Lock there was only a foot space between her upper decks and the lock walls and only 125 centimetres separated the liner's bow and stern from the lock gates.

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**The
Hongkong Telegraph.**

Wyndham St., Hongkong
Phone 26615
September 4, 1939

WAR

MORE THAN two-thirds of the peoples of the world are to-day at war on two continents.

Europe faces the greatest crisis in its history, 1914-18 not excepted. The doctrine of Nazism, of racial persecution, intolerance, hatred and aggrandisement is spreading from its heart, in wide goose-stepping columns, so that no man who cherishes liberty is safe until this Hitler monster is crushed.

Whatever the outcome of this fantastic struggle which has been forced upon the democracies and peace-loving nations of the world, civilisation must be the sufferer.

An Austrian-born fanatic, whose vision is a Germanic-Aryan world in which none, not even his own fellow-countrymen, will be safe from persecution, has for five years made war on this civilisation which our forefathers have so painfully built up.

What is happening to-day has, for months now, been inevitable. It was foreseeable but not preventable. Humanity's sole expedient has been to pile up more and more armaments in a bid to meet the threat from a nation which, only twenty years ago, was crushed and beaten. Why is this so? Because, for many months, the man who has declared for aggression has been stone deaf to the voice of reason: because the only answer to appeasement has been force.

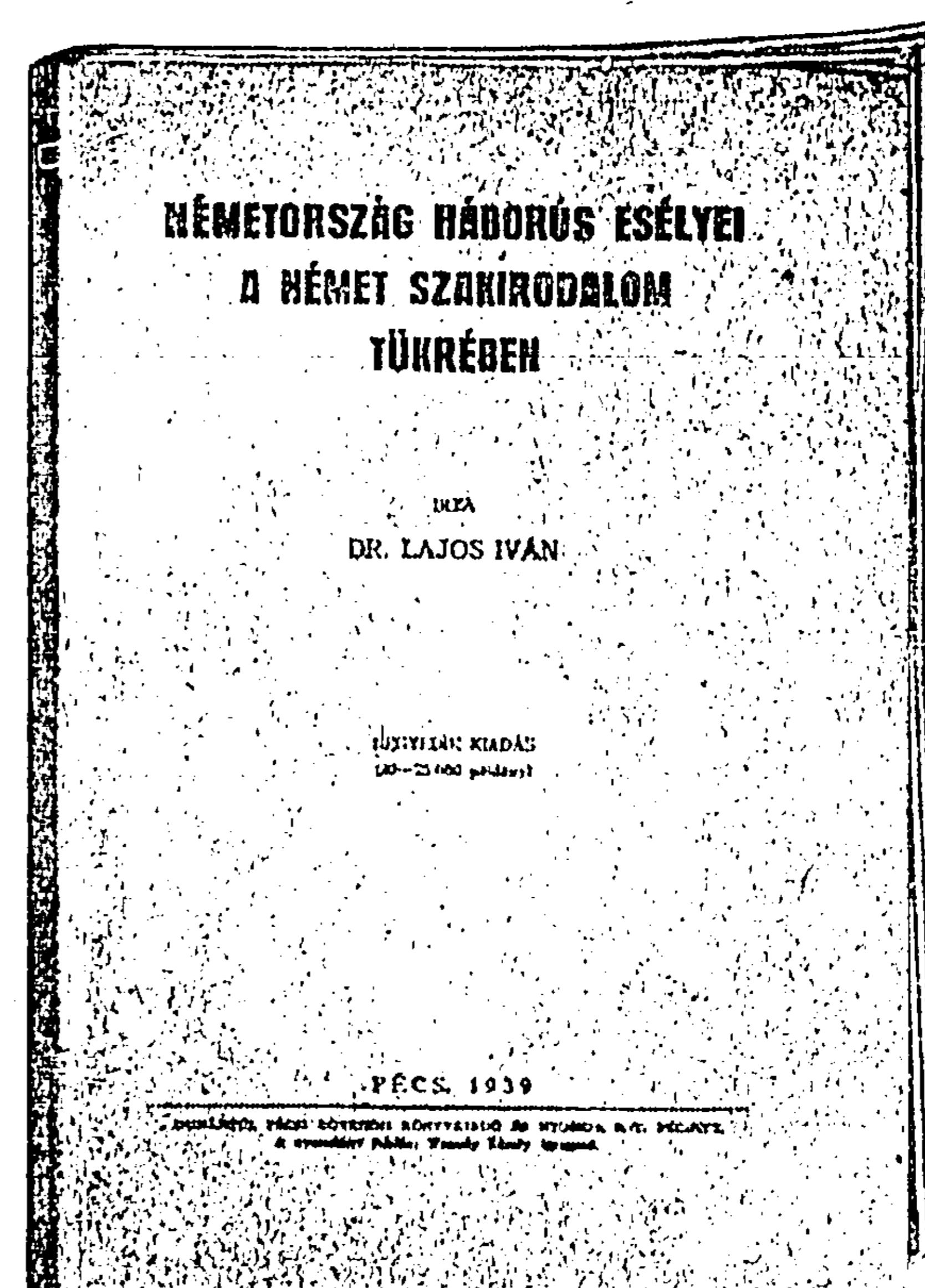
The tragedy is that the sufferers in this terrible war that has been forced upon the world will not be the madman who started it.

It will be the millions of German, Polish, French and English people, who want only peace.

The extravagance of Goebbelian propaganda, upon which the Germans have been exclusively fed for years, has made possible the acquiescence of many German people in what has happened. More so than this propaganda, however, has been the dreaded Gestapo, the horrifying tortures of the concentration camps into which hundreds of thousands of Germans have been flung, the ruthless crushing by Hitler's police of all opposition.

No system founded on force, happily, can crush a people for ever. Hitler will find that out, to his sorrow.

THE BOOK THAT WAS NOT BANNED



INTO the city of Budapest has burst a bombshell: a small pamphlet 99 pages long, every page of which is loaded with dynamite.

The book arraigns the official policy of the Hungarian Government in its attitude of subjection to Germany; it gives extracts from speeches made by German officers and high Nazi officials and quotations from Nazi documents revealing German weaknesses during recent years.

It must, however, be pointed out that the book does not purport to give the latest information upon all subjects and does not, therefore, necessarily reflect the true picture of Germany's present-day chances in a war. It is, however, having a profound effect on Hungarian opinion.

The author is Dr. Ivan Lajos, a Hungarian professor in the Hungarian University of Pecs. He is not a Jew, influenced by the anti-Semitic tendency that operates in all the spheres of Axis influence, but a 100 per cent. Aryan.

Although he holds an official position—roughly that of an Oxford don—and although Hungary is a State where such people can be removed from office with "no questions asked," no attempt has been made to upset him.

ALTHOUGH the pamphlet sells at a high price in impoverished Hungary, nearly 30,000 copies were sold in less than a week. It is passed from hand to hand; it is read by high and low alike; editions pour from the press—and still the demand grows. Sometimes the bookstalls are swept clean for hours.

Although the pamphlet impeaches the policy of Hungary, and exposes the weakness of Germany's claim to invincibility, copies have found their way to the desk of every Hungarian official. No one knows whence they come or how they reached their destination.

ALTHOUGH not one single review has appeared in the newspapers, and the pamphlet has not been mentioned even in the news or gossip columns, all Central Europe is talking of it, and it has become a best-seller which the Hungarian Censor made no effort to suppress.

NO one knows why. Such pamphlets have always been suppressed before.

IN the introduction Dr. Lajos writes the significant words: "Everybody is responsible." Responsible for the fawning upon Germany, the adulation of Germany, the false belief in German invincibility.

Dr. Lajos declares as his purpose in writing this *exposé* of Germany's fundamental weaknesses, as admitted by her own leaders, that Hungary backed the wrong horse in 1914 under a belief in the same myth of invincibility; that Germany's previous tactic lay in the idea of a "lightning war"—a stroke of lightning that sheared away half Hungary's territory; that Germany's plan to-day is also based on the possibility of a victorious "lightning war"; and that it would neither be a quick war nor could she win it if she dared to fight.

Here are some extracts from the book whose title can be translated as "Germany's Chances in War," with the significant sub-heading "As seen in the Mirror of German Official Literature."

Pre-Nazi Germany had 42 generals, 600 staff officers for its seven infantry and three cavalry corps. The existing army, on this basis, would require a six-fold increase in these numbers, but only in respect of generals have they been able to reach the required minimum.

According to the German military system a mobilised army consisting of 100 corps should possess at least 5,000 generals and staff officers. On their own figures they have only 3,850 available. And even of these the vast majority have been promoted with ultra-rapidity. On August 1, 1936, there were 16 full generals of whom only one was of that rank on January 1, 1933.

And the lower in the military hierarchy one goes the more fantastic are the promotions and the greater the gaps between service and rank.

So much for the men: what of the transport?

Germany is spending only 10 per cent. of what her railway officials say they require for new rolling stock. The normal rate of (peace-time) maintenance proves too great a burden to sustain. Trains ran from eight to ten hours late—even expresses—and accidents increased from 400 in 1932 to more than 1,000 in 1937.

Under war conditions, with industries centralised in the interior to avoid air attack, the length of journeys would be doubled and a double strain put on the railways.



EVEN in man-power, says the "Militär

aspirations of the Hungarian army as mirrored in German official literature. This is the first copy to arrive in England. The Hungarian Consul—for reasons nobody knows—did not ban it. The man who wrote it did not lose his job. Nobody knows why. What is this book that is now sweeping through Hungary?

Why is edition after edition called for?

This article—complete with the first extracts from the book to be published in Hongkong—will tell you.

FIRST, Dr. Lajos speaks, General Staff: "Only Russia is *Wochenblatt*," every man at the long run Hungary's policy is decided by Germany, and now by Nazi Germans. Miserable, ballyhoo, Balkan Hungary, with its ed war."

Colonel von Bulow, of the German General Staff, stated: "Only Russia could indefinitely supply aeroplanes for a protracted war."

General Scheffel, of the Air Ministry in Berlin, estimates the Russian air strength immediately available at 20,000 planes.

Colonel Thomas, writing for the officially published "Kriegswirtschaftliche Jahresberichte 1936," edited by Major Heuse, and supplied to the German War Office, said: "Once before false assumptions of a successful 'lightning war' landed us in utter disaster: that is why in these days of aerial and tank warfare we should not be misled by such dreams again."

Dr. Lajos summons Herr Muhler to witness from his

Having shown what would happen to Hungary after a German victory, Dr. Lajos turns his attention to her book "War and the State" the

chances of winning it.

He quotes Colonel Ferdinand and N.C.O.s in the German

Fridensburg, of the German Army.

Dr. Lajos summons Herr Muhler to witness from his

oil, gold, food-supplies, the armament industry, even

than all these, the certainty of America's attitude—Dr. Lajos reviews them all as seen by German eyes. There is not a word of comment; readers can draw their own conclusions.

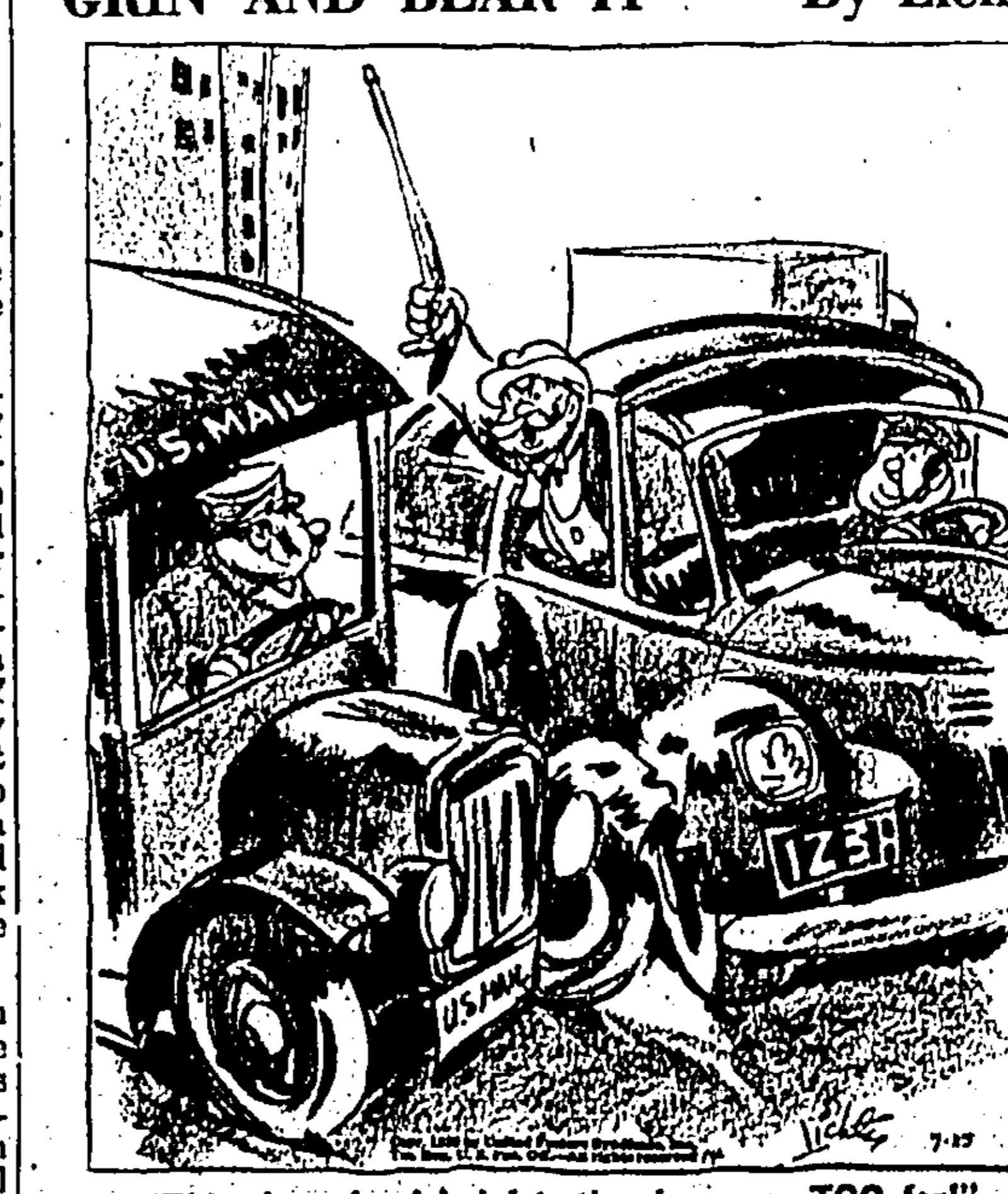


IN the last resort a war is fought by men. "You can drive men to the slaughter," said Pintschovius, the German military writer on the General Staff, "but you can not drive them to fight."

What of the men in the German State?

Himmler, explaining in 1937 to the General Staff itself what steps he would take in a war, said: "We should have to fight on an internal front as well as the army, navy and air-force fronts. Any neglect would result in the loss of the war. Therefore, any unreliable elements would have to be confined in a concentration camp."

As Greater Germany contains millions of "unreliable" Czechs and Austrians not to mention some millions of Germans opposed both to war and the Nazi regime, Herr Himmler looks like having his concentration camps reasonably full.



"This time the Administration has gone TOO far!"

DOMINIONS RALLY TO MOTHERLAND: ZERO HOUR IN PARIS AND LONDON

PARIS, Sept. 3 (Reuter).—A communique announces that the French Ambassador told Herr Joachim von Ribbentrop that, as from 5 p.m. British Standard Time, the French Government would find itself obliged to fulfil its obligations undertaken towards Poland.

Zero hour passed away quietly without outward manifestation that France was at war.

The weekly rest day has been abolished and a seven-day week established in all concerns working for national defence.

AUSTRALIA AT WAR

MELBOURNE, Sept. 3 (Reuter).—"Australia is at war" stated Mr. Menzies, the Australian Prime Minister, in a broadcast address.

He added that where Britain stood, the people of the Empire and the British world stood also.

"GOD SAVE THE KING"

WARSAW, Sept. 3 (Reuter).—The reading of the British declaration of war on the Polish radio was followed by the singing of "God Save The King," and cries of "Long live Britain! Long live Chamberlain!"

The people of Warsaw called to demonstrate before the British Embassy where crowds gathered in the street expressing their satisfaction.

Comments like "Thank God" were heard on all sides, and a feeling of relief spread throughout the city.

The announcement of an imminent French declaration of war caused crowds to rush to the French Embassy.

People leaving churches joined the general cry of "Britain and France are with us."

Washington Impressed

WASHINGTON, Sept. 3 (Reuter).—A wonderful impression of calmness and sincerity has been created by Mr. Chamberlain's speech and the instructions broadcast by the BBC, declared a responsible official to-day.

He added that once again the American people contrast the voice of Britain with that of Germany, and from such a comparison our people can draw only one conclusion, and the people of Britain know what that conclusion is.

Japan's View

TOKYO, Sept. 3 (Domei).—"Europe is on fire," declares the "Japan Times," popular English language newspaper here. "Germany has embarked on a military adventure from the belief that Britain and France were not ready to come to the rescue of Poland," the paper continues.

"Germany's not improbable plan was to deal decisive blows to the Polish Army before any other country entered the field," the paper says. "In the summer of 1914, Germany had her ally in Austria-Hungary and also could count on the support of Turkey. This alignment enabled her to command a vast field of action, extending from the North Sea to Persia Gulf."

Without An Ally

"To-day she entered the field without a single ally. She will have to face the combination of Poland, Britain and France."

"Outside observers almost agree that the weight of financial and economic strains under which the Reich has struggled through the past several years was so heavy that she had to-day but a limited surplus of resources."

"Once war is opened, it will be bound to be a long-drawn affair. It will in all certainty be a war of attrition and even downright exhaustion. Only prophets would dare say on which the fortune of war would smile."

"Meanwhile, world attention will be focussed on the line that the United States will take."

Netherlands Neutrality

THE HAGUE, Sept. 3 (Reuter).—The Government has issued a statement to the effect that the neutrality of the Netherlands as well as her independence are to be maintained under all circumstances.

Belgian Neutrality

BRUSSELS, Sept. 3 (Reuter).—It is officially announced that Belgium has sent a declaration of her neutrality to all countries concerned.

Franco's Appeal

MAI XID, Sept. 3 (Reuter).—General Franco, broadcasting to-day, appealed to the goodwill and responsibility of governments and nations to employ all efforts to localise the present conflict.

Extension of the war, declared General Franco, would, without benefiting the belligerents, produce a profound and insuperable disturbance in the world's economy, causing incalculable losses of its wealth, and a grave repercussion in the standard of living of the humble classes of people.

India Takes Up Challenge

SIMLA, Sept. 3 (Reuter).—A proclamation has been issued by the Viceregal authorities announcing the outbreak of war and the existence of a grave emergency, threatening the security of India.

The Viceroy in broadcasting, uttered an impressive call to the country to take up Germany's challenge to the great principles of humanity, justice and morality, which in no



THE DUKE OF KENT

DUKE JOINS THE NAVY

LONDON, Sept. 3 (Reuter).

—The Admiralty announces that Rear-Admiral the Duke of Kent has taken up his war appointment.

The Duke of Kent is the youngest brother of His Majesty the King.

He was recently appointed Governor-General designate of the Commonwealth of Australia, but it now appears unlikely that he will take up this post.

NEWS FLASHES

(Continued from Page 1)

have been issued in other large centres.

A "Gazette Extraordinaire" issued in Sarawak instituted control of Essential Commodities and creates a reserve of such. Among the commodities initially controlled are petroleum and products of petroleum.

LONDON, Sept. 3 (UP).—The Royal Commission has announced that the King, at 4:20 p.m., signed all the bills passed by the House of Commons and the House of Lords yesterday and to-day, thus making them law.

"We were hoping for peace this morning and we did everything possible to maintain it, but Hitler wanted war."

"The cause of France is Justice, and we shall be victorious."

SPECIAL TO THE "TELEGRAPH".

PARIS, Sept. 3 (UP).—M. Daladier in a broadcast to-night declared: "Poland is the victim of a most brutal invasion. The responsibility for the crisis rests entirely on the shoulders of Herr Hitler and his Government."

"We were hoping for peace this morning and we did everything possible to maintain it, but Hitler wanted war."

"The cause of France is Justice, and we shall be victorious."

Romanian Situation

SPECIAL TO THE "TELEGRAPH".

BUCHAREST, Sept. 3 (UP).—Romanians learned of the British declaration of war from the radio broadcasts. Although few had any illusions about the impending world catastrophe, the announcement caused the deepest consternation.

In spite of the absence of extra newspapers, which the Government did not permit to appear, the news spread like wildfire through the city and country, causing the greatest apprehension concerning Romania's own future. Although the Romanian Government is supported by a vast majority of the nation, including most of the opposition leaders, and is determined to maintain neutrality unless its own integrity is attacked and although the present outlook is considered as favourable such an attitude, it is realised that nobody can foresee how this war will develop and whether it won't eventually spread throughout Europe.

Semi-official Romania, this morning, commented "In the shadow of bayonets," and appealed to the patriotism of the nation, stating that Romania's watchword, contained in King Carol's recent declaration, was "Nothing that is Romanian will be given away. All that is Romanian will be defended."

Berlin Excitement

SPECIAL TO THE "TELEGRAPH".

BERLIN, Sept. 3 (UP).—Several thousand persons stood outside the

BOWLS CHAMPIONSHIP FINAL

ROBSON AND NISH CAUGHT ON OFF DAY: POOR FORM

(By "Abe")

Because of the one-sidedness of the encounter, the Open Bowls Pairs Final, played on the Kowloon F.C. green yesterday, between H. A. Alves and F. V. Ribeiro, of the Club do Recreio, and T. E. Robson and H. Nish, was robbed of much of its interest; but from the point of view of bowls, there was much in the game that was really entertaining.

The match was won by Alves and Ribeiro in the margin of 21 shots to 11. The scores give a fair indication of the difference between the two pairs, Robson and Nish found Alves and Ribeiro in their best form, particularly the latter, who played the game of his life as skip.

Time after time when the shot was against him, he would take out a wood to be three or four or draw dead to the jack. There was a more even battle between Robson and Alves, but Ribeiro was in more senses than one head and shoulders above Nish.

Throughout the crisis and the events leading up to the war, exclusive "United Press" coverage has enabled the "Telegraph" to immediately inform its readers of all developments.

Extra editions have been eagerly purchased by readers.

German Club Sealed

All German activities in Hongkong have ceased. Business houses and shops have closed and the German Club in Cannington Road-Central has been sealed by the Police.

In King's Park occurred the only open sign of anti-Nazi feeling, the swastika flag on the German clubhouse being torn down and publicly burned.

The Consular staff were packing their bags and papers when a Telegraph representative called at the Consulate this morning. Two detectives are on guard.

Consular Guard

The Consul-General, Mr. H. Gipperich, said he had no statement to make.

It is believed the Consular staff will leave for Manila in the first available boat.

It was learned that the staffs of most of the German commercial houses had evacuated during the week, having closed up their firms.

Shops Closed

Schmidt and Co. of Chater Road, dealers in mathematical instruments, cameras, etc. had closed last week. Most of the stock in the shop was removed and the show cases are practically empty. A few cheap cameras and other goods of little value are lying about in disorder, indicating a hurried departure.

Melchers of Ice House Street, one of the biggest German firms in the Colony, are closed and a view into the stores through the glass partitioning shows a similar state of affairs. The other tables are more or less cleared. Some papers and other documents are lying about. A detective is stationed to guard at the entrance.

It is understood that the Manager and German members of the staff evacuated some days ago.

More Germans Interned

Mr. Excellency the Governor, Sir George Northcote, His Honour Sir Atholl MacGregor, and Dr. J. S. Smalley, President of the HKL.R.B.A. were amongst the large number of spectators who watched the tea supplied by the K.F.C.

The only occasion in which Robson and Nish led was after the third end 4-1. But thereafter they were seldom in the picture, and Alves and Ribeiro ran off with a three, two, four and one on successive ends to lead 11-4. On the eighth, Nish saved a six with his last wood. With one of his earlier woods he had taken out his fifth shot, leaving Alves and Ribeiro with six, but his last was well delivered and rested out a front wood to sit on the kitty.

So instead of being down 4-1 as they would have been had they lost the six, Robson and Nish were trailing by only 5-11, which was reduced with another single on the 9th. However, they made little progress after this in the face of the splendid bowling of the opposition and were finally beaten 28-11.

FINE ARRANGEMENTS

The thanks of the Hongkong L.B.A. are due to the Committee of the Kowloon Football Club for the arrangements made for the match which were perfect in every way.

I am sure all the spectators had reason to be grateful for the tea supplied by the K.F.C.

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The following were the scores head by head:

T. Robson H. Nish	H. A. Alves F. V. Ribeiro
1 -	1 -
2 1	1 1
3 3	4 -
4 -	3 4
5 -	2 6
6 -	4 10
7 1	1 11
8 1	5 -
9 1	11 -
10 -	3 14
11 -	2 16
12 1	7 -
13 -	1 17
14 2	9 -
15 -	2 19
16 -	3 22
17 -	1 23
18 -	1 24
19 -	2 26
20 2	11 -
21 -	2 28

Firing practice will be carried out on Saturday evening when she was more than half way from Hongkong en route to Shanghai. She carried 270 passengers, about 150 of whom had joined the ship at Hongkong.

She arrived at 1 p.m. on Sunday and sailed again at 1 p.m. to-day for Saigon. She did not take any passengers and her mission in Saigon is not known.

Arrangements are being made for the transportation of through passengers to Shanghai where they so desire.

One outcome of the line's return was a scramble by these passengers for berths through Shanghai.

Of the shipping firms open to-day 50 passage inquiries directly traceable to the stoppage of the Jean Labord. As a result the Wosang

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THIS COUPON VALUABLE

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THIS COUPON AND ONLY \$2.00

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In Plain or With Facsimile

DIAMONDS

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and receive one of our regular Cross Necklaces. You save money. This \$2.00 merely helps pay for local advertising, expense, salespeople, etc. Nothing more, to pay.

NEW STREAMLINE DESIGNS

These beautiful Cross Necklaces are the new fashion sensation, now being worn morning, afternoon and evening. Variety of styles for women and girls, in plain or fancy designs, complete with chain.

LIMIT 2 TO A COUPON

This offer made possible by the manufacturer. Limited supply for this special sale. We reserve the right to limit quantities. This coupon is good only while Advertising Sale is on.

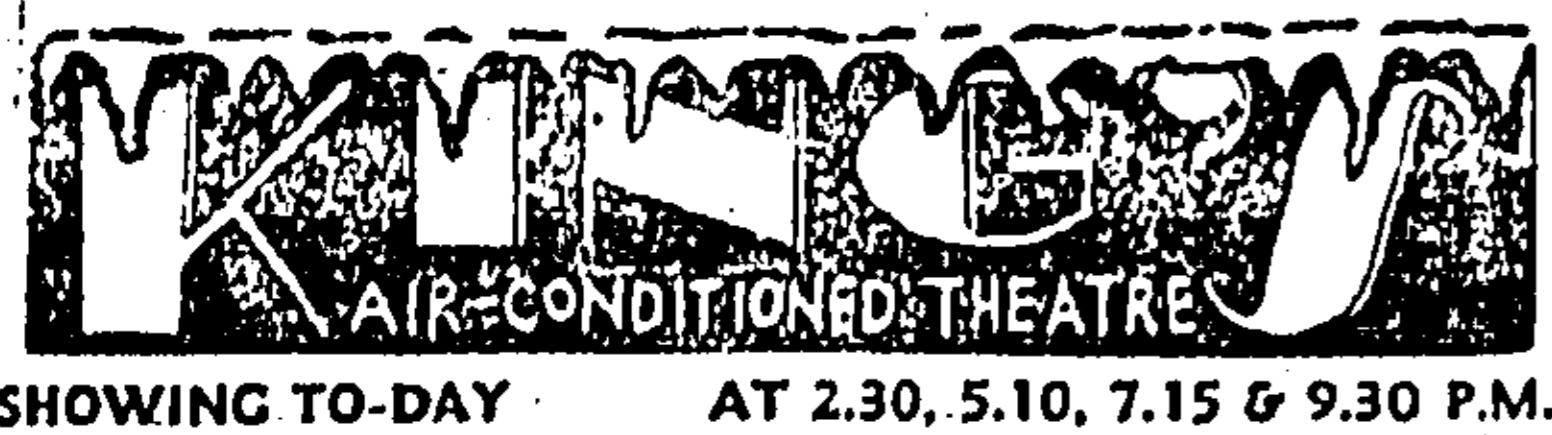
CHOICE OF MANY STYLES

This Cross Necklace given Free if you can buy one elsewhere in this city for less. This is an introductory offer, and the Cross Necklaces will be many times more after this sale.

Whiteaway, Laidlaw & Co., Ltd. TUESDAY and WEDNESDAY Sept. 5-6

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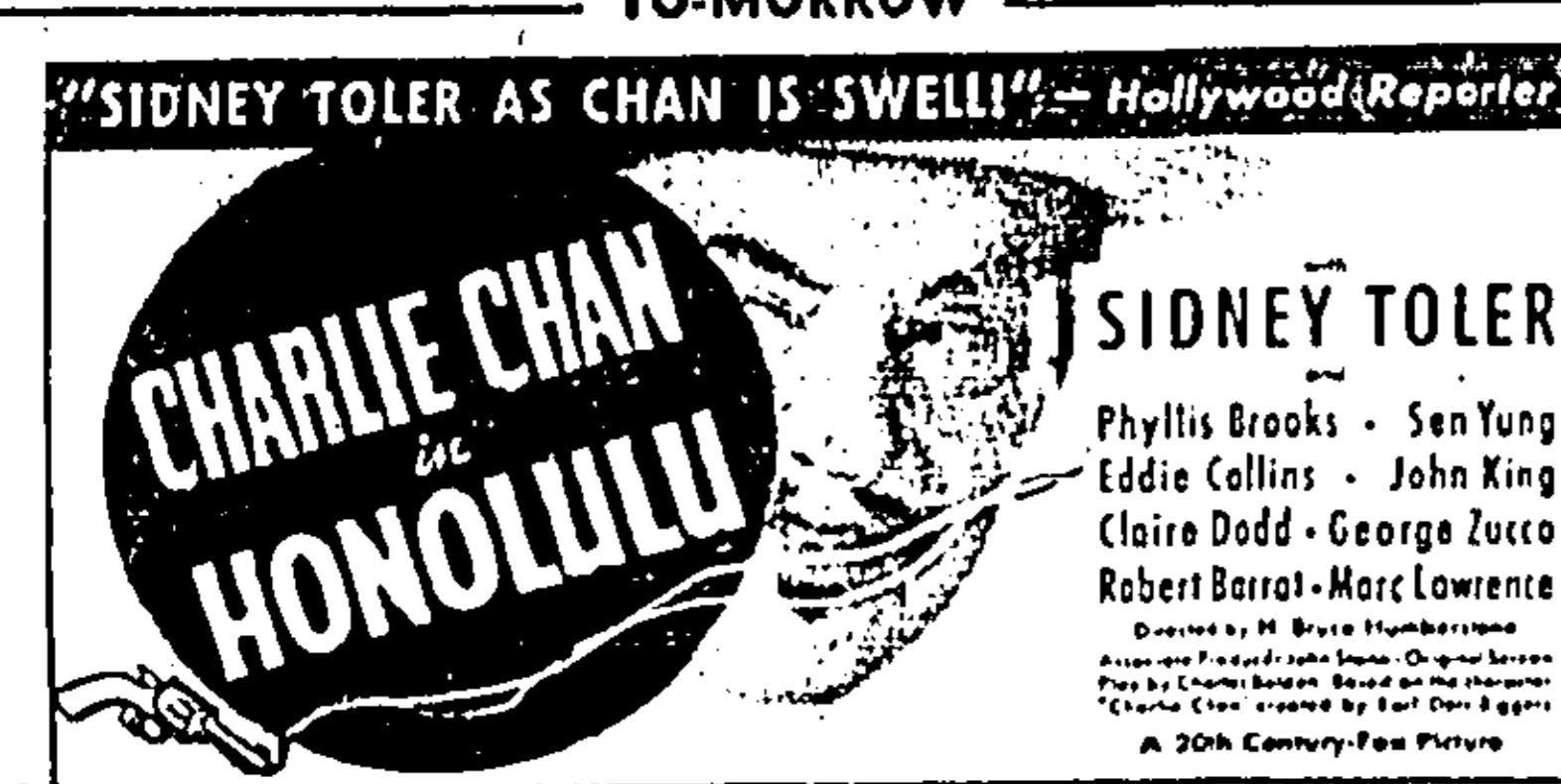
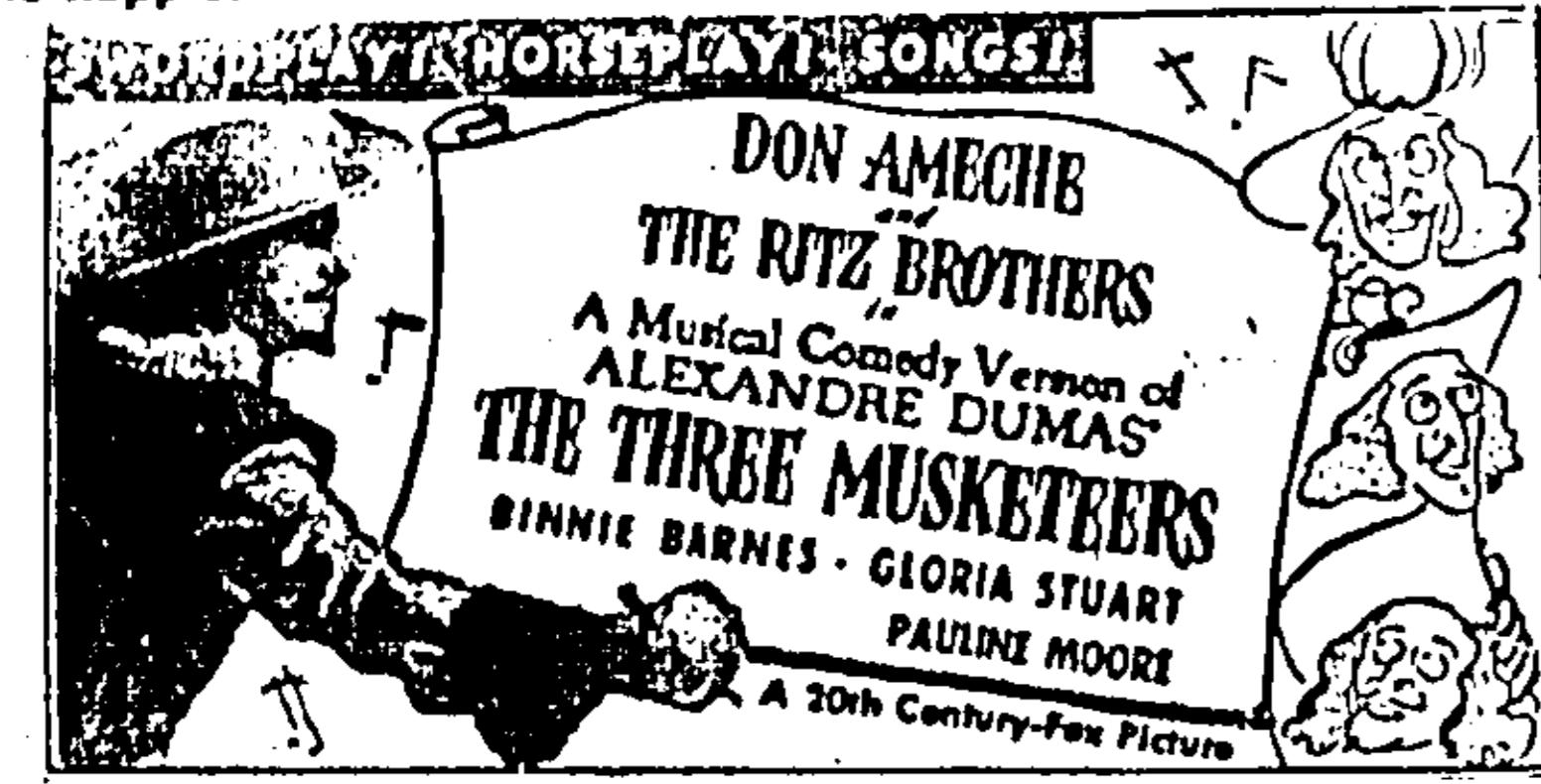
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"PENGUIN PARADE"

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TAKE ANY TRAM or HAPPY VALLEY BUS
CATHAY
DAILY AT 2.30, 5.15, 7.20, & 9.30 P.M.
MATINEES 10c, 30c, 40c. EVENINGS 20c, 30c, 40c, 50c, 60c

* FINAL SHOWINGS TO-DAY

Clashing blades! Lovable maids! Balmy buffoons! Ringing tunes!
The happiest entertainment idea since the movies began to move!

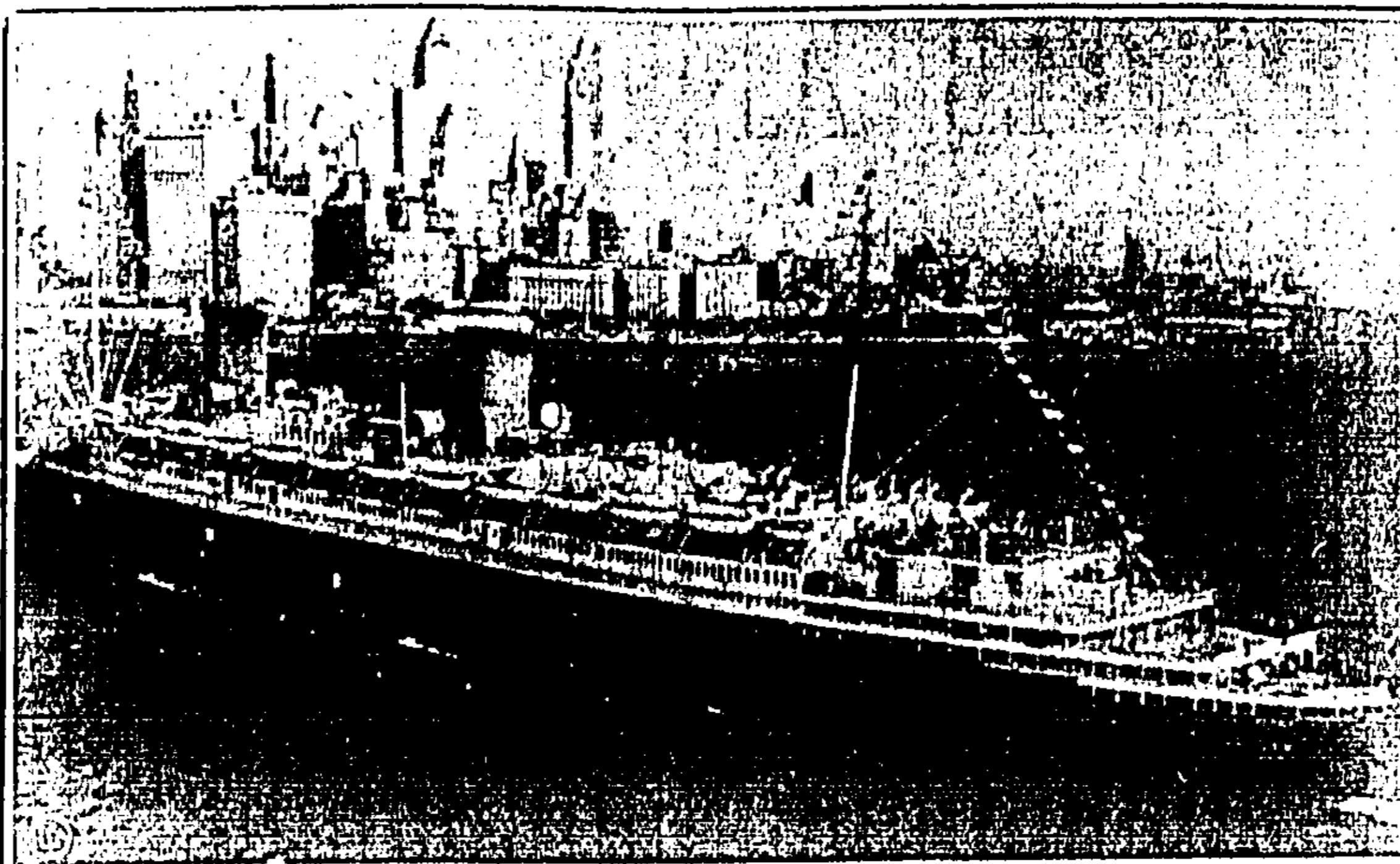


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THE MOST THRILLING SPECTACLE THAT EVER
FLAMED ACROSS THE SCREEN!



• NEXT CHANGE •
THE SUPER-GANGSTER IN HIS MOST RUTHLESS ROLE!
Humphrey BOGART in "KING OF THE UNDERWORLD"
A Warner Bros. Thriller!

FIRST CAPTURE AT SEA



THE BRITISH NAVY has captured the German trans-Atlantic liner Bremen, above, the largest ship in the German mercantile marine. Details were lacking as the final edition of the "Telegraph" went to press, but it is stated that the Bremen has been taken to an undisclosed British port.

British Blockade Begins

Liner Bremen
Captured

SPECIAL TO THE "TELEGRAPH"
LONDON, Sept. 3 (UP).—In response to a "United Press" query of a report that the British blockade of Germany has begun, a spokesman in the Admiralty press section replied:

"Obviously the blockade began on the immediate outbreak of the war."

Bremen Caught
SPECIAL TO THE "TELEGRAPH"
NEW YORK, Sept. 3 (UP).—The New York broadcast station WOR has intercepted a Paris radiocast alleging that the famous trans-Atlantic German liner the Bremen has been captured and taken to an unnamed British port.

A subsequent message from Paris confirms this report, it briefly states that the liner has been captured by the British and that no further details are yet available.

Exultant Crowd

The Bremen left New York on Friday, and as she sailed, says a "United Press" report exclusive to the "Telegraph," all officers and members of the crew who were not actually engaged in the embarkation operations, lined up on a lower deck, and, accompanied by the ship's band, sang "Deutschland Über Alles," and gave the Nazi salute, which was returned by four lines of officials standing on the pier.

The Bremen was carrying 434 passengers, including 77 Americans.

The Bremen, which is a vessel of 51,731 tons gross, was to have visited Hongkong in 1937 on a world cruise but changed her itinerary because of

LATE NEWS

AMERICANS ABOARD

SPECIAL TO THE "TELEGRAPH"
WASHINGTON, Sept. 4 (UP).—A Maritime Commission spokesman said to-day that his organization had been advised that numerous Americans were aboard the Athenia, apparently fleeing from Europe. However, he had no information as to the number dead.

It is understood that the Athenia was being escorted by naval craft. The Admiralty in London said they could not disclose the route and sailing date of the Athenia, but it is known that she was scheduled to sail last Friday from Glasgow via Belfast for Canada.

A Glasgow message says Mr. William Fleming, manager of the Anchor, Donaldson, Ltd., said that most of the passengers on the Athenia were Canadians and Americans. He estimated there were 1,100 on board.

Gort As C.-in-C.

LONDON, Sept. 3 (Reuter).—General Viscount Gort has been appointed Commander-in-Chief of the British Army.

General Sir Edmund Ironside replaces General Gort as Chief of the Imperial General Staff.

Hitler's Message

LONDON, Sept. 3 (Reuter).—Herr Hitler has issued a message to the German forces on the Western Front naming the Siegfried Line, declaring that he knows he can look to them to uphold the honour of the German army.

"I am determined," he said, "to break the ring the British have made around Germany."

He is reported to have left subsequently for the Polish front.

Nazi Planes Downed

LONDON, Sept. 3 (Reuter).—The Polish Embassy in a statement issued to-night says that 64 Nazi bombers have been brought down in Poland.

FOR SUNSHINE OR RAIN



Call and see the variety
we can show you:

Courts or Ties . . . For uncertain weather
Sandals . . . If it's fine.

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QUEENS & ALHAMBRA

HONG KONG KOWLOON

AT 2.30-3.15 7.20-9.30 P.M. AT 2.30 5.20-7.20 & 9.30 P.M.

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Definitely A NEW HIGH
IN SCREEN COMEDY!

A brilliantly novel story, one you'll never guess. Full of fun, crammed with romance, throbbing with life. Ginger as the glamorous shop girl "mother" of stepfoundling wood by Playboy David, chased by Jitterbug Frank. What a picture!

HOW YOU'LL
LAUGH WITH
GINGER
ROGERS

"Now, whose
baby is it, any-
way? Some
say it's hers,
some say it's
mine—but we
both deny it—
emphatically!"

DAVID
NIVEN

"BACHELOR
MOTHER"
with
CHARLES
COBURN
FRANK
ALBERTSON
E. E.
CLIVE

EKO RADIO Pictures

ADDED! "THE WORLD OF TO-MORROW"

A Complete Review of N.Y. World Fair!

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Joan Blondell & Bing Crosby

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• FINAL SHOWINGS TO-DAY •

WHEN THE LIGHTS OF LONDON FLICKERED . . .

...Drummond knew
that murder struck!
It's his greatest
case...and your big-
gest screen thrill!

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BULLDOG
DRUMMOND"

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7.15-8.30

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THEATRE

LAST 4 TIMES TO-DAY

ONE OF THE BEST COMEDIES OF THE SEASON!

A grand show filled with surprises and laughter!

"HARD
TO GET"

...SO MANY STARS . . .

...SO MANY THRILLS . . .

...SO MANY LAUGHS IN ONE

PICTURE . . . BUT WE DID!

Dick Powell
Olivia DeHavilland
Charles Winship
Allen Jenkins
Boots Granville
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SPECIAL FOR TO-MORROW! ONE DAY ONLY.

THE MIGHTIEST ADVENTURE ROMANCE EVER FILMED!

The most beautiful love story ever brought to the screen.

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"THE
BUCCANEER"
FREDRIC MARCH

DAILY
AT
2.30-3.15
7.15-8.30

EVENINGS: 20c. 30c. 50c. 70c.

• MATINEES: 20c. 30c. • EVENINGS: 20c. 30c. 50c. 70c.

Detective
Shame-Faced

BIRMINGHAM, Ala. (UP).—When

City Detective J. N. Bryan reported for work, he was virtually incapacitated. While making an investigation, Bryan lost the keys to the police car and his handcuffs.

Printed and Published for the Proprietors by FREDERICK PERCY FRANKLIN,

at 1 and 3, Wyndham Street in the City of Victoria, Hongkong.

Luck Answers
First Call

CLEVELAND, O. (UP).—William

J. Harshaw, chemical company president, who never had won a prize, was persuaded to put 50 cents into a lottery. He did—and it returned him a \$1,000 cheque.

"Chevrolet for 1939 — Leads the Motor Parade—Because Only Chevrolet Gives So Much for So Little—A Truly Economical Car—29.4 H.P. 22 Miles per gallon — Smart — Comfortable — Proven Performance — Choice of Two Canadian Models with a Wealth of Super Equipment."

Master "85" Trunk Sedan with Conventional front axle, HK\$3,600.00
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The Hongkong Telegraph

FINAL EDITION

FOUNDED 1881
No. 15223

MONDAY, SEPTEMBER 4, 1939. 月一四月九日

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—Tyres with TEETH
for security in any emergency
A new cover deserves a new Dunlop Tube

FIRST DAY OF THE WAR DOMINIONS RALLY TO MOTHERLAND: ZERO HOUR IN PARIS AND LONDON

PARIS, Sept. 3 (Reuter).—A communique announces that the French Ambassador told Herr Joachim von Ribbentrop that, as from 5 p.m. British Standard Time, the French Government would find itself obliged to fulfil its obligations undertaken towards Poland.

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WARSAW, Sept. 3 (Reuter).—The reading of the British declaration of war on the Polish radio was followed by the singing of "God Save The King," and cries of "Long live Britain! Long live Chamberlain!"

The people of Warsaw called to demonstrate before the British Embassy where crowds gathered in the street expressing their satisfaction.

Comments like "Thank God" were heard on all sides, and a feeling of relief spread throughout the city.

The announcement of an imminent French declaration of war caused crowds to rush to the French Embassy.

People leaving churches joined the general cry of "Britain and France are with us."

Washington Impressed

WASHINGTON, Sept. 3 (Reuter).—A wonderful impression of calmness and sincerity has been created by Mr. Chamberlain's speech and the instructions broadcast by the BBC, declared a responsible official to-day.

Comments like "Thank God" were heard on all sides, and a feeling of relief spread throughout the city.

The announcement of an imminent French declaration of war caused crowds to rush to the French Embassy.

People leaving churches joined the general cry of "Britain and France are with us."

Japan's View

TOKYO, Sept. 3 (Domestic).—Europe is on fire," declares the "Japan Times," popular English language newspaper here. "Germany has embarked on a military adventure from the belief that Britain and France were not ready to come to the rescue of Poland," the paper says.

It added that once again the American people contrast the voice of Britain with that of Germany, and from such a comparison our people can draw only one conclusion, and the people of Britain know what that conclusion is.

Without An Ally

"To-day she entered the field without a single ally. She will have to face the combination of Poland, Britain and France."

"Outside observers almost agree that the weight of financial and economic strains under which the Reich has struggled through the past several years was so heavy that she has to-day but a limited surplus of resources.

Throughout the crisis and the events leading up to the war, exclusive "United Press" coverage has enabled the "Telegraph" to immediately inform its readers of all developments.

PLEASE Turn To Page 4.

U.S. NEUTRALITY ACT

WASHINGTON, Sept. 3 (Reuter).—It is announced at White House that a proclamation is being drawn up to invoke the Neutrality Act.

Cabinet Called
SPECIAL TO THE "TELEGRAPH"

WASHINGTON, Sept. 3 (UP).—President Roosevelt has called a special Cabinet meeting for Monday. A spokesman said that the calling of a special session of Congress must

await the Presidential proclamation, which would only be made after a thorough examination.

Meanwhile Secretary of War Johnson reached his office at 4.50 a.m. to-day and began conferring with heads of the army for supplying plans to accelerate aircraft building.

N.Z. Declares War

SPECIAL TO THE "TELEGRAPH"

London, Sept. 3 (UP).—It is officially stated that New Zealand has declared war on Germany.

A Melbourne message says that Mr. R. Menzies, the Australian Prime Minister, broadcast the following statement to-day: "It is my melancholy duty to inform you that in consequence of Germany's persistence in the invasion of Poland, Britain has

PLEASE Turn To Page 4.



THE DUKE OF KENT

DUKE JOINS THE NAVY

LONDON, Sept. 3 (Reuter).

—The Admiralty announces that Rear-Admiral the Duke of Kent has taken up his war appointment.

The Duke of Kent is the youngest brother of His Majesty the King.

He was recently appointed Governor-General-designate of the Commonwealth of Australia, but it now appears unlikely that he will take up this post.

Red Shirt Distress Signal

THE yacht Vemela, a competitor in the North Sea race from Brightlingsea to Ostend, put into Harwich recently, towing a small yacht, the Wantelo, of West Mersea, which had been sighted flying a red shirt at the masthead as a distress signal.

Four young men were aboard the Wantelo. The auxiliary engine had failed and with no wind and fog coming up they were afraid of drifting on a sandbank.

ABANDONED RACE

The Vemela, owned by Mr. V. Morley Lawson, a London solicitor, left Brightlingsea at 2 p.m. on Saturday and sighted the Wantelo two hours later between Walton and the Gun Fleet sandbank.

Mr. Lawson, who had three friends aboard, abandoned the race and went to the rescue.

An occupant of the Vemela said that the young men were none the worse for their experience.

"If they had anchored I think they would have been quite safe until a wind sprang up" he said. "The sea was not heavy."

PITTSFIELD, Mass.

An address on fire prevention was received with the aid of an unexpected illustration. Andrews Wyman was talking on fire prevention when a rubbish bin across the street blazed up, requiring the services of a fireman with a hand-extinguisher.

Fire Prevention Fire

Germans Start Poison Warfare

MANY DIE AS
GAS USED

SPECIAL TO THE "TELEGRAPH"

WARSAW, Sept. 3 (UP).

—It is announced that German raiders dropped gas-bombs on Myslenice, Wolbron and Roczycze today, and that numerous casualties were caused.

It is officially stated that air raids on Bydgoszcz resulted in 200 people being killed and wounded, and that 23 fires were caused by incendiary bombs.

At Lodz, German raiders killed 31 and wounded 75, while at Radomsko eight were killed and at Lublin 43 died as a result of intensive raids, in which incendiary and high explosive bombs were dropped.

A subsequent message from Paris confirms this report, it briefly states that the liner has been captured by the British port.

Obviously the blockade began on the immediate outbreak of the war."

Bremen Caught

SPECIAL TO THE "TELEGRAPH"

NEW YORK, Sept. 3 (UP).

The New York broadcast station, WOR has intercepted a Paris radio broadcast alleging that the famed trans-Atlantic German liner the Bremen has been captured and taken to an unnamed British port.

A subsequent message from Paris confirms this report, it briefly states that the liner has been captured by the British port.

Mr. Winston Churchill becomes First Lord of the Admiralty, an important post he held at the outbreak of hostilities twenty-five years ago.

The new Cabinet is as follows:

Prime Minister Mr. Neville Chamberlain
Chancellor of the Exchequer Sir John Simon
Foreign Secretary Viscount Halifax

Co-ordination of Defence Lord Chatfield

Admiralty Mr. Winston Churchill

Dominions Mr. Anthony Eden

Lord President of the Council Mr. Stanhope

War Mr. L. H. Bellsham

Lord Privy Seal Sir Samuel Hoare

Without Portfolio Lord Hankey

There will be further ministerial appointments outside the

PLEASE Turn To Page 4.

British Blockade Begins

Liner Bremen
Captured

SPECIAL TO THE "TELEGRAPH"

LONDON, Sept. 3 (UP).

In response to a "United Press" query of a report that the British blockade of Germany has begun, a spokesman in the Admiralty press section replied:

"Obviously the blockade began on the immediate outbreak of the war."



MR. CHURCHILL

BRITISH WAR CABINET

Churchill, Eden In New Ministry

LONDON, Sept. 4 (Reuter).—The British Cabinet has been reconstituted as a War Ministry.

Mr. Winston Churchill becomes First Lord of the Admiralty, an important post he held at the outbreak of hostilities twenty-five years ago.

The new Cabinet is as follows:

Prime Minister Mr. Neville Chamberlain
Chancellor of the Exchequer Sir John Simon
Foreign Secretary Viscount Halifax

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Lord President of the Council Mr. Stanhope

War Mr. L. H. Bellsham

Lord Privy Seal Sir Samuel Hoare

Without Portfolio Lord Hankey

There will be further ministerial appointments outside the

PLEASE Turn To Page 4.

LATEST

MORE GERMANS INTERRED

A further batch of German residents were sent to the Internment Camp at La Salle College this morning bringing the total to well over 100.

For the present, it is understood, women and children are not being interned. Their movements, however, have been restricted and they are not allowed to leave their homes.

Additional precautions are being taken this morning when a "Telegraph" reporter visited the college.

Electricians were at work erecting stands for flood-lighting the entire compound.

For the present the internees are remaining in the building.

There is only one entrance through the barbed wire surrounding the school, and this is guarded by sentries of the Royal Scots.

The Volunteers

Mobilisation of Hongkong Volunteers has not yet been decreed.

The Volunteers' Ordinance, however, contains provisions giving the Governor power to make an emergency order in this respect.

See Back Page For
Further Late News

EMPIRE NEWS

TRIBAL RAID IN KENYA

NAIROBI. A spear-bleeding raid by Merle tribesmen in Northern Kenya has led to the despatch of R.A.F. planes from Nairobi. The raiders are reported to have murdered all the inhabitants of four Turkana villages. It is believed that 50 Turkana people were killed.

The district is in the extreme northwest of Kenya, near Lake Rudolf, at the junction of Kenya, Uganda and Abyssinia.

The Merle band is still menacing the Turkana. When the raiders have been located by the R.A.F. they will be engaged by the King's African Rifles.

Military reinforcements will be sent later to replace the King's African Rifles.

Military reinforcements will be sent later to replace the King's African Rifles for permanent pacification of the district.

INDIA

£30,000 A YEAR FOR ABORIGINES

CALCUTTA.

A scheme which is expected to revolutionise the economic life of the aborigines of a big portion of Assam is being prepared.

Following a conference with representatives of the people concerned, the Government has decided to spend £30,000 annually for the aborigines of the Chota Nagpur and Santal Parganas districts.

Ministers recently visited the villages in these districts, and found such distress and ignorance that they decided something must be done.

AUSTRALIA

SCHEME FOR RAYON PROTECTION

SYDNEY.

Leading British rayon producers are understood to have approached the Commonwealth Prime Minister, Mr. R. G. Menzies, for protective measures to assist their establishment in Australia of a rayon industry on a large scale.

Britain and Japan at the moment are the largest suppliers of rayon to Australia, and any protective measures would almost certainly affect their trade.

New Sydney Library.—The new public library, now in course of erection in Sydney, will be the most commodious and modern library in Australia. It will be completed in about two and a half years at a cost of £152,000.

Dutch Governor's Visit.—The Governor-General of the Dutch East Indies, Mr. J. H. van Starkenborgh Stachouwer, will visit Australia early next year and be received by the Duke of Kent, who will just have begun his term as Governor-General.

NEW ZEALAND

NEW LINERS FOR VANCOUVER ROUTE

AUCKLAND.

The possibility that the two new liners proposed for the New Zealand-Vancouver service would be laid down at an early date was indicated by Mr. J. N. Greenland, general manager of the Union Steam Ship Company, on his return from a visit to Canada and the United States.

Mr. Greenland said the construction would take about 20 months in each case. The vessels would be of 25,000 tons, with a speed of 22 knots and accommodation for 750 passengers. All the latest developments in design and equipment would be included.

Fur Seals Plentiful.—Fur seals are plentiful at present at Stewart Island, south of the South Island. The opinion is expressed that the Government should allow a few skins to be taken. Since the Great War a close season has been observed.

Fewer Sheep.—The approximate number of sheep in the Dominion on April 30 was 31,857,549, a decrease of 521,225 on the final figure for 1938.

Fears are expressed that sheep farmers' difficulties will be aggravated by the almost certain reduction in the wool clip.



Forty girls glorified in various Follies by the late Florenz Ziegfeld held a reunion at Atlantic Beach, N.Y. Three still glorified were Mozelletta Van Wyck, Neva Lynn and Madeline Lehman.

"Yes Men" of Harley Street Attacked

"DOCTORS' WAR: SOUL VERSUS POCKET"

—And the Pocket Wins

"YES men" of Harley Street were attacked by Dr. Andrew Topping, senior medical officer of the L.C.C. Public Health Department, in a paper presented to the public health and hygiene section of the B.M.A. Conference at Aberdeen recently.

He also declared that the practitioner has had to prostitute his medical conscience for the sake of his pocket.

"Why is it essential for a first-class doctor to live in Harley Street?" asked Dr. Topping. "It is not convenient for hospitals, for transport or for car-parking, and the rents are absurdly high,

"In the majority of cases the man who aspires to the dignity of the consultant and the cachet of Harley Street must have ability above the average, and he must—unless he is the son of wealthy and indulgent parents, or the husband of a rich woman—exercise Spartan self-control for ten years.

DIFFERENCES IN FEES
"He must be a 'yes man' to his hospital chiefs, and half-fellow-welcomed to his students to ensure progress and popularity.

"The discrepancy between what the fashionable consultant can demand as his routine fee and what the equally competent ordinary doctor can charge is ridiculous.

"For many years in the profession there has been war between the soul and the pocket—and the pocket, except on rare occasions of martyrdom, has always won."

CANNOT BE HONEST
Students, he said, spent time watching experts performing operations that they would never be called to do, while they devoted practically no time to fevers, maternity and child-feeding.

Many doctors knew less about

medicine ten years after they qualified than they did when they qualified. Instead of the high-souled protest, it should be theirs to become a rather unethical trade with doctors vying with each other to get as many patients as possible.

"If a doctor is honest with himself he must admit that the number of patients who would have died but for his attendance is distressingly small.

"He cannot tell the hypochondriac to keep his bowels and his windows open."

WARTIME FOOD STORAGE
The nutrition section of the conference discussed the problem of food storage in war time.

Sir Joseph Barcroft, of Cambridge, chairman of the Food Investigation Board, declared that the best qualities of wheat could be stored for a long time, possibly for 10 years, depending on the water content.

"British wheat has too much water content," said Sir Joseph. "It will keep three or four years, but for 10-year storage we must wash out British wheat. We must eat it immediately and store wheats, such as Canadian, which will keep longer."

Canned foodstuffs also fall into the 10-year category. Milk came first among foods that could be kept for a season, but the ultimate goal would be the manufacture and storage of the vitamins.

Ruth Etting Trying To Forget

RUTH ETTING, the husky-voiced "Blues" singer from the United States, is in London—trying to forget. With her is her husband, Mr. Myrl Alderman, American musician and song writer.

A special meeting of the members of the Law Society will consider the proposals and submit them to the associated provincial law societies for their observations.

Introducing the proposals, the Council state that while they recognise that the number of solicitors who make default is very small compared with the total number of 17,000 practising solicitors, they think it desirable that further protection should be provided "in the interests not only of the public but also of the profession itself."

SPECIAL TAXES PLEA

The Council considered that a "fair and moderate" proposal is that if this fund is established for the benefit of the public, and if solicitors are compelled to contribute to it, the annual stamp duty on the issue of a practising certificate should be reduced.

'King Of The Ritz' Has Gone And So Have The Great Days Of £10 Tips

THE Aga Khan, coming down from his suite at the Ritz Hotel recently, was surprised to see the head inquiry clerk in tears, his colleagues vainly trying to comfort him.

Knowing the clerk—George Fafoutakis—the Aga Khan asked what was wrong.

"Your Highness," said George, "the man who has worked at this desk with me for twenty years has just died."

And the Aga Khan knew at once that George was referring to the Ritz Hotel's famous head hall porter, Arnold Schmid, who had held the position ever since the opening of the hotel thirty-three years ago.

Schmid went off duty the night before complaining of a pain under the shoulder blades.

During the night he got out of bed at his home at Brookgreen, W., staggered and collapsed. He died shortly afterwards.

Schmid came from Switzerland as a young man with little money but with the determination to become the king of hall porters.

He succeeded. He was first employed as head night porter at the Savoy Hotel, then at Claridge's. His portly, dignified figure, efficiency and tact drew the attention of a Ritz Hotel executive, and Schmid, then only twenty-nine, agreed to "open the Ritz as head hall porter."

ALWAYS CORRECT

The Ritz never regretted the appointment. Royalty and celebrity at the Ritz "left it to Schmid."

Just before his death Schmid received a small parcel. It contained a set of gold cuff-links sent to him by King Boris of Bulgaria.

A colleague of his said, "There was nothing of the exorbitant about Schmid. He was modest, reserved even with guests, but was always correct. His reserve did not lose him any of the great popularity he enjoyed as the uncrowned King of the Ritz." He spent most of his free time walking in Richmond Park.

George Fafoutakis, standing alone at his desk for the first time for twenty years said, "I am lost without Schmid. He could have retired ten years ago a rich man but he was devoted to his work and carried on."

"Long ago people would think nothing of slipping a £5 or £10 note into his hand as reward for some service but those days have gone and I am sure he did not die a rich man."

Schmid was sixty-two years of age. He left a wife and married daughter.

FOUR IN A PEW, PHEW!

THE size and width of pews in some Methodist churches provided a light note at the Methodist Conference at Liverpool recently.

The Rev. William C. Jackson, Manchester, presenting a report on church affairs declared:

"It is really impossible to get four average-sized people on a seat six feet in length unless there is what is called a 'mixed congregation'—which means that you get one or two wiggly children on each seat."

"We are certainly determined that in these days seats shall not be so narrow as in the good old days."

"The only thing which would lead me to welcome a return of crinolines would be to prove how impossible it is for ladies so garbed to get into some of the old pews, and it might lead to a good overhauling of the seats in some of our churches."

Mr. Edward Maufe, architect of Guildford Cathedral, said: "The Incorporated Church Building Society which makes grants to new buildings stipulates that there must be 1 ft. 8 in. per person in a pew."

"Actually I am allowing an inch more than that in the seating at the cathedral."

At the Empire Stadium, Wembley, an official said: "Each person has 1 ft. 9 in. and that applies also at the C. Final."

Seats at the Palladium, Theatre, London, are 20 in. from the centre of one dividing arm to the centre of the next.

Model Plane Flies Wild

OAKESDALE, Wash. (UP).—Millard Hester built a small, gasoline-powered model airplane and turned it loose a few feet from the ground, with Hester following it in an automobile. The motor suddenly sputtered and halted.

"And then he laughed, horribly. I shall not forget that laugh."

RULES

SOME MUSICAL COLLECTIONS FOR CHOIRS

Borwald's Men's Choir.—W. Berwald.

Sacred Choruses for Men's Voices.

Orpheus Collection of Part Songs for Mixed Voices.

College Songs and Chorus.—Thomas Shepard.

Giffes' Male Choir Book.

Giffes' Male Quartet Book.

Choir Book for Women's Voices.—E. Hipsher.

Junior-Senior High School Chorus Book.—E. Baker.

Glee Singers' Collection.

Glee Club Songs for High School & College.

Church & Concert Chorus.

Francis & Day's Popular & Community Song Book.

etc., etc., etc.

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SHANGHAI, HONGKONG, MANILA AND SINGAPORE

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The Hongkong Telegraph NINTH ANNUAL

AMATEUR PHOTOGRAPHIC COMPETITION

June—September, 1939

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TWO SILVER TROPHIES, VALUED \$250

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SEND YOUR ENTRIES IN NOW

CLOSING DATE & TIME: 29th SEPT. AT 5 P.M.

THE ILFORD TROPHIES WILL BE AWARDED TO THE BEST AND SECOND BEST ENTRIES IN THE COMPETITION, IRRESPECTIVE OF CLASS.

Prizes will be allotted as follows:

SECTION ONE:

Portraits, Informal Close-ups, Human Studies.

1st. \$30. 2nd. \$15. 3rd. \$10.

SECTION FOUR:

Still Life and Table-Top Studies.

1st. \$30. 2nd. \$15. 3rd. \$10.

SECTION FIVE:

Snapshots taken by children under fourteen years.

1st. \$15. 2nd. \$10. 3rd. \$5.

SECTION THREE:

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1st. \$30. 2nd.

CLASSIFIED ADVERTISEMENTS

25 words \$2.00
for 3 days prepaid

SITUATIONS VACANT.

FAH WONG wanted for Peak district. Apply Box No. 549, Hongkong Telegraph.

PREMISES TO LET.

PREMISES to let, Grampian Road, diningroom, three bedrooms, two bathrooms, servants' quarters, two kitchens, garage. Furniture can be taken over. H.K.\$1,000 or offers. Rental \$135. Enquiries phone Lum 24205.

NEWS EMPIRE

NEW SOUTH WALES PREMIER RESIGNS

Sydney. Mr. B. S. B. Stevens to-night resigned the Premiership of New South Wales, in consequence of the passage by the Assembly, by 43 votes to 41, of a motion by Mr. E. S. Spooner, who resigned as Public Works Minister on July 20. The motion demanded that all money designed for the relief of unemployment should be used for that purpose.

This amounted to an attack on the Ministry's financial policy. Mr. Stevens regarded it as a motion of censure.

The reason for Mr. Spooner's resignation in July was that the Cabinet had decided on more rigid control of public works expenditure designed to absorb the unemployed.

The Governor, Lord Wakehurst, will consult Mr. Lang, as Leader of the Opposition, to-morrow. Mr. Lang will be unable to form a Ministry as his Socialist followers have only 25 out of 90 seats.

Army Decision Criticised.—Press and wireless commentators and military officers strongly criticise the Federal Cabinet's unexpected decision against a standing army.

Polar Offer Declined.—Sir Henry Gullett, Commonwealth Minister for External Affairs, announced to-day that the Cabinet had not been able to accept the offer made by Sir Hubert Wilkins to lead an Antarctic expedition in the exploration vessel *Wyatt Earp*. The *Wyatt Earp* is at present transporting munitions from Melbourne to an fortified points along the Australian coast.—Reuters, INDIA

LIQUOR PERMITS FOR LINER PASSENGERS

Bombay. Excise officers were on the quay-side recently to issue temporary liquor permits to foreign visitors and tourists who arrived by the P. & O. liner *Rajputana*, 16,044 tons. This is the first large liner to arrive since the coming into force of Prohibition in the City.

Five permits were given entitling the holders to one and a half units of liquor a week. A unit consists of one bottle of whisky, three bottles of wine or nine bottles of beer.

For being in possession of lethal weapons, banned under the Bombay City curfew order, 120 persons were arrested last night. Of these 44 were convicted.

City life is now normal. Fifty police officers and 500 constables took up Prohibition duty and are posted at the docks and creeks along the coast line, the railway stations and important street junctions. A special officer of the Government is receiving requests for employment from persons thrown out of work by Prohibition.

Hunger Strike Off.—Political prisoners who went on hunger strike on July 7 have decided to give up fasting for two months, in the hope that the Government will release them before the period elapses.

New Indian Film Company.—It is reported that the Tata Iron and Steel Co. is underwritten £40,000 worth of Preference shares of National Studios Ltd., a new enterprise, to produce high grade Indian films. The authorized capital is £200,000.

BRITISH WAR CABINET

(Continued from Page 1.)

War Cabinet, and therefore Sir John Anderson's name will probably appear in a further list as Cabinet Minister.

Mr. Chamberlain yesterday invited Sir Archibald Sinclair to accept Cabinet office, but after consultation with the Liberal Party, Sir Archibald informed the Premier that he and his friends felt they could render better service to the nation and the Government by supporting all necessary war measures from an independent position.

The first meeting of the War Cabinet took place to-day.

Mr. Anthony Eden will be Dominions Secretary, with other supplementary tasks of a special nature.

Lord Stanhope, from the Admiralty, becomes Lord President of the Council.

Flying Safer Than Walking

TONAWANDA, N. Y. Fate played a strange trick on Mrs. Wilhelmina Oxell, 83, who went for her first airplane ride. En route home she tripped over an untied shoe-lace and fractured her hip.

NEW ADVERTISEMENTS.

NOTICE

A. GOEKE & CO. (1935) EXPORT

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN that the partnership heretofore subsisting between BUNNAN TONG and WALTER FORAITA carrying business as Importers and Exporters at China Building, (4th floor), Victoria, Hong Kong, under the above style or firm name has been dissolved by reason of the retirement of the said Walter Foraita from the said firm as from the 24th day of August, 1939. All debts due to and owing by the said firm will be received and paid respectively by the said Bunnan Tong, who will continue to carry on the said business under the same style or firm name as above.

Dated the 2nd day of September, 1939.

F. E. NASH & CO., Solicitors for the abovenamed Bunnan Tong and Walter Foraita, Bank of East Asia Building, Hong Kong.

COMPULSORY SERVICE TRIBUNAL

It is notified for general information that notice of appeal, under Section 8 of the Compulsory Service Ordinance No. 32 of 1939, from the findings of the Compulsory Service Tribunal should be addressed to the Registrar, Courts of Justice, Hong Kong.

C. BRAMALL BURGESS, Clerk to the Compulsory Service Tribunal. September 1, 1939.

TRINITY COLLEGE OF MUSIC LONDON

Local Examination in Theory. 2nd December, 1939.

The last day of entry for the forthcoming examination in Theory will be 15th September, 1939. Entry forms may be obtained from the Local Secretary.

J. E. ANDERSON, Local Secretary, c/o The Anderson Music Co., Ltd. St. George's Bldg., Ice House St.

CONSIGNEES' NOTICE

SERVICES CONTRACTUELS DES MESSAGERIES MARITIMES

Steamship "JEAN LABORDE" 21/A/39

Bringing Cargo from Marseilles via Saigon arrived Hongkong on Thursday, 31st August, 1939.

Consignees are hereby informed that their goods with the exception of Opium, Treasure and Valuables are being landed and stored into the Godowns of the Hongkong Kowloon Wharf and Godown Co., Ltd., Kowloon, whence delivery may be obtained immediately after landing.

All claims must be sent in to me on or before 11th September, 1939, or they will not be recognized.

Damaged Packages will be examined by the Company's Surveyor Messrs.—Goddard and Douglas in the presence of the Consignees at 10 a.m. on Wednesday, 6th September, 1939.

Consignees must have a Revenue Officer in attendance when any dutiable goods are examined by the Company's Surveyors.

No Fire Insurance will be effected by us in any case whatever.

R. OHL, Agent, Hongkong, 30th August, 1939.

SERVICES CONTRACTUELS DES MESSAGERIES MARITIMES

Steamship "YANG TSE" 10/AEO/32

Bringing Cargo from Dunkirk via Haiphong, arrived Hongkong on Friday, 1st September, 1939.

Consignees are hereby informed that their goods with the exception of Opium, Treasure and Valuables are being landed and stored into the Godowns of the Hongkong Kowloon Wharf and Godown Co., Ltd., Kowloon, whence delivery may be obtained immediately after landing.

All claims must be sent in to me on or before 12th September, 1939, or they will not be recognized.

Damaged Packages will be examined by the Company's Surveyor Messrs.—Goddard and Douglas in the presence of the Consignees at 10 a.m. on Thursday, 7th September, 1939.

Consignees must have a Revenue Officer in attendance when any dutiable goods are examined by the Company's Surveyors.

No Fire Insurance will be effected by us in any case whatever.

R. OHL, Agent, Hongkong, 1st September, 1939.

G. R.

CENSORSHIP.

The Public is hereby notified that General Telegraph and Postal Censorship has been re-imposed.

2. Telegrams will only be accepted subject to the following restrictions:

- (1) The use of Code or Cipher is prohibited.
- (2) All telegrams must be in one of the following languages:—English or French.
- (3) The surname of the sender or name of sending firm must be included in the telegram to be transmitted and paid for.
- (4) Registered abbreviated telegraphic addresses must not be used.

C. G. SOLLIS, Censor, Fire Brigade Building, 1st September.

NOTICE

A. R. P.

A series of Lectures in English, to be held on Tuesdays and Fridays, will commence on Tuesday, 5th September, at 6 p.m. in St. Andrew's Church Hall, Kowloon.

FIRST DAY OF THE WAR

(Continued from Page 1.)

declared war; no Australia has declared war.

II Duce's Efforts

SPECIAL TO THE "TELEGRAPH"

BERLIN, Sept. 3 (UP)—Competent quarters stated to-day that Signor Benito Mussolini is still continuing his efforts to prevent the outbreak of a general European war.

German Air Claims

BERLIN, Sept. 3 (Reuters).—An Army High Command communiqué claims that the whole area over the battle area and the hinterland is completely controlled by the German air forces.

It asserts that the attacks have been confined to military objectives, and declares that after units of German armoured cars reached the Vistula at noon on Saturday, German forces effectively attacked points at the front.

The communiqué asserts that one bridge, and another which was under construction, were destroyed by numerous bombs.

An important railway station was also bombed.

The statements adds that while military objectives were being attacked and destroyed, there was resistance by Polish anti-aircraft and pursuit planes.

"We Shall Be Victorious" SPECIAL TO THE "TELEGRAPH"

PARIS, Sept. 3 (UP)—M. Daladier in a broadcast to-night declared: "Poland is the victim of a most brutal invasion. The responsibility for the crisis rests entirely on the shoulders of Herr Hitler and his Government."

"We were hoping for peace this morning and we did everything possible to maintain it, but Hitler wanted war."

"The cause of France is justice, and we shall be victorious."

THE NEWS RECEIVED IN H.K.

(Continued from Page 1.)

Extra editions have been eagerly purchased by readers.

German Club Sealed

All German activities in Hongkong have ceased. Business houses and shops have closed and the German Club in Cannan Road Central has been sealed by the Police.

The Consular staff were packing their bags and papers when a Telegraph representative called at the Consulate this morning. Two detectives are on guard.

Consulate Guard

The Consul-General, Mr. H. Gipperich said he had no statement to make.

It is believed the Consular staff will leave for Manila as the first available boat.

It was learned that the staffs of most of the German commercial houses had evacuated during the week, having closed up their firms.

Shops Closed

Schmidt and Co., of Chater Road, dealers in mathematical instruments, cameras, etc. had closed just week.

Most of the stock in the shop was removed and the show cases are practically empty. A few cheap cameras and other goods of little value are lying about in disorder, indicating a hurried departure.

Melchers, of Ice House Street, one of the biggest German firms in the Colony, are closed and a view into the offices through the glass panelling shows a similar state of affairs. The office tables are more or less cleared. Some papers and other documents are lying about. A detective is stationed on guard at the entrance.

Carljow and Co., of the Bank of China Building, Queen's Road, is also closed and nothing is visible inside.

It is understood that the Manager and German members of the staff evacuated some days ago.

Housewife Offers To Make Kilts for Army: Gets Order for 1,000

CLYDEBANK.

A BAND of kit-making housewives is being gathered together here to help Army chiefs overcome a kilt famine.

Their leader is small, 44-years-old Mrs. Alice McColgan, who, when she heard that there was a shortage of kilts for Highland regiments, wrote to the War Office and offered her help. With her father she had made Army kilts during the war, and she was able to persuade the War Office to let her tackle the job.

Two and a half tons of tartan and an order for 1,000 kilts arrived at the little shop which she has opened here.

EMPIRE NEWS

WEALTH FROM SEA FOR AUSTRALIA

Sydney.

The Federal and State Governments are co-operating in the foundation of a large-scale fishing industry in Australia. Their researches show that there is immense sea-wealth awaiting exploitation.

A wealthy group of Sydney business men proposes to establish a fish meal and oil industry with a capital of £50,000.

A plant is to be erected at Walsh Island, near Newcastle, New South Wales, which will be leased to the company by the State Government.

TANGANYIKA

NEW ATTITUDE OF GERMANS

Dar-es-Salaam.

A more excitable tendency among younger Germans in certain up-country centres, such as Mbeya and Iringa, is arousing uneasiness in unofficial circles here. It is questioned whether the European tension is about to be more strongly reflected in Tanganyika.

There has been a tendency lately for Germans to withdraw from their former friendly association with the British. The attitude of the older men of all communities gives rise to the hope that better sense will prevail.

KENYA

TRIBESMEN APPEAL TO LONDON

Mombasa.

The alleged eviction of tribesmen from the Teita Hills district, 120 miles from Mombasa, has caused an extension of labour troubles, culminating in strikes at Mombasa.

The native Teita Hills Association cabled a protest to the Colonial Office regarding the evictions. The matter has been referred by the Colonial Secretary to the Kenya Government.

Trouble is spreading and extra police have been drafted to the district. It is believed that German propaganda and money are behind the trouble.

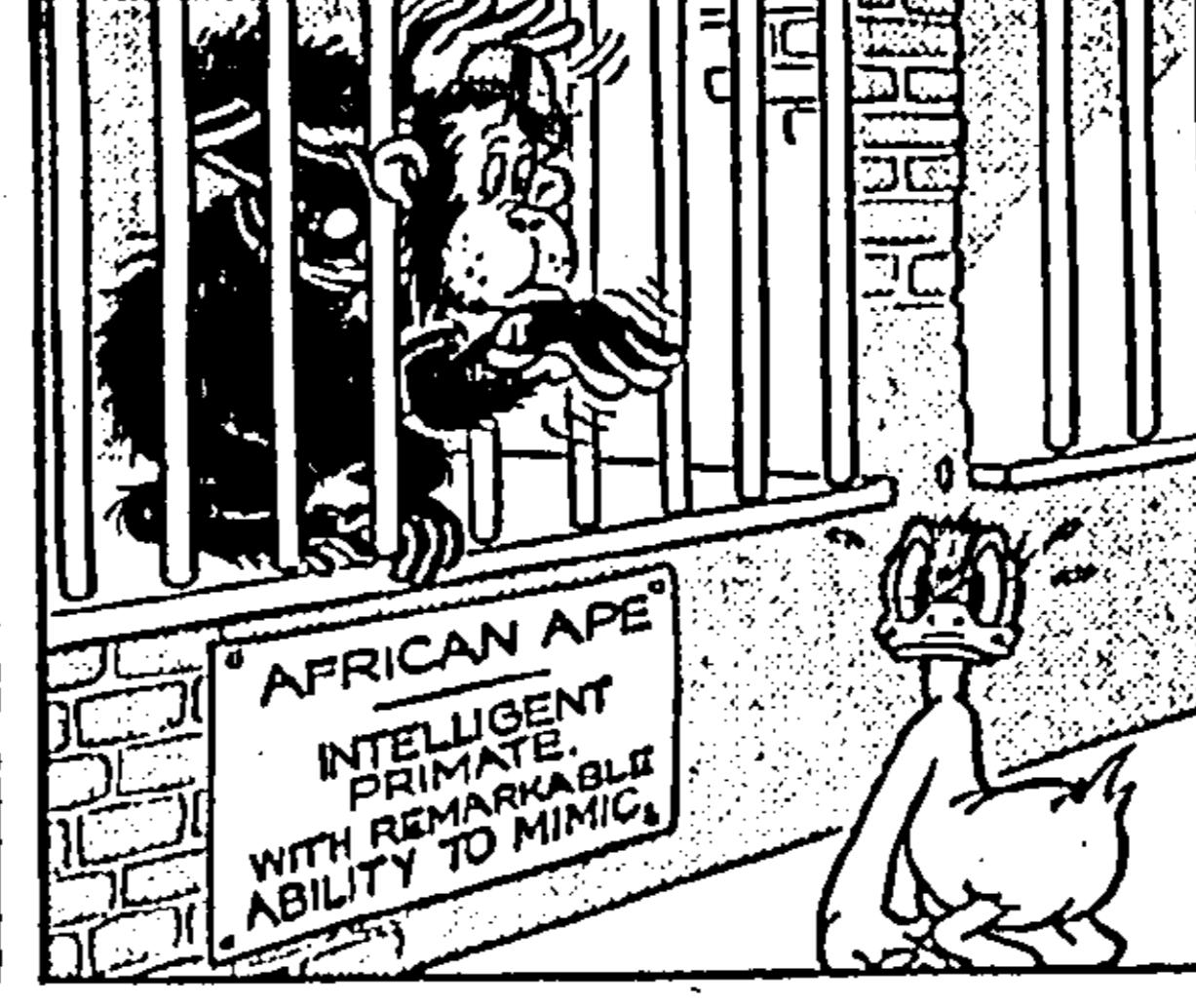
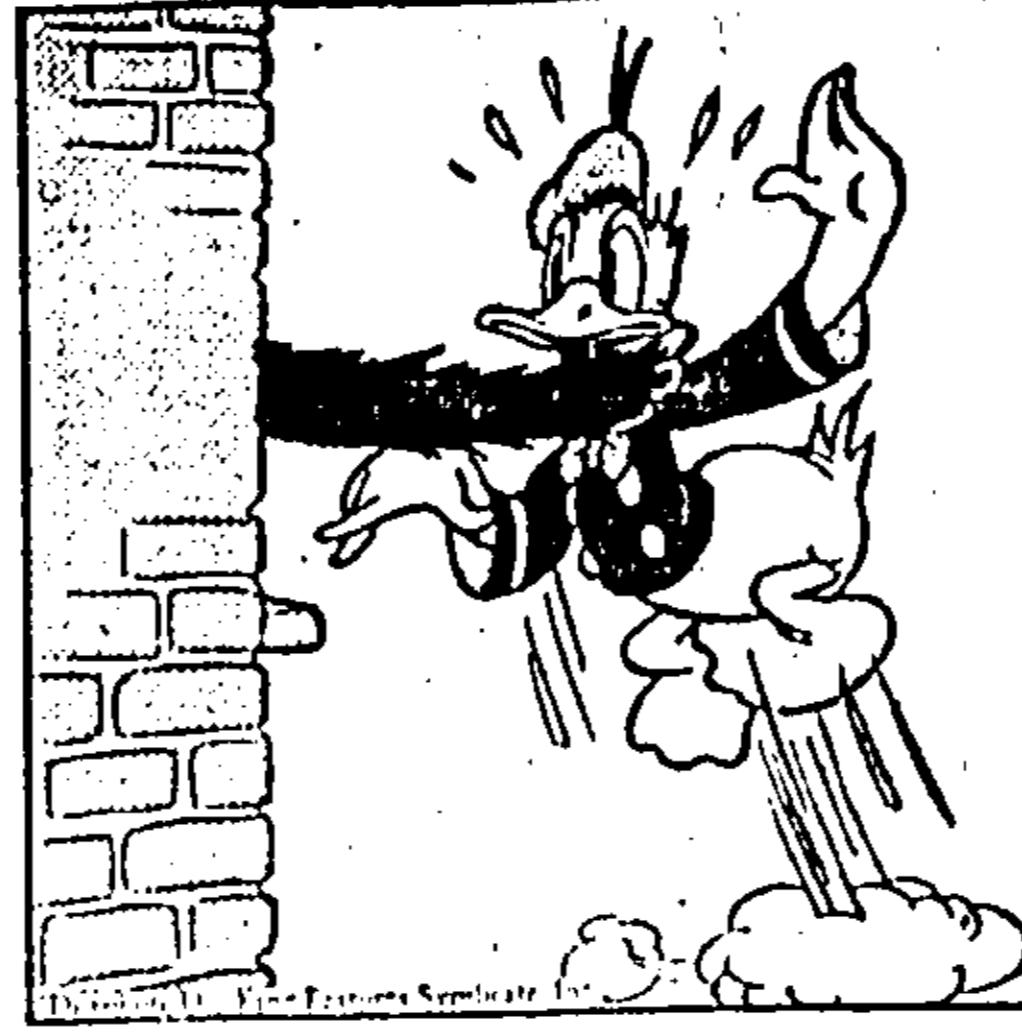
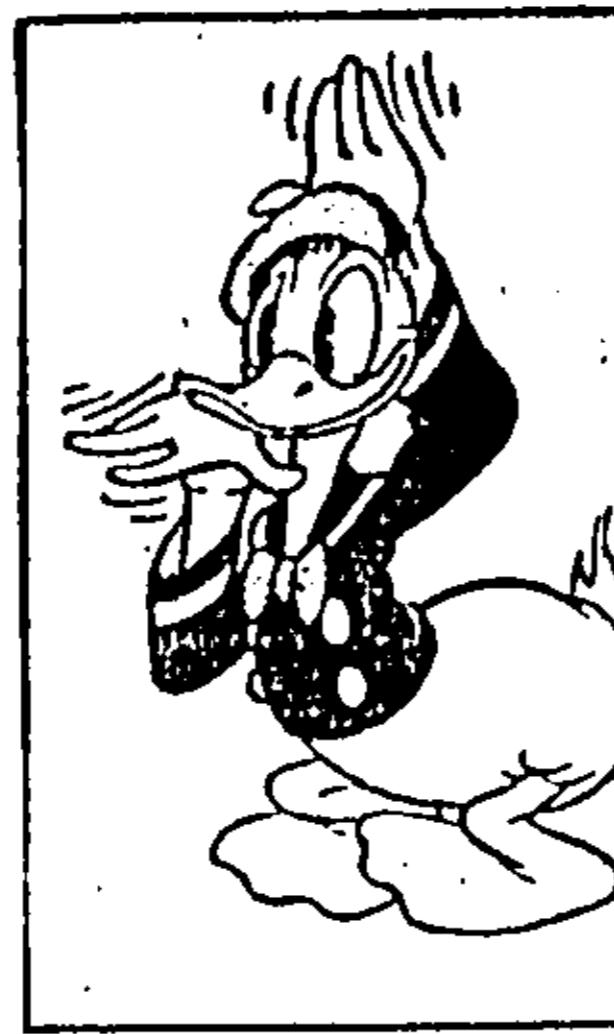
INDIA

ZOO TO EXPEL ITS HIPPOPOTAMUSES

Calcutta.

The Calcutta Zoo has decided to dispose of its two hippopotamuses which have been a great attraction. The reason for the public interest in these animals is that one of them

DONALD DUCK



By Walt Disney

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BRIGHTER SCHOOLS

Government Announces New Regulations

As the result of co-operation between the Director of Education, Mr. C. G. Sollis, and the Director of Medical Services, Hon. Dr. P. S. Selwyn-Clarke, many reforms are to be introduced into school life in Hongkong, particularly with regard to safeguarding the health of pupils. For this purpose, regulations in the Education Ordinance have been rescinded and new regulations substituted. These were published in the Government Gazette on Friday and will come into force on January 1.

Stringent health requirements are set down for schools in future. It is required that no cubicle or partition which obstructs the free passage of light or air shall be erected in any classroom and the ceiling of every classroom shall not be less than 12 ft. above the floor.

The superficial area allotted to each pupil to be accommodated in classrooms shall not be less than 16 square feet in width, extending along the whole length of the wall in front of the pupils, shall be reserved for the teacher.

The desks and seats of the pupils shall be so distributed over the area available for the pupils as to permit each pupil to be seated as far from his neighbour as possible. It is also stipulated that every school shall be provided with latrine and sanitary arrangements which, in the opinion of the Director, must be adequate and satisfactory.

Proper Water Supply

It is further stipulated that if, in the opinion of the Director, any school is being conducted in an insanitary or unhygienic manner, the manager shall effect and maintain such alterations or improvements as the Director may prescribe, and these alterations and improvements must be carried out within a specified time.

As regard water supply, the Director of Education can require the manager of the school to increase or improve the supply, where necessary, and to adopt precautions regarding the supply and use of the water as may be found necessary.

Before a new school is registered the manager shall provide desks and tables and seats of a type approved by the Director; they shall all be of a size suitable for the pupils for whom they are intended. In a school where technical subjects are to be taught, the manager shall provide adequate equipment and apparatus for the teaching of such subjects to the satisfaction of the Director.

Unless the Inspector otherwise orders, it is necessary that the pupils' desks shall be arranged so that the main source of light falls on the left of the pupils.

In order to safeguard the eyesight of the pupils, it is stipulated that the blackboards in classrooms shall have a dull matt surface or an approved colour and that letters and characters written on the blackboards shall not be less than one inch in height.

Eyesight Safeguards

Under the new rules no desk can be placed nearer to the blackboard than three feet, and the blackboard must be placed in such a position that, in the opinion of an Inspector, it is adequately illuminated and so arranged as to provide every pupil with an easy and unobstructed view of it.

The cooking or eating of food, or the smoking of tobacco in any classroom is prohibited during school hours. Smoking of opium and the presence of opium smoking couches and implements in school premises is absolutely prohibited.

Spitting, except into spittoons, is prohibited on school premises. Spittoons must contain a disinfectant fluid and must be emptied and cleaned at least once a day.

Additional health requirements are ordered for boarding schools. In dormitories, a superficial area of at least 40 ft. must be provided for each pupil and the ceiling must not be less than 12 ft. above the floor. There must be adequate and satisfactory washing and bathing arrangements, meading and kitchen arrangements, and area provided for open air recreation. No dormitory shall be in a tenement house.

Corporal Punishment

The manager of every boarding school must cause a medical examination of every pupil and of the school premises to be made once every six months. If so required by the Director of Education, the manager of the school must appoint a matron to be in charge of the boarders.

Corporal Punishment

Corporal punishment of boys must be confined to blows with the open

The Cow Of China

Recipe For Making Of Soya Bean Milk

A recipe for the manufacture of soya bean milk, for which many excellent claims are made by nutrition experts, has been included in a circular issued by the Director of Medical Services, Hon. Dr. P. S. Selwyn-Clarke.

Mr. Julian Arnold, Trade Attaché of the United States Embassy in China, recently described the soya bean as the "Cow of China" and claimed it was one of the most nutritious foods in the world.

The circular states:

There are ample stocks of soya bean in the Colony.

The bean constitutes such a valuable form of food at a cost within the means of all but the destitute that the Director of Medical Services is anxious that the method of preparation of soya bean milk should be more generally known.

White bean milk can be given to quite young infants. It is found to be more easily digested by those over six months of age. It is necessary, therefore, to sound a note of warning in the case of bottle-fed babies, namely, to introduce bean milk gradually into the diet, in order to accustom the infant to it by degrees. Bean milk should be made up fresh daily, if possible, especially as many households in which it can be used are unlikely to be equipped with refrigeration of any kind.

The soya beans are first weighed and washed carefully in several changes of clean water.

They are subsequently placed in a stone mill which grinds the beans into thick creamy paste. The paste is placed in a clean muslin bag and the liquid milk allowed to filter through. The residue in the bag is washed with clean water and the filtrate is added to the first sample of more creamy milk.

The final residue in the bag can be mixed with flour, groundnut oil and sugar, calcium carbonate and yeast and baked into cakes.

The weights shown in Table I below of salt, cane sugar, dextri-maltose and calcium lactate are then dissolved in water and cooked into a syrup which should be added to the milk just before it is served to avoid precipitation.

Sugar Can be Used

Sad because he must give up his manhood, happy because, like the other "Mr. Chips," he is to stay on to serve still further his beloved school. His offer to continue work as a "maths" master has been accepted.

THAT OLD JACKET

For 42 years Mr. Hope-Jones has seldom missed a big sporting event at the school.

He was himself educated there from 1897 to 1903, then returned as a master. He took charge of a house in 1924.

The temperature may be down to freezing or up in the 80's, but he can always be relied upon to appear hatless and in his old grey jacket and flannel trousers by river or on play-field.

Each of Mr. Hope-Jones's three sons has been at the college. The youngest, Ronald, was captain of the young school year.

He was known to embrace them publicly after some athletic success.

Mr. Hope-Jones talked of Eton. In the old days housemasters took in charge for 20 or even 30 years. Now there is a 15-year "limit." And to this he bows.

He has taken a private house, "but I still expect to see something of the boys out of school as well as in." In two years he must finally retire.

Zoo Spitfire Reforms

A 4 ft. Indian python, the first of his kind to be hatched in the Zoo, has just reached his first birthday, and with it (writes the Zoo Correspondent) he is celebrating a change of heart.

In his young days he was regarded as "pitiful."

Recently this python decided that it was rather pleasant to be less aggressive.

Keepers encouraged him, and the spitfire, having become a reformed character, is now being handled almost daily by young and old visitors.

A Look Through The "Telegraph"

50 YEARS AGO

September 4, 1889.

No complete list of the wedding presents to the Princess Louise of Wales has been published, and none in any case could be given here. But there is no doubt the general desire to bestow offerings on this young lady. Before her engagement, she was jewellless, and Lord Fife has no family jewellery. Now, they say she has more than the Princess of Wales herself, whose collection is remarkable. Nor had she been obliged to rebuke the zeal of her admirers as the Duke of Portland did. It is said of the Duke of Portland that he caused some of the presents to the Duchess to be returned to the owners, on the ground that their acquaintance was too slight to entitle them to accept these gifts.

Nazism must be fatally overcome. The Prime Minister had given his word to that effect, and as long as the Government kept to it, it would be entirely supported. But if there were confused counsels or inefficiency, other men must be called in to do their share.

Inexorably Determined
Sir Archibald Sinclair concluded by saying that the world should know the British people are inexorably determined on what the Prime Minister said, to end this Nazi domination and to build an order based on justice and freedom.

Mr. Winston Churchill said, "In this solemn hour, it is a consolation to recall and dwell upon our repeated efforts in peace. All have been ill-starred, but all have been faithful and sincere, and that is of the highest moral value, and not only moral

but we may be sure that the task which we have freely accepted is one not beyond the strength of the British Empire and the French Republic.

Sufficient Strength
"We must not underrate the gravity of the task which lies before us, or the severity of the ordeal, to which we shall not be found unequal.

"We must expect many disappointments, many unpleasant surprises, but we may be sure that the task which we have freely accepted is one not beyond the strength of the British Empire and the French Republic.

"This is not a question of fighting for Danzig or Poland; we are fighting for the whole world from the pestilence of Nazi tyranny, and in defence of all that is most sacred to man. This is no war for domination, for imperial aggrandizement and whose comradeship and brotherhood is indispensable.

"Our hands" may be active but our consciences are at rest.

10 YEARS AGO
Sept. 4, 1929.

Mr. Ramsay MacDonald, the British Premier, and M. Briand, the French Premier, who is part author of the Kellogg Pact for the renunciation of war, have been engaged in long personal conversations to-day, and it is understood that they have been discussing whether the time has not arrived for considering proposals for bringing the League of Nations' Government into line with the Kellogg Pact.

Mr. Arthur Henderson said that the actual resumption of Anglo-Soviet relations will not be possible until a report has been made to Parliament.

The British Government was desirous of resuming diplomatic relations as soon as possible and the "invitation to the Soviet to send a representative to London to discuss the most expeditious procedure" still stands.

5 YEARS AGO
September 4, 1934.

Commander Evangeline Cory Booth, leader of the movement in the United States for thirty years, has been elected General of the Salvation Army.

Mr. Geoffrey G. Knox, the President of the International Commission governing the Saar Region, has requested the League to lend its services to facilitate the task of recruiting outside police for the maintenance of order.

Table I

Soya beans	20 ozs. = 1 1/4 lbs.
Water	100 ozs. = 5 pints
Cane sugar	10 1/2 teaspoonsfuls
Salt	1/4 teaspoonful
Dextri-maltose	3 1/4 teaspoonsful
Calcium Lactate	1/4 teaspoonful

The total ingredients for six pints of the milk—sufficient for a family consisting of a bottle-fed baby, two older children and a mother and father—are as follows:

The milk so prepared should be diluted with cool, boiled water in accordance with the amounts given in Table II.

Table II

Weight of baby	Bean milk	Boiled water	Total feed
12 lbs. = 104 ozs.	6 ozs. = 1/4 pints	1 oz. = 1/4 teacup	6 ozs. = 1/4 pints
10 lbs. = 84 ozs.	6 1/4 ozs. = about 1 1/4 teacups	1 1/4 oz. = about 1 teacup	7 ozs. = 1 1/4 pints
8 lbs. = 64 ozs.	7 3/4 ozs. = 1 3/4 pints	1 1/4 oz. = 1/4 teacup	8 ozs. = 1 1/4 pints
6 lbs. = 48 ozs.	8 ozs. = 1 1/2 pints	1 1/4 oz. = 1/4 teacup	9 ozs. = 1 1/2 pints

For older children and adults the milk can, of course, be diluted according to taste.

The cost of a pint (7 1/2 teacups) of bean milk thus prepared is 3 1/2 cents.

Omitting the calcium lactate and dextri-maltose and substituting Tallow sugar for imported cane sugar and dextri-maltose, the cost of the materials, excluding labour and fuel, amounts to 2 1/2 cents.

It is of interest to note that the manufacture of soya milk on a large scale for those who have not the time to spare the rather slow process of grinding the beans and mixing the ingredients is to be undertaken shortly by a private company recently formed.

Readers requiring further details are invited to send enquiries—accompanied by a stamped and addressed envelope—to the Nutrition Research Committee, Medical Headquarters, Third Floor, G.P.O. Building, Hongkong.

HOW STATE OF WAR WAS DECLARED

(Continued from Page 7.)

for the Government in its emergency measures, Mr. Greenwood said, "In other directions, according to our opportunities, we shall make our full contribution to the national cause. May the war be swift and sure."

Sir Archibald Sinclair said, "At this grave moment, having listened to the moving speech of the Prime Minister, we shall all wish to pay him tribute and sympathy."

Opposition Support

For 54 years Poland had stood alone at the portals of civilisation, defending us and all free nations. They stood with unexampled bravery and epic heroism. They greeted Poland as a comrade. To her, Britain said that her hearts were with her, and with her heart all her power, until the angel of peace returns to our midst.

Nazism must be fatally overcome. The Prime Minister had given his word to that effect, and as long as the Government kept to it, it would be entirely supported. But if there were confused counsels or inefficiency, other men must be called in to do their share.

12.15. Service of Intercession. ... Sam Browne (Vocal) with Gerry Moore (Piano) and his Rhythym.

12.30. Quickstep—Jammmin' (Film: Turn Off the Moon—Coslow). ... Gerry Moore (Piano). **Alone**—Film: A Night At the Opera (Brown); Let's Face The Music and Dance—Film: Follow the Fleet (Berlin).

1.00. Local Time Signal and Weather Report and Announcements.

6.45. London—Up With The Curtain ... A Variety Entertainment.

Riding Down From Bangor, Solo ... Sam Levitt; **Down in Dementia (Traditional)** ... Chalmers Woods' Orchestra; Story told by Aunt Susan. Songs by Grace Fields and Others.

6.30. Closing Local Stock Quotations.

6.32. Charlie Kunz at the Piano. Medley introducing: The Coronation Waltz, I'm Still In Love With You, Delysia, Across the Great Divide, The Night is Young and You're So Beautiful, Boo-Hoo, Medley introducing: I'll See You Again,



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The Hongkong Telegraph.

Wyndham St., Hongkong
Phone 26615
September 4, 1939

WAR

MORE THAN two-thirds of the peoples of the world are to-day at war on two continents.

Europe faces the greatest crisis in its history, 1914-18 not excepted. The doctrine of Nazism, of racial persecution, intolerance, hatred and aggrandisement is spreading from its heart, in wide goose-stepping columns, so that no man who cherishes liberty is safe until this Hitler monster is crushed.

Whatever the outcome of this fantastic struggle which has been forced upon the democracies and peace-loving nations of the world, civilisation must be the sufferer.

An Austrian-born fanatic, whose vision is a Germanic-Aryan world in which none, not even his own fellow-countrymen, will be safe from persecution, has for five years made war on this civilisation which our forefathers have so painfully built up.

What is happening to-day has, for months now, been inevitable. It was foreseeable but not preventable. Humanity's sole expedient has been to pile up more and more armaments in a bid to meet the threat from a nation which, only twenty years ago, was crushed and beaten. Why is this so? Because, for many months, the man who has declared for aggression has been stone deaf to the voice of reason; because the only answer to appeasement has been force.

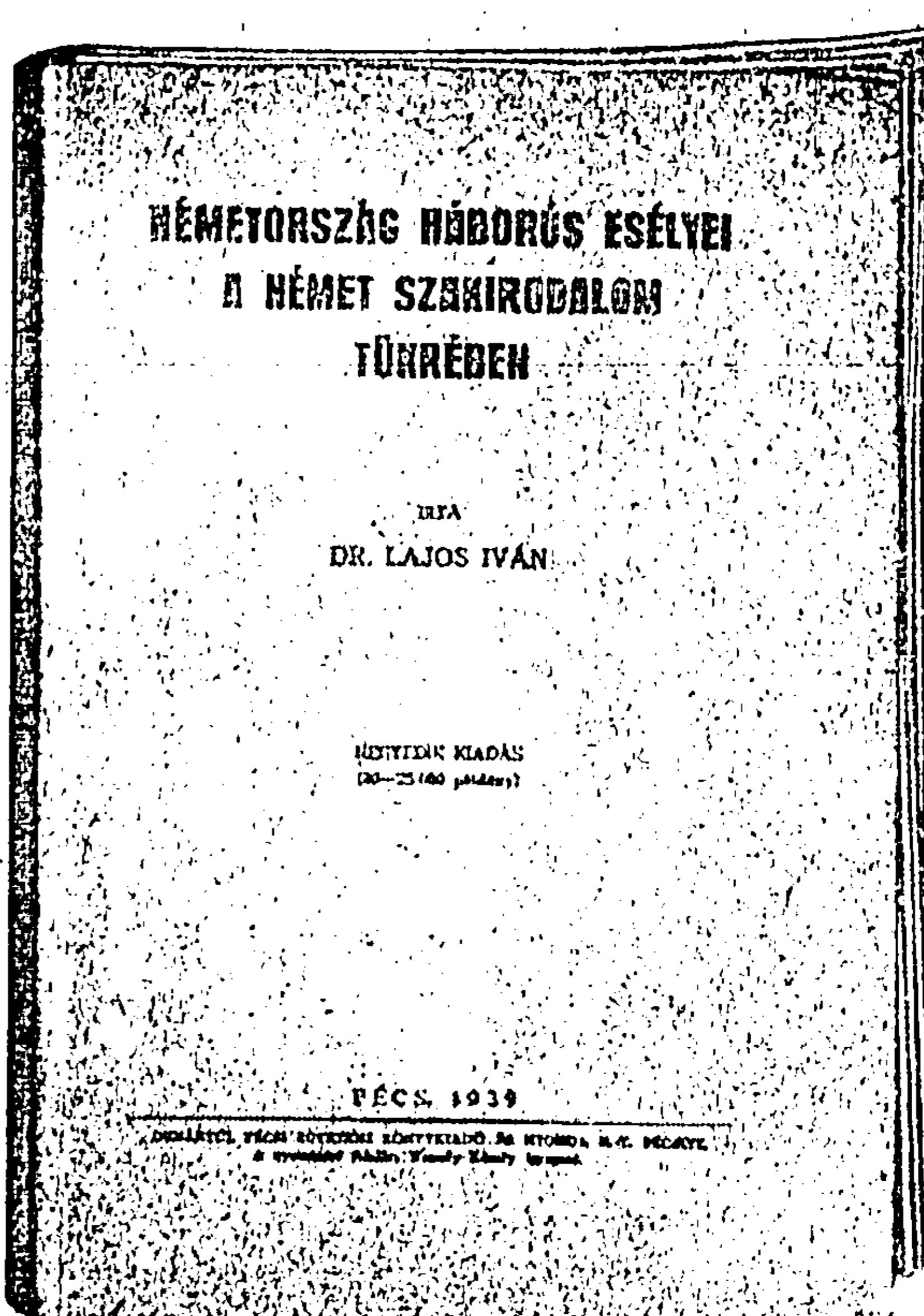
The tragedy is that the sufferers in this terrible war that has been forced upon the world will not be the madman who started it. It will be the millions of German, Polish, French and English people, who want only peace.

The extravagance of Goebbels' propaganda, upon which the Germans have been exclusively fed for years, has made possible the acquiescence of many German people in what has happened. More so than this propaganda, however, has been the dreaded Gestapo, the horrifying tortures of the concentration camps into which hundreds of thousands of Germans have been flung, the ruthless crushing by Hitler's police of all opposition.

No system founded on force, happily, can crush a people for ever. Hitler will find that out, to his sorrow.

Here are some extracts from the book whose title can be translated as "Germany's Chances in War," with the significant sub-heading "As seen in the Mirror of German Official Literature."

THE BOOK THAT WAS NOT BANNED



In one week nearly thirty thousand Hungarians have bought this little grey book (Germany's Chances in War: as mirrored in German official literature). This is the first copy to arrive in England. The Hungarian Censor—for reasons nobody knows—did not ban it. The man who wrote it did not lose his job. Nobody knows why. What is this book that is now sweeping through Hungary? Why is edition after edition called for? This article—complete with the first extracts from the book to be published in Hongkong—will tell you.

FIRST, Dr. Lajos speaks, General Staff: "Only Russia is as a Hungarian, of better off in coal and iron ore what his own country has to than she was in 1914. The hope from Germany, 'Herr' successes achieved by Germany Benno Graf, recognised as the in the early days of the war German authority on Germany's were due to the fact that she rights for more living-room in had no difficulty in supplying the East, stated in a speech in these vital materials."

Colonel von Bulow, of the long run Hungary's policy, is German General Staff, stated: decided by Germany, and now "Only Russia could indefinitely German authority on Germany's were due to the fact that she rights for more living-room in had no difficulty in supplying the East, stated in a speech in these vital materials."

General Scheffel, of the Air Ministry in Berlin, estimates the Russian air strength immediately available at 20,000 planes.

Colonel Thomas, writing for the officially published "Kriegs-wirtschaftliche Jahresberichte 1936," edited by Major Hesse, and supplied to the German War Office, said: "Once before false assumptions of a successful 'lightning war' landed us in utter disaster; that is why in these days of aerial and tank warfare we should not be misled by such dreams again."

Oil, gold, food-supplies, the armament industry, even prestige—and perhaps more important than all these, the certainty of America's attitude—Dr. Lajos reviews them all as seen by German eyes. There is not a word of comment: readers can draw their own conclusions.

GRIN AND BEAR IT By Lichy



"This time the Administration has gone TOO far!"

Pre-Nazi Germany had 42 generals, 600 staff officers for its seven infantry and three cavalry corps. The existing army, on this basis, would require a six-fold increase in these numbers, but only in respect of generals have they been able to reach the required minimum.

According to the German military system a mobilised army consisting of 100 corps should possess at least 5,000 generals and staff officers. On their own figures they have only 3,850 available. And even of these the vast majority have been promoted with ultra-rapidity. On August 1, 1936, there were 16 full generals of whom only one was of that rank on January 1, 1933.

And the lower in the military hierarchy one goes the more fantastic are the promotions and the greater the gaps between service and rank.

So much for the men: what of the transport?

Germany is spending only 10 per cent. of what her railway officials say they require for new rolling stock. The normal rate of (peace-time) maintenance proves too great a burden to sustain. Trains ran from eight to ten hours late—even express—and accidents increased from 400 in 1932 to more than 1,000 in 1937.

Under war conditions, with industries centralised in the interior to avoid air attack, the length of journeys would be doubled and a double strain put on the railways.

EVEN in man-power, says the "Militär Wochenschrift," every man at the front needs eight men on the home front; but Stephen Possony in 1938 restated this figure at 12. Thus Germany would require the co-operation of other States to support her armies in the field—and there are no such States available. The same authority calculated that to sustain the presumed army of 3,000,000 men there would be needed 54,000,000 workers behind the lines!

Colonel Thomas, writing for the officially published "Kriegs-wirtschaftliche Jahresberichte 1936," edited by Major Hesse, and supplied to the German War Office, said: "Once before false assumptions of a successful 'lightning war' landed us in utter disaster; that is why in these days of aerial and tank warfare we should not be misled by such dreams again."

Having shown what would happen to Hungary after a Dr. Lajos summons Herr German victory, Dr. Lajos Muhner to witness from his turn his attention to her book "War and the State" the chances of winning it. He quotes Colonel Ferdinand and N.C.O.s in the German Fridensburg, of the German Army.

What of the men in the German State?

Himmler, explaining in 1937 to the General Staff itself what steps he would take in a war, said: "We should have to fight on an internal front as well as the army, navy and air-force fronts. Any neglect would result in the loss of the war. Therefore, any unreliable elements would have to be confined in a concentration camp."

As Greater Germany contains millions of "unreliable" Czechs and Austrians not to mention some millions of Germans opposed both to war and the Nazi regime, Herr Himmler looks like having his concentration camps reasonably full.

HOW STATE OF WAR WAS DECLARED

FRANCE JOINS BRITAIN

King's Moving Address To The Entire Empire

At 7.45 p.m. last night, Hongkong received word that Great Britain had declared war against Germany. Some hours later the ultimatum given Germany by France expired, and automatically, as in the case of Great Britain, a state of war was acknowledged to exist between France and the Reich.

The Prime Minister, Mr. Neville Chamberlain, announced over the air, in short telling address to the nation, that the time limit for the British ultimatum to Germany had expired and the two countries were at war. Only a short time later he addressed the House of Commons and gave a full account of the events leading up to the tragic occurrence. He was warmly cheered and subsequent speeches by the leaders of the Opposition, Mr. Arthur Greenwood, (Labour), and Sir Archibald Sinclair, (Liberal), expressed the firm determination of all parties to support the Government to the full in the prosecution of the war with Germany, in an effort to free Europe from Nazism.

Speeches expressed satisfaction that the long period of tension and uncertainty was ended, and that Britain, having unanimously decided to stand by her obligations to the full, was now prepared, with the assistance and side by side with France, to crush the threat to liberty, justice and freedom which is represented in the person of Herr Hitler.

The following communiqué was issued by Mr. Neville Chamberlain at No. 10 Downing Street this morning:

On September 1 His Majesty's Ambassador in Berlin was instructed to inform the German Government that unless it was prepared to give satisfactory assurances that it would suspend all aggressive action in Poland and withdraw its troops immediately, His Majesty's Government would have no hesitation in fulfilling her obligations to Poland.

At 9 o'clock this morning the Ambassador handed a final Note to the German Foreign Office that unless by 11 o'clock B.S.T. His Majesty's Government in London received an undertaking that the Germans are prepared to withdraw at once from Poland, a state of war would exist.

"I have now to tell you," the Prime Minister said "that no such statement has been received and consequently this country is at war with Germany."

"A Bitter Blow"

His listeners could imagine what a bitter blow that was to his efforts for peace. Yet he still felt if there was anything that could have been done he would have done it.

They had tried to arrive at a peaceful settlement, but Hitler would not have it. Hitler had made up his mind to attack Poland whatever happened. He had said that he had made certain proposals but they had not been received by either Britain or Poland.

Britain had a clear conscience. Now that war had started she was resolved to finish it. At such a time the assurances of support she had received from the Empire was a source of profound encouragement. The Government had made all its plans for carrying on the work of the nation and called on all its people to do their part.

"I am certain that right will prevail," the Premier concluded.

Prime Minister's Broadcast

Mr. Chamberlain in his broadcast said: "You can imagine what a bitter blow it is to me that all my long struggle to win peace has failed. Yet I cannot believe that there was anything more or anything different that I could have done that would have been more successful, up to the very last."

"It would have been possible to arrange a peaceful and honourable settlement between Germany and Poland, but Hitler would not have it. He had evidently made up his mind to attack Poland whatever happened, and although he now says that he put forward reasonable proposals which were rejected by the Poles, that is not a true statement. The proposals were never shown to the Poles, nor to us, and although they were announced in the German broadcast on Thursday night, Hitler did not wait to hear any comment on them but ordered his troops to cross the Polish frontier next morning."

"Hitler's action shows convincingly that there is no chance in expecting that this man will ever give up his intention of using force to gain his ends. And he can only be stopped by force."

We and France are to-day, in fulfilment of our obligation, going to the aid of Poland, bravely resisting this wicked and unprovoked attack upon her people.

A Clear Conscience

"We have a clear conscience and we have done all that a country could do to establish peace," said the Prime Minister. "But the situation in which no word given by Germany's rulers could be trusted and neither the people nor the country could feel it safe, has become intolerable."

"And now we have resolved to finish it. I know you will play your part with courage. At such a moment as this the assurances of support we have received from the Empire are a source of profound encouragement to us."

"When I have finished speaking certain detailed announcements are to be made on behalf of the Government."

We Need Your Help

"These announcements need your close attention. The Government has made plans under which it will be possible to carry on the work of

that I now call my peoples at home and find my peoples across the seas who will make our cause their own. "I ask that all stand calm, firm and united in this time of trial. The time will be hard and there may be dark days ahead and war can no longer be confined to battlefields; but we can only do the right as we see the right and reverently submit our cause to God."—Reuter.

Commons Told

London, Sept. 3. After he had made his broadcast from Downing Street, Mr. Chamberlain drove down Whitehall to Parliament.

In his speech to the House of Commons the Prime Minister said, "When I spoke last night I could not be aware that there were doubts and bewilderment in some quarters to the vacillations of the Government, but I have no repreaches."

"If I had been in their position, I would have felt the same. We have been in close consultation with the French Government, and we felt that no delay could be allowed to make our position clear."

"Sir Neville Henderson was instructed to hand to the German Foreign Secretary at 9 a.m. a demand for the withdrawal of German troops from Poland, and that if a favourable reply was not given by 11 a.m. we would be at war."

Mr. Chamberlain then read the full instructions to our Ambassador.

"This was our final Note. Mr. Chamberlain added, "There was no such undertaking was received from the German Government this country is now at war."

According to the arrangements made between the British and French Governments, the French Ambassador at Berlin at this moment is making the same demarche with the same definite time limit.

"We are ready. It is a sad day for all of us, and no one is sadder than I."

"All I have worked for and hoped for has crashed in ruins. There is only one thing left for me—with my full strength and power to forward our cause."

"I hope I may live to see the day when Herr Hitler and his Government destroyed, and so restore the liberty of Europe."

Prime Minister's Lament

"Everything I have worked for and hoped for and believed in during my public life has crashed into ruins. The only thing left for me is to devote what powers I have for victory."

"I cannot tell what part I may be allowed to play, but I trust I may live to see the day when Hitlerism has been destroyed. (Loud General Cheers), and a restored and liberated Europe has been re-established" (Loud Cheers).

Mr. Greenwood was greeted with cheers and spoke of the changed atmosphere of the House. He said there had been resentment and apprehension and anger last night lest delay might end in national disarray and the sacrifice of the Polish people to German tyranny.

"This morning we meet in an entirely different atmosphere one of relief, composure and resolution (Cheers).

The intolerable agony of suspense is over. We know the worst. The hated word "war" has been spoken by Britain in fulfilment of her pledge and her unbreakable intention to defend the liberties of Europe.

Reply Not Forthcoming

London, Sept. 3. The King, broadcasting to the Empire to-night said:

"In this grave hour, perhaps the most fateful in our history, I send to every household of my peoples, both home and overseas this message spoken with the same depth of feeling for each one of you as if I were able to cross your threshold and speak to you myself. "For the second time in the lives of most of us we are at war."

"Over and over again we have tried to find a peaceful way out of the differences between ourselves and those who are now our enemies, but they have been in vain. We have been forced into a conflict for we are called with our allies to meet a challenge to a principle which, if it were to prevail would be fatal to any civilised order in the world."

"It is the principle which permits a State in the self-same pursuit of all disguise, is surely the mere primitive doctrine that might is right and if this principle is established throughout the world the freedom of our Commonwealth of nations would be in danger. But far more than this people's world would be kept in bondage of fear and all hopes of settled peace, of security, of justice and liberty among the nations would be ended."

"This is the ultimate issue confronting us. "We have heard more than the word war spoken, we have heard war begin within the precincts of this House. We pay tribute to great restraint made by the Poles within recent weeks. (General Cheers). "We greet Poland as a comrade whom we shall not desert."

"To her we say our hearts are with you and with our hearts all our powers until peace returns."

Mr. Greenwood spoke with emotion and dropped his voice as he concluded, "and Nazism is finally overthrown!"—Reuter Bulletin.

Official Explanation

London, Sept. 3.

The first air raid alarm was ex-

GERMANS INTERNED

Immediately the Governor proclaimed a state of war the Police were instructed to interview all German residents and so methodically and expeditiously did they work that by midnight nearly 100 men were gathered in the internment camp at La Salle College. Hotels, messes, private homes and clubs were visited by the Police and German men of military age taken into custody.

Although they worked swiftly, the Police acted with courtesy and consideration. Germans were given time to gather a few personal effects and were escorted to police stations where they were given light refreshments and then taken, by buses to the College where they were installed in the dormitories. Little restriction was placed on their movements. They were allowed to telephone friends and employers and practically their only indication that they were in confinement was the barbed wire around the College and the Royal Scots sentries with fixed bayonets.

Those interned included a number of Austrian Jews and many Chinaman men of German or Austrian parentage. There were no complaints and most of those interned accepted the situation philosophically. Jokes and jests were common and a feeling of good-natured inevitability was apparent between the prisoners and their escorts.



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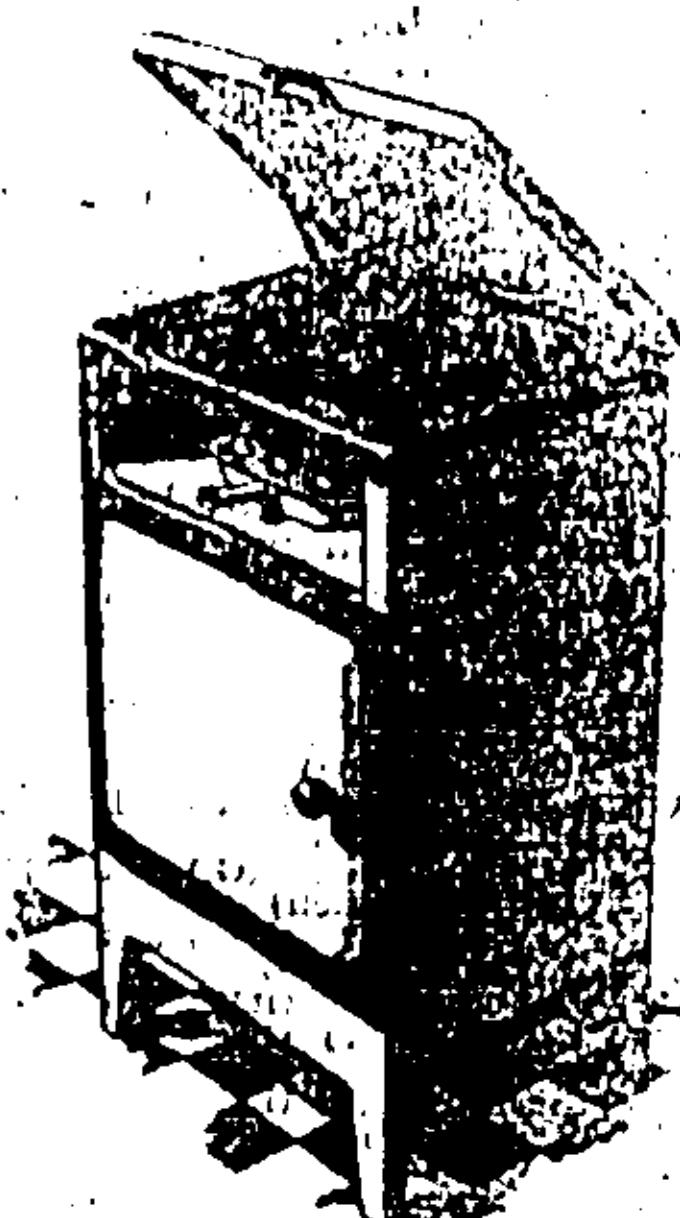
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plained in the following terms in an Air Ministry announcement:

Shortly after the Prime Minister had made his radio broadcast, air raid sirens whined across London and immediately there was a quick but orderly evacuation of people from the buildings to shelters in basements.

When Parliament met at noon the all clear sirens were heard. These opened the opening sentences of the Prime Minister when he rose immediately to declare a state of war with Germany.—Reuter.

Whole Squadron Sighted

London, Sept. 3.

The first war time air raid alarm was sounded this morning shortly after Mr. Chamberlain's dramatic announcement that Britain was at war with Germany, according to a radio broadcast picked up here yesterday.

The alarm was sounded when a squadron of unidentified aeroplanes was alleged to have been spotted off the south coast of England. The all clear was sounded shortly afterwards when the planes were stated to have been away from the British shore.—Reuter.

London Remains Calm

London, Sept. 3.

Obedient to Government instructions London scampered to shelter on hearing the first air raid warning at 11.30 a.m. this morning. Mr. Chamberlain had just finished informing the nation over the radio that we are now at war with Germany when the wailing of sirens indicated to all within hearing they should protect themselves from an approaching enemy aircraft.

Streets and offices emptied with remarkable rapidity but with the minimum of bustle or excitement; indeed a correspondent was travelling from Charing Cross through the Strand to Fleet Street in blissful ignorance of anything unusual occurring until his arrival at his office.

Incidentally, the taximan did not think it worth while to mention the alarm had been given.

The Reuter staff on duty had meanwhile been marshalled with clock-work regularity by members of their A.R.P. staff to safety in big underground shelters.

There was no sign on the underground railways that anything out of the common was afoot, although it was recalled later that train lights were extinguished about the time the warning was given, but the trains themselves carried on as usual.

Notification of the "all clear" rang out on the air at noon just as the Commons assembled to hear Mr. Chamberlain deliver the announcement he had earlier broadcast.—Reuter.

Special Instructions Given

London, Sept. 3.

Instructions have been given for all classes of public entertainment to close until further notice. It may be possible for cinemas and theatres in certain areas to open later.

The places closed include indoor and outdoor sports gatherings.

People have been requested not to crowd together unnecessarily. Churches and other places of worship will not be closed, but all schools in England, Wales and Scotland are closed and lessons suspended for at least a week.

Schools will be opened in the reception areas as soon as evacuation is completed.

The public has been instructed to carry gas masks and to carry them in their pockets and addresses on them, and to sew labels of their names and addresses on children so that they cannot be torn off.

Doctors and Ministry of Health emergency service men have been instructed to report to their hospitals. The King and Queen listened to the Prime Minister's address at Buckingham Palace.

A group of people waited outside the Palace and many others assembled at Whitehall.—Reuter Bulletin.

Airmen Interned

London, Sept. 3.

The first airmen to be interned in a neutral country since the war broke out was a Nazi pilot, who made a forced landing in Lithuania yesterday.—Reuter Bulletin.

Official Explanation

London, Sept. 3.

The first air raid alarm was ex-

WARDENS WANTED

Appeal Made For More Volunteers

"Events of grave international importance are taking place, and I issue this appeal for the immediate hope of 2,000 men and women to come forward and register themselves in order to assist the Colony, so that every street will have a body of patriotic men and women who, should the need ever arise, will be in a position to act as air raid wardens and advise and help their less fortunate brothers and sisters," said an appeal made by Wing Commander Steele Perkins last night.

"Arrangements have been made for classes of instruction to be inaugurated at once," continued the appeal. "Special classes to meet the present situation will consist of ten lectures and will be given every day of the week, both in English and Chinese.

"It is not too late for you to join up and receive training. Send your names to the Director of Air Raid Precautions, Colonial Secretary's Office, and classes will be arranged to meet your convenience.

"It may be added that when wardens are called up for duty they will receive Government payment, and should anything happen to them, compensation will be paid to their immediate relatives."

Support Pledged

Immediately on the announcement that a state of war between Germany and Britain existed, Hon. Sir Robert Kotewall called on the Governor on behalf of himself and his Chinese colleagues, Hon. Mr. T. N. Chau, Hon. Mr. M. K. Lo and Mr. Mr. Li Te-fong, to reiterate their pledge of loyalty and readiness to render any assistance, not only in the maintenance of peace and good order, but also in assisting in the defence of the Colony.

The Governor expressed his deep appreciation of this renewed expression of loyalty on the Chinese community, of which, he said, he had never been in any doubt.

He asked Sir Robert to thank his colleagues and the Chinese community for their gesture of loyalty and goodwill.

Japan's Decision

AMERICAN VIEW

Washington, Sept. 3.

President Roosevelt stated to-day, "I will not be catapulted or pushed into a decision on neutrality," according to the White House secretary.

It is understood that the Government will decide upon a definite policy to meet the situation which may arise from a general European war.—Domei.

Will Remain Neutral

Shanghai, Sept. 3.

Reliable sources declare that the Japanese Government has

H. A. ALVES AND F. V. RIBEIRO WIN BOWLS TITLE

Australia Takes Doubles Match

London, Sept. 3. At Haverford, Pa., to-day the Australians reduced the United States' lead in the Challenge Round of the Davis Cup competition by winning the doubles.

John Bromwich and Adrian Quist (Australia) defeated Jack Kramer and Joe Hunt 5-7, 6-2, 7-5, 6-2.—*Reuter*.

Home Football Prospects

No. 9: Men Of Coventry

Although only one important addition has been made to the Coventry City list of players—that of Lowrie, from Preston North End—there is quiet confidence that the club will have to be reckoned with for promotion honours.

No player of note has left except Macdonald, while the 33 signed on includes several of the younger members, who have developed considerably under skilful training. Mr. Harry Storer has certainly seen to it that the average age has been kept down.

Davidson, the loss of whose services was severely felt during the latter part of last season owing to an ankle injury, has fully recovered, and Ivor Lewis has come successfully through an operation for cartilage removal.

All last season's backs are in excellent trim, and Mason, at centre-half, retains the captaincy. Careful attention during the close season has been given to the ground and considerable extension made of the covered accommodation.

The first match will be at home on the nineteenth inst., against Birmingham for the Jubilee Fund. List of players:

Birchall, Pos. Eight. Wight. Morgan, W. (Huyton-on-Tyne) 5 0 11 10 Wood, A. H. (Aldridge) 5 6 11 0 Ager, D. E. (Birmingham) 5 0 11 4 Astley, J. (Warrington) 5 0 12 0 Toote, D. G. (Swansea) 5 0 11 7 Elliott, C. (Bolsover) 5 0 11 12 Metcalf, W. F. (Scarborough) 5 0 11 10 Smith, E. (Bilby) 5 0 11 10 Willard, E. E. L. (Coventry) 5 0 12 0 Prich, W. (Huyton-on-Tyne) 5 0 11 8 Mason, H. (Coventry) 5 0 11 10 G. W. (Birmingham) 5 0 11 8 Armes, L. (Sheffield) 5 0 11 7 Crawley, T. (Bilby) 5 0 10 11 4 Bollett, H. (Coventry) 5 0 11 7 Baspe, J. (Birmingham) 5 0 11 7 Bond, W. A. (Dordon) 5 0 11 12 Chapman, J. (Northwich) 5 0 11 0 Taylor, G. T. (Walsall) 5 0 11 8 Warner, L. H. (Birmingham) 5 0 11 8 Barratt, H. (Coventry) 5 0 11 2 Simpson, D. (Coventry) 5 0 10 6 Davidson, R. T. (Loughgelly) 5 0 11 4 Lowrie, G. (Huyton-on-Tyne) 5 0 11 10 Green, J. (Droitwich) 5 0 11 10 Lager, H. W. (Mansfield) 5 0 11 12 Smith, N. (Sunderland) 5 0 11 10 Robert, B. (Glasgow) 5 0 11 12 0 Astall, G. (Kilmarnock) 5 0 11 12 Coen, L. (Lancaster) 5 0 11 12 Lewis, L. (Cardiff) 5 0 11 12 Young, C. (London) 5 0 11 12

No. 10—Brighton & Forward Problem

During recent years Brighton and Hove Albion have been fortunate in one respect. Their defence has never given them much anxiety, and consequently, when new players have had to be bought, it is generally to fill vacancies in the half and forward lines.

Last season the attack lacked "punch," and much clever midfield play failed to yield goals. Thus Manager Charles Webb's chief aim has been to acquire a more versatile type of forward.

Of the eight new men signed, five are front runners of the wing order: F. Hindley (central forward) from Nottingham Forest; W. Isaac (inside right) (Newcastle United); and T. Evans (Cardiff City); T. James (Folkestone) and G. Spencer (West Bromwich Albion), all wing forwards.

The other newcomers are H. Baldwin, a goalkeeper from West Bromwich; C. Longdon, half-back from Brentford; and J. Harris, half-back, who formerly assisted Doncaster Rovers. Playing list: Pos. III. W. G. (Birkenhead) 5 0 11 7 J. Baldwin (Birmingham) 5 0 11 0 J. Harris (Birkenhead) 5 0 11 0 M. Marston (Bolton) 5 0 11 0 G. Spencer (Aston Villa) 5 0 11 0 V. Vass (Anfield Plain) 5 0 11 0 D. Darby (Gillingham) 5 0 11 0 J. Baldwin (Bolton) 5 0 11 0

ROBSON AND NISH CAUGHT ON OFF DAY: POOR FORM RIBEIRO OUTSTANDING WITH PERFECT GAME

(By "Abe")

Because of the one-sidedness of the encounter, the Open Bowls Pairs Final, played on the Kowloon F.C. green yesterday, between H. A. Alves and F. V. Ribeiro, of the Club de Recreio, and T. E. Robson and H. Nish, was robbed of much of its interest; but from the point of view of bowls, there was much in the game that was really entertaining.

The match was won by Alves and Ribeiro by the margin of 28 shots to 11. The scores give a fair indication of the difference between the two pairs. Robson and Nish found Alves and Ribeiro in their best form, particularly the latter, who played the game of his life to skip. Time after time when the shot was against him, he would take out a wood to lie three or four or draw dead to the jack. There was a more even battle between Robson and Alves, but Ribeiro was in more senses than one head and shoulders above Nish.

Indeed Ribeiro was the man who should be given the most credit for the victory; for, although Alves gave him good support, without his brilliant shot victory would not have been so easy.

NISH OFF COLOUR

Throughout the match, Nish had considerable difficulty in getting both his weight and green. He was playing far below his best—which was unfortunate for him at this stage of the competition.

On the majority of the heads Robson held his own with Alves, and only on very few heads was he beaten.

With the green drawing well on both hands, there were several interesting heads in which the positions changed with every wood sent down.

The only occasion in which Robson and Nish led was after the third head when they scored a three to lead 4-1. But thereafter they were seldom in the picture, and Alves and Ribeiro ran off with a three, two, four and one on successive ends to lead 11-4. On the eighth, Nish saved a six with his last wood. With one of his earlier woods he had taken off his fifth shot, leaving Alves and Ribeiro with six, but his last was well delivered and rested out a front wood to sit on the kitty.

So instead of being down 4-1 as they would have been had they lost the six, Robson and Nish were trailing by only 5-1, which was reduced with another single on the 10th. However, they made little progress after this in the face of the splendid bowling of the opposition and were finally beaten 28-11.

FINE ARRANGEMENTS

The thanks of the Hongkong L.B.A. are due to the Committee of the Kowloon Football Club for the arrangements made for the match which were perfect in every way.

I am sure all the spectators had reason to be grateful for the tea supplied by the K.F.C.

His Excellency the Governor, Sir Geoffrey Northcote, His Honour Sir Atholl MacGregor, and Dr. J. T. Smalley, President of the H.K.L.B.A., were amongst the large number of spectators who watched the match.

The following were the scores head by head:

T. Robson H. A. Alves
H. Nish F. V. V. Ribeiro

1	—	1	1
2	1	1	1
3	3	4	1
4	—	4	4
5	—	4	2
6	—	4	10
7	—	4	11
8	1	5	11
9	1	6	11
10	—	3	14
11	—	6	2
12	1	7	16
13	—	7	1
14	2	9	17
15	—	9	2
16	—	9	22
17	—	9	1
18	—	9	24
19	—	9	2
20	2	11	26
21	—	11	2

Match Decided By Only One Shot

An exciting match in the Goscombe J. Sullivan Cup was played on the P.W.D. "B" defected Clerical "B" by 20 shots to 19. The split was decided at 19-19 at the end of 21 heads, and in the extra head played P.W.D. "B" scored a single.

P.W.D. "B" Clerical "B"
P. Shaw J. Burnes
G. S. Graver F. D. Angus
A. C. Brookbank D. M. Khan
A. Brooksbank J. H. Gelling

AMERICANS DEFEAT CHINESE

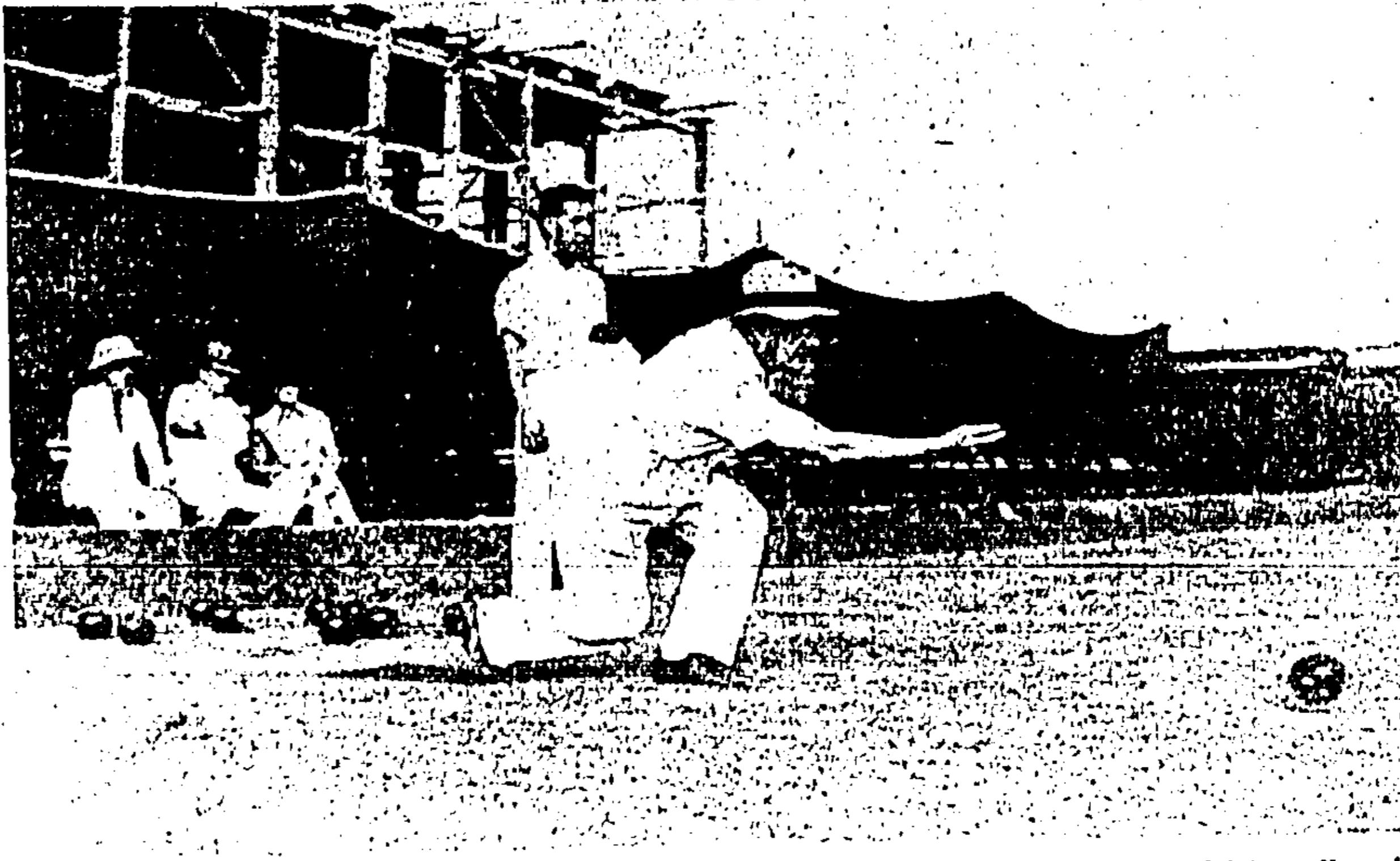
(By "Abe")

Unleashing a ten-hit attack on hapless Hank Chang, the Stars and Stripes came through yesterday at Caroline Hill to take the Chinese, 5-1, in a charity game sponsored by the Hongkong Chinese Women's Soldiers' Relief Association.

Blanking the Chinese for four frames, the Tulsa mound artist, Glen Miles, only allowed them two safeties, one of them a triple by left fielder All Lee in the fifth frame. Miles fanned ten Chung Hwamen in dishing up this splendid job, and showed the local yokels that he really had something on the ball.

China's only run occurred in the fifth when Hank Chang singled. Chang was given a pass, while Dynamo Ho fanned, and Chang rode in on the wings of Lee's triple to right field.

America didn't start to score until the sixth when three tallies crossed



T. E. Robson, playing lead to H. Nish in the Pairs Final yesterday, held his own fairly well against H. A. Alves, his opposite number. Robson is shown delivering a wood in the course of the match, while Alves looks on.—Photo by Ming Yuen.

F.A. To Consider Sunday Play

Service Professionals May Play For Regiments

After steadfastly refusing to recognise Sunday play since its inception, the Football Association has experienced such an internal reverberation of opinion that at their Council meeting in London recently a sub-committee was appointed to investigate the desirability of altering the present regulations.

Mr. T. H. Kirkup (London F.A. Secretary) said that circumstances have changed so much in recent years that the position should be reconsidered.

England will play France in Paris on May 2, Ireland in Belfast on October 28, Wales at Villa Park on November 15, Holland at Tottenham on November 8, and Romania at Sheffield on Wednesday's ground on December 6. England Amateurs meet Ireland at Ilford on February 10, and the R.A.F. at Ipswich on November 1.

The teams which toured the Continent and South Africa this close season will meet at Stamford Bridge on October 16.

Professional footballers serving with the Militia may now play for their units. Rule 33 has been waived to enable them to do so. Previously a "pro" was barred in the Services. A sub-committee was also appointed to deal with the whole matter of Militiamen and Reserves.

GOLF CHAMPIONSHIP

With a score of 75, 71, 140, A. McKellar won the Happy Valley golf Championship yesterday.

village of Milford, Surrey, until the end of 1900.

MRS. Holman, licensee of the Foresters' Arms, Gravesend, will probably make history at Gravesend Regatta on September 6. Her customers, many of whom are watermen, have entered the race for the public-house crews, and now they have been told that the licensee must be the coxswain. A woman coxswain has never steered in this regatta—known as the Watermen's Henley—but there is nothing in the rules against it. Her customers are trying to persuade Mrs. Holman to take the rudder strings. "I am in a quandary," she confessed, "I have not the faintest idea how to cox a boat, but no doubt I should have to do some slimming before-hand if the boys want to get in the first three," she added.

NEWPORT County have signed W. Robbins from West Bromwich Albion. He has played 11 times for Wales in international matches. He had scored five goals for the Welsh side against Thame from the outside left position.

ERNIE Rodger (Liverpool),

British welter-weight champion, has cut an eye-lid during training for fight with Jimmy Walsh (Cheltenham), former light-weight titleholder and the contest at Liverpool. St. John's has been postponed until September 14.

THE world's record "putt" is claimed by Mr. J. L. Coleman, playing over the Barraba (New South Wales) golf course. He used his putter at the second hole—220 yards—and holed out in one.

IN the midst of a sailing race in Dallas, Texas, a line snapped on Don Fitch's craft and the sail flapped down. While his rivals drew far ahead, Fitch worked feverishly to fix the damage, though he figured he was out before he broke any record. Charles Absolom, a well-known Victorian club cricketer, took his one hundred wickets in the year in which he became an octogenarian. And the late F. S. Ashley-Cooper, of the Royal Ulster Yacht Club, had more than a cut ahead of Ayr United, who have lost nine goals in two games and scored none. McNeely (Hamilton) made a most satisfactory debut for the winners.

St. Johnstone, like Ayr United, have got off to a bad start—six goals lost in two games and none scored.

Alloa lost five goals in the first half at Arbroath, where the clever play of Gould on the right wing tore holes in their defence. Hibernian were good, if narrow, winners over Clyde, while Alloa Rovers played so well against Partick Thistle they scarcely deserved to be beaten.

The next frame saw two more American runs on four blows. Miles singled to centre. Baker sacrificed.

Costello also binged, to left, and made the catcher show his hand to steal second. Vettoer, who made a single in the fifth frame, had a single to centre, that chased in both Miles and Costello for the two counts that totalled five in all.

China's only run occurred in the fifth when Hank Chang singled. Chang was given a pass, while Dynamo Ho fanned, and Chang rode in on the wings of Lee's triple to right field.

America didn't start to score until the sixth when three tallies crossed



TENNIS WIDOWS — Wives of widely known tennis players return from Europe to New York, while their husbands are making a world tour. Left to right: Mrs. J. C. Harris, Mrs. Lester Stoermer and Mrs. Ellsworth Vines.

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BANGALORE	6,000	7th Oct.	B'bay, M'selles, Havre, L'don, Hull, H'p'g, R'dam & A'werp.
VICEROY OF INDIA	20,000	14th Oct.	Bombay, M'selles & London.
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TALMA	10,000	14th Sept.	Japan.
VICEROY OF INDIA	20,000	28th Sept.	Shanghai.
BHUTAN	10,000	28th Sept.	Japan.
SIRDHANA	6,000	29th Sept.	Shanghai & Japan.

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PRESIDENT LINER

Sailings

SAN FRANCISCO AND LOS ANGELES

via

SHANGHAI, KOBE, YOKOHAMA AND HONOLULU

SAILS SEPT. 9th at 4.00 p.m.

S. S. "PRESIDENT COOLIDGE" SEPT. 23rd at 9.00 a.m.

S. S. "PRESIDENT TAFT" OCT. 7th at 4.00 p.m.

S. S. "PRESIDENT CLEVELAND" OCT. 21st at 7.00 a.m.

S. S. "PRESIDENT PIERCE" NOV. 4th at 4.00 p.m.

S. S. "PRESIDENT COOLIDGE" NOV. 18th at 4.00 p.m.

Omits Shanghai.

Omits Yokohama.

And fortnightly thereafter

NEW YORK AND BOSTON VIA SUEZ

SAILS SEPT. 14th at 12.00 Noon

S. S. "PRESIDENT HAYES" SEPT. 29th at 12.00 Noon

S. S. "PRESIDENT POLK" OCT. 1st at 2.00 a.m.

And fortnightly thereafter

MANILA

S. S. "PRESIDENT COOLIDGE" SEPT. 16th at 1.00 a.m.

S. S. "PRESIDENT TAFT" SEPT. 29th at 12.00 Noon

S. S. "PRESIDENT CLEVELAND" OCT. 15th at 2.00 a.m.

Also a la Carte

China Bldg., Hongkong.

Hankow Rd., Kowloon.

\$1 TIFFINS

HONGKONG TELEGRAPH

September 4, 1939.

Footprints in the Sand

W e all want a holiday. Our dogs, our family, our friends, are all looking forward to those two short weeks.

Two faithful friends are also clamouring for their holiday feet. All during the winter they have suffered in silence.

We pitied them into high-heeled shoes, and often danced the poor things until the small hours of the morning.

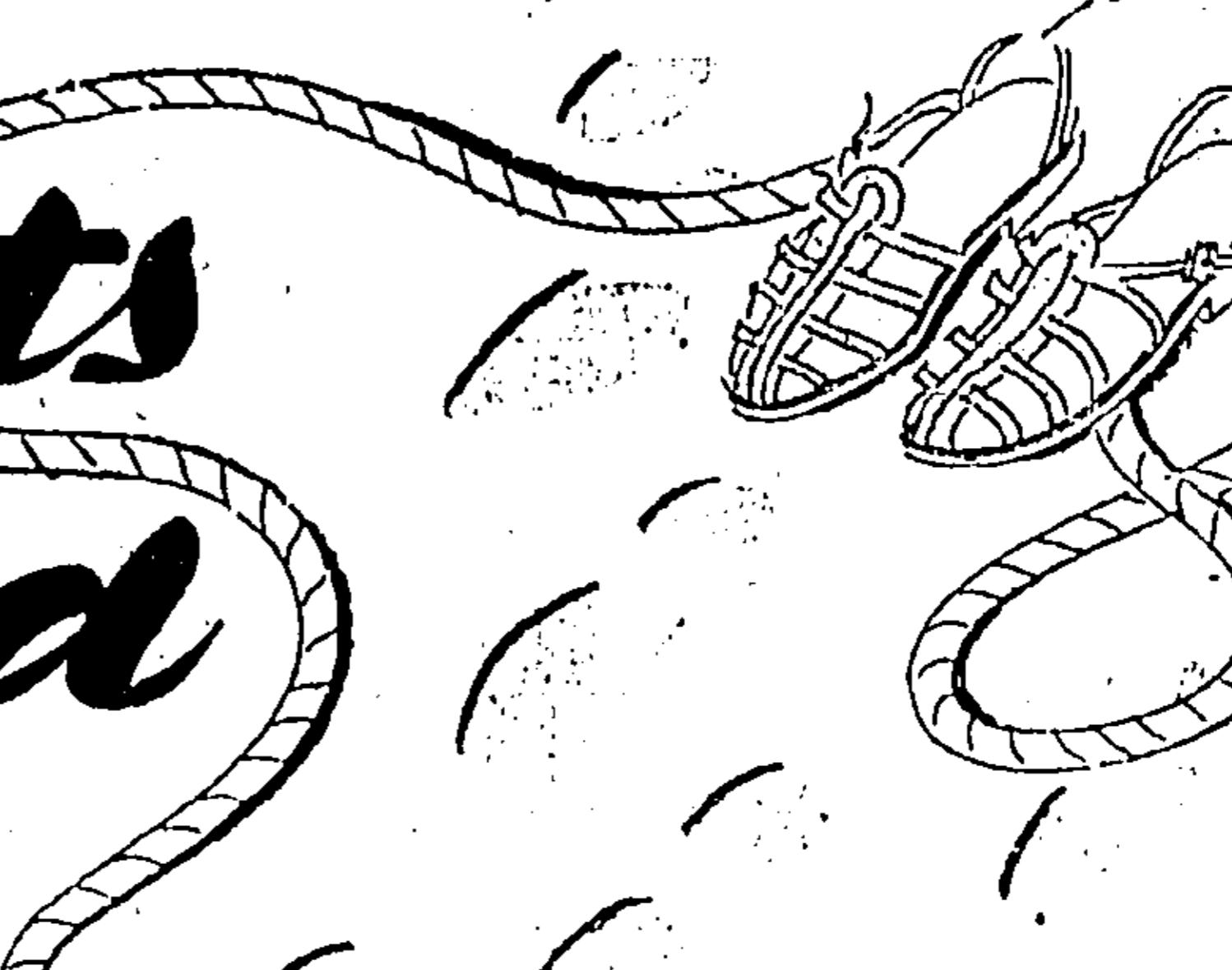
Shod only in the flimsiest of evening shoes, we allowed them to be mercilessly stepped on by some hefty "size ten." So now, while perfectly prepared to look their sporting best, they ask for comfortable, cool, flat-heeled shoes when on holiday.

you may find useful when you are planning your holiday trousseau; they will help you to carry favour with your feet.

All the shoes mentioned are manufactured by Dunlop, who have made a careful scientific study of foot comfort.

For the fine day when you don a pair of shorts and decide to spend a morning on the beach, the shoes shown in the first sketch would be an ideal choice.

They are made in woven material, rather like cord, and can



HOLIDAY SHOES

Cool & Comfortable

The joys of summer shoes are many. They are much cheaper than winter shoes, and the various colours and styles designed are much more numerous.

Here are a few suggestions that

spring to your step. You will never get that heavy feeling which is often felt when you have to stand for a long time in shoes with all leather heels.

Three shoes, costing 5s. 11d., are also made in white with navy tongues and heels and in claret with dark green tongues and heels.

The last pair of shoes is for a more dressy occasion. They are court shoes in white, perforated suede fabric with a navy heel and edging. The sole is made of "Velvura," a Dunlop invention which looks and feels like leather, and wears extremely well.

Moreover, these shoes will be comfortable from the first time you wear them, you will not have to spend painful weeks "breaking them in." So, it's easy to give your feet a holiday and enjoy a better time yourself.

M.G.

Genuine people dislike flattery which they at once detect, but praise for real excellence is seldom unwelcome. Flattery instead of pleasing the person to whom it is addressed usually serves only to demonstrate insincerity. On the other hand, people never forget to be grateful for genuine appreciation, even of trivial mind, for example.

Few people realise that careers may be made or broken, happiness acquired or lost by a chance word.

Make three resolutions:—To listen attentively. To try to pursue the line of thought of people who are talking to you. Do not interrupt.

Conversation may be scarce on occasion, but each person who tries to break an awkward silence should be treated with careful attention.

If one can but listen with genuine interest and make apt replies to another's remarks this one ability will save the day.

Don't chatter.

People who talk too readily and steadily are apt to be boring. Unceasing chatter is perhaps the greatest social error.

Gossip is an unloved evil.

damaged all who are remotely touched by it, but most of all the one stroke who started the subject for all who sympathetic.

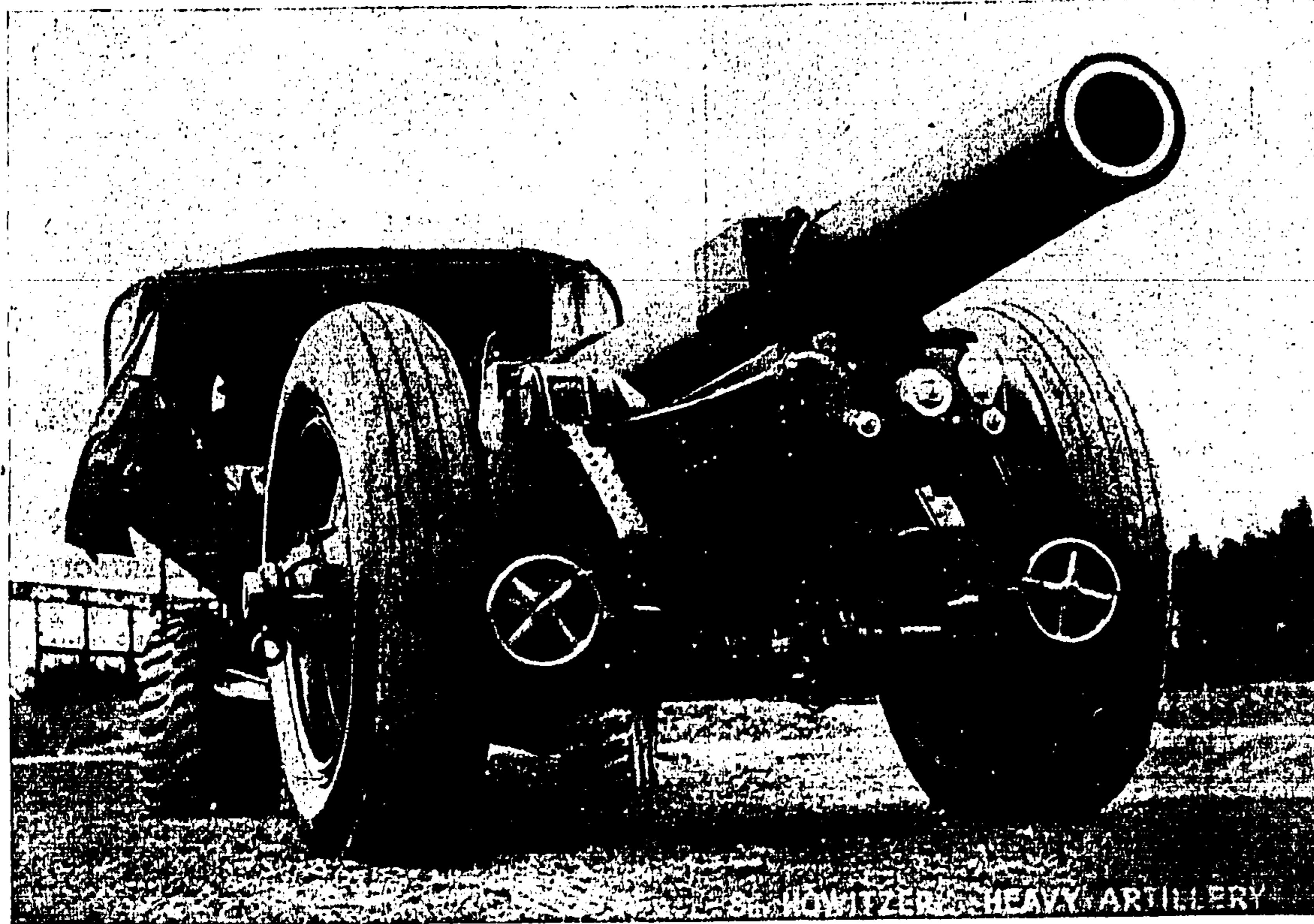
It is rancour and envy we shall become the gossip importunate. For we shall become the absent subject of discussion.

We may both fear and dislike another's eyes. In a brief moment of high-mindedness, she does not bore us; we may glimpse our friend's whole soul, yet how many of us are willing to leave our own consciousness for come, although one may take it as even so short a time? Maladjustment is a high compliment if constructive, but without, in fact, by forgetting within us.

Unasked for criticism is never welcome.

Unasked for criticism is never welcome

Army Training in Britain To-Day



HOWITZER HEAVY ARTILLERY
In the early days of the Great War, horses were used to take heavy artillery into position. This photograph perfectly illustrates the extent to which mechanisation has been carried out in the British Army recently. Illustrated is one of the now 8 in. Howitzers.



ROYAL ARTILLERY (FIELD BRANCH) 18-PDR. GUN
The mechanisation of the British Army is perfectly illustrated in this official photograph showing a Royal Artillery 18 pdr. gun crossing difficult country near Hillsborough, Portsmouth.



Three members of the Coldstream Guards photographed whilst receiving instructions on the famous Bren Gun which was first manufactured in Czechoslovakia and is now manufactured under license in England.



This 3 in. anti-aircraft gun which, though not as effective as the 3.7 in. or 4.5 in. guns, is efficient because of its extreme mobility.

COPIES OF
PHOTOGRAPHS
by "Staff Photographer"
appearing in the
"SOUTH CHINA MORNING POST"
and
"THE HONGKONG TELEGRAPH"
may be purchased
at the Business Office
of "The Hongkong Telegraph"
Morning Post Building,
Wyndham Street.

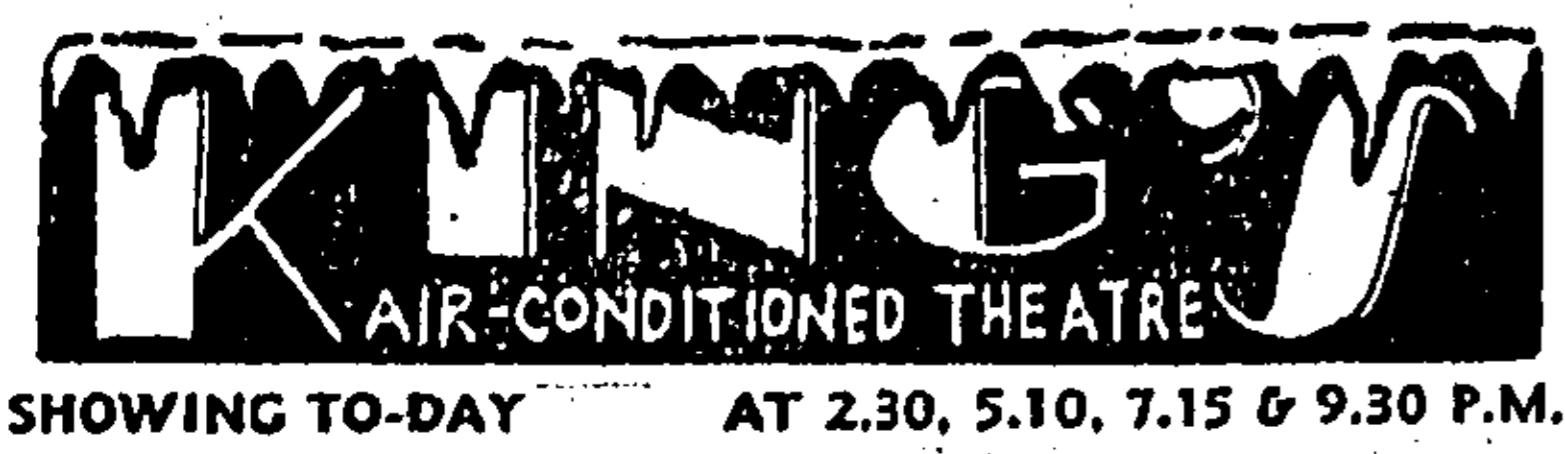
THOUSANDS RESTORED
BY
THIS FAMOUS MEDICINE
THE REASON

Innumerable complaints arise from impurities in the blood, and so long as the impurities remain, permanent relief cannot be obtained. Clarke's Blood Mixture, by cleansing the blood, is invaluable in the treatment of rheumatic complaints, lumbago, painful joints, neuritis, glandular swellings, sores, ulcers, eczema, boils and skin complaints.

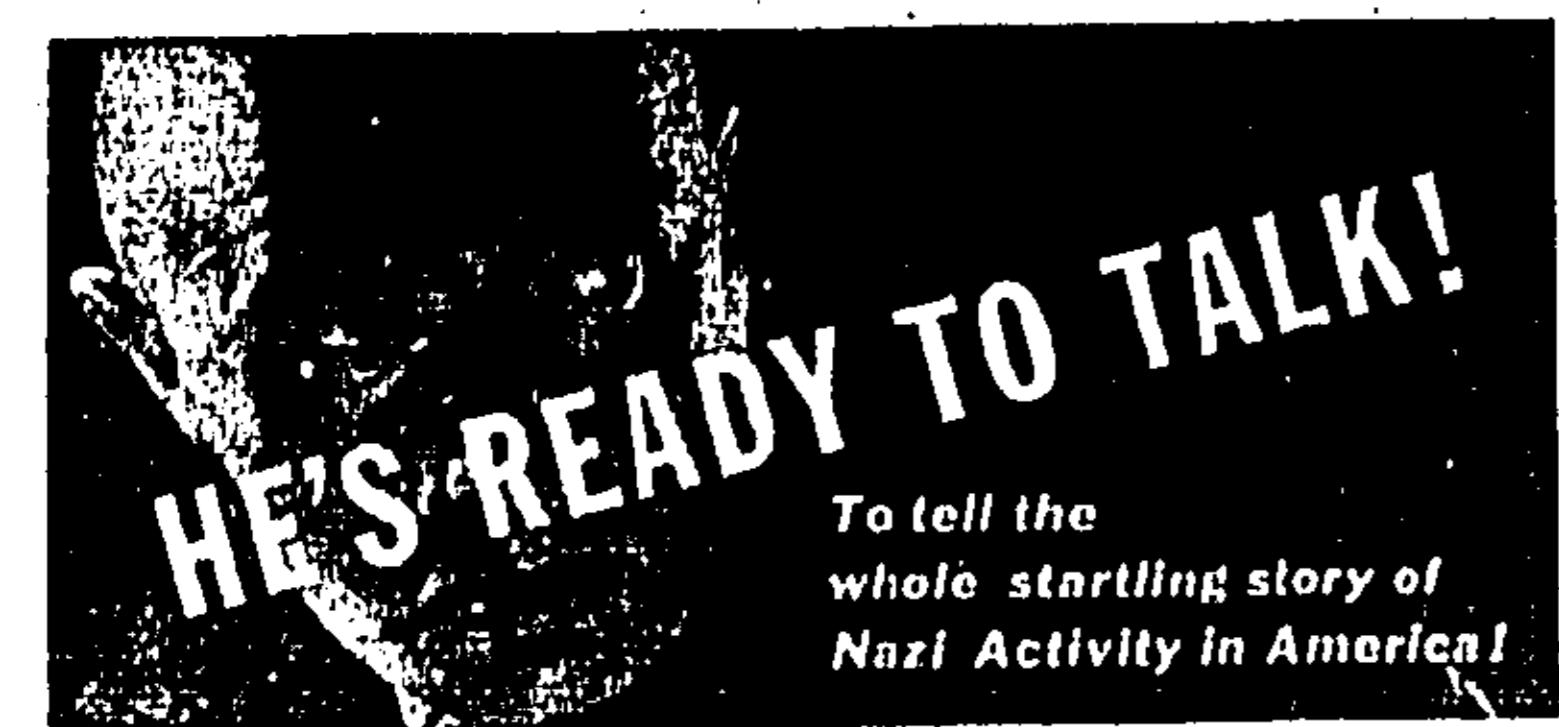
CLARKES
Blood Purifying Mixture
BLOOD MIXTURE

In LIQUID or TABLET
16oz. Or all Chemists
rd Stores.

Ask for and be sure you get "Clarke's Blood Mixture."



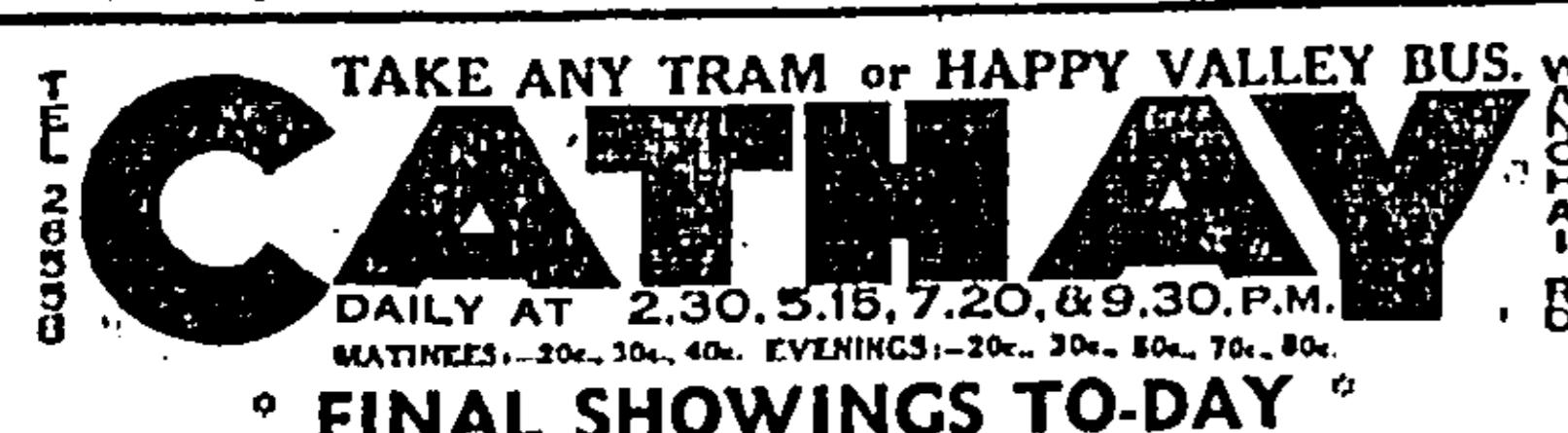
SHOWING TO-DAY AT 2.30, 5.10, 7.15 & 9.30 P.M.



Confessions of a NAZI SPY

EDW. G. ROBINSON
Presented by WARNER BROS.
ALSO COLOUR CARTOON "PENGUIN PARADE"

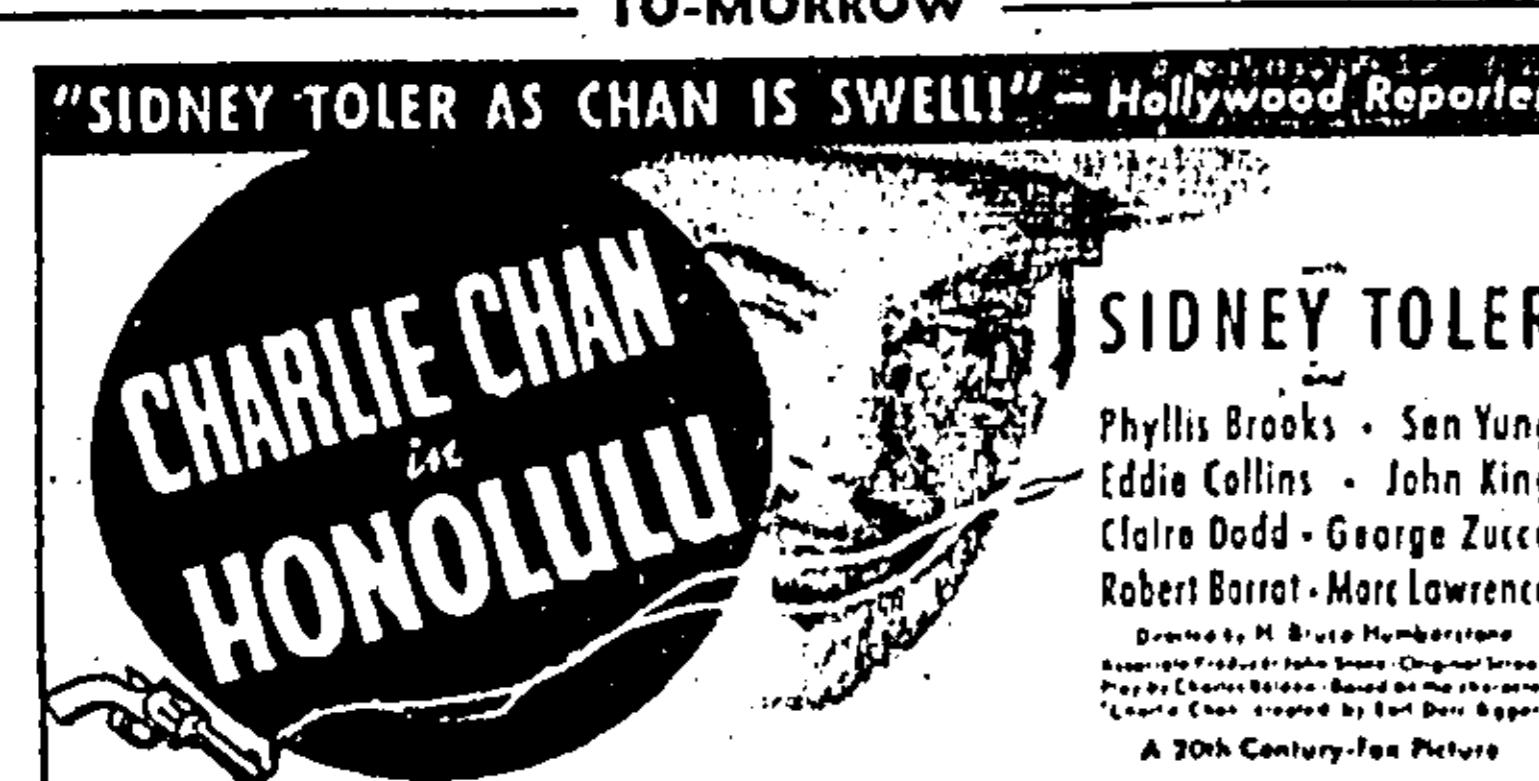
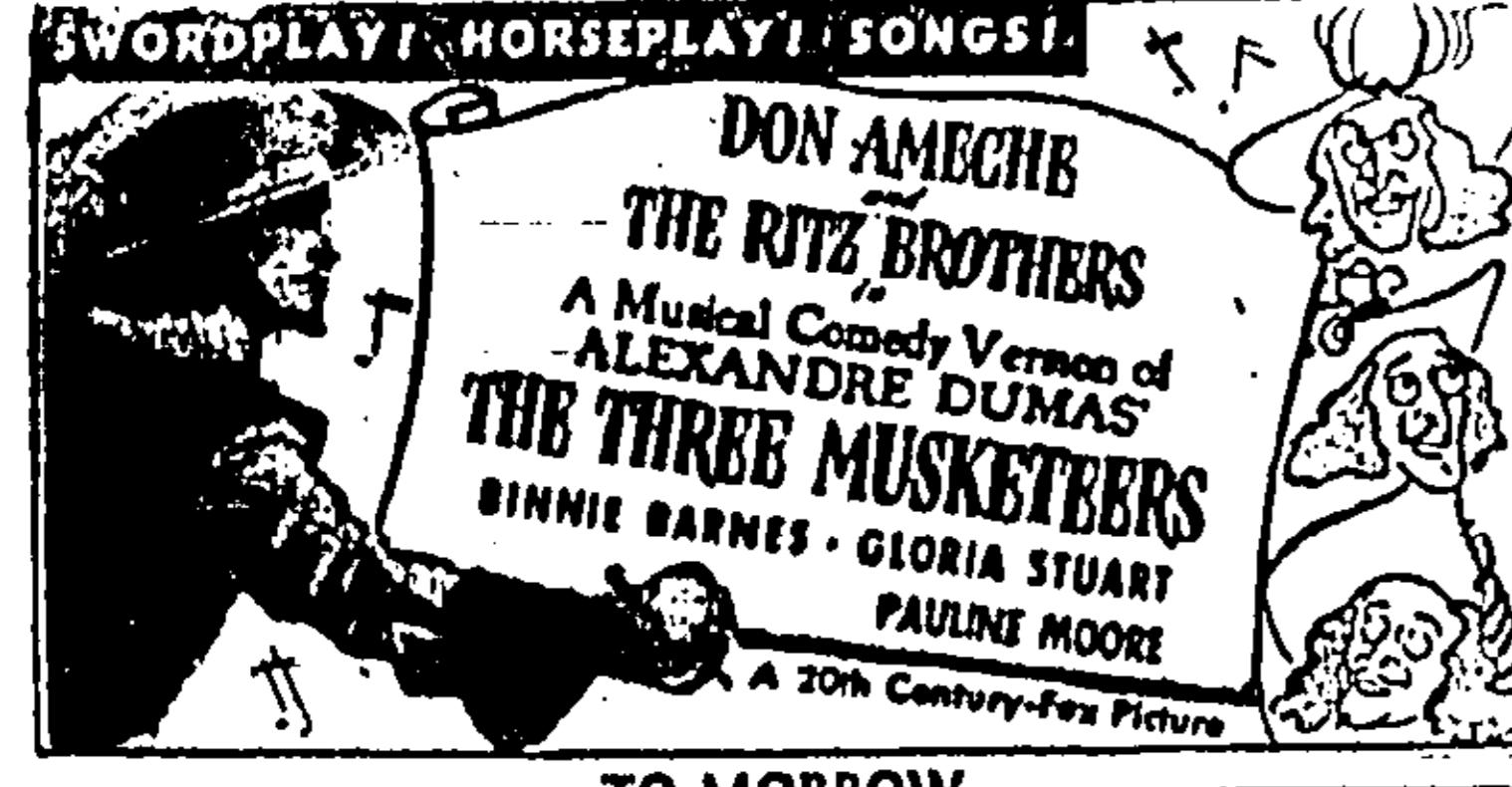
NEXT CHANGE "WOMEN IN THE WIND"
Warner Bros. Picture with KAY FRANCIS - WILLIAM GARGAN



TAKE ANY TRAM or HAPPY VALLEY BUS. W.
DAILY 2.30, 5.15, 7.20, & 9.30 P.M.
MATINEES - 10c, 15c, 40c. EVENINGS - 20c, 30c, 40c, 70c, 80c.

• FINAL SHOWINGS TO-DAY

Clashing blades! Lovable maids! Balmy buffoons! Ringing tunics!
The happiest entertainment idea since the movies began to move!



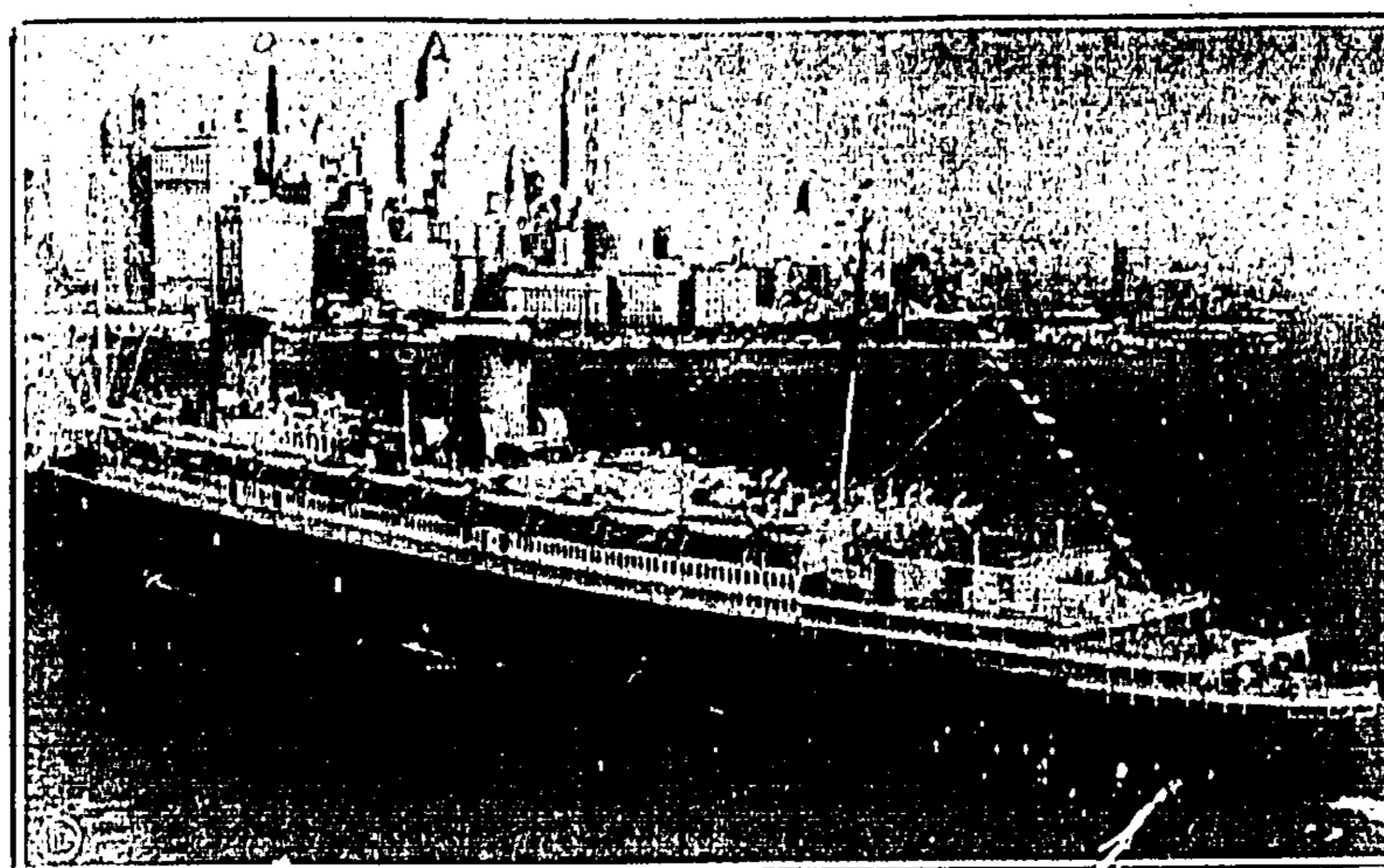
• SHOWING TO-DAY •

THE MOST THRILLING SPECTACLE THAT EVER
FLAMED ACROSS THE SCREEN!



• NEXT CHANGE •
THE SUPER-GANGSTER IN HIS MOST RUTHLESS ROLE!
Humphrey BOGART in "KING OF THE UNDERWORLD"
A Warner Bros. Thriller.

FIRST CAPTURE AT SEA



THE BRITISH NAVY has captured the German trans-Atlantic liner Bremen, above, the largest ship in the German mercantile marine. Details were lacking as the Final Edition of the "Telegraph" went to Press, but it is stated that the Bremen has been taken to an undisclosed British port.

LATE NEWS

Government To Stay In London

LONDON, Sept. 3 (Reuters).—Captain H. D. Margesson, the Conservative Chief Whip, stated in the House of Commons that the seat of the Government will remain in London as long as possible. He expected the House to meet at a subsequent date.

TRADING WITH THE ENEMY

LONDON, Sept. 3 (UPI).—The Board of Trade has issued a statement saying that it is "unlawful to transact business and have other dealings with the enemy without official permission, which will not be granted save in exceptional circumstances."

The banks and Stock Exchange have declared a holiday on Monday, but will reopen on Tuesday.

Scotland Yard to-day began the rounding up of all Germans and "other aliens of doubtful nationality."

U.S. TO WATCH OUR INTERESTS

BERLIN, Sept. 3 (UPI).—The United States Embassy is taking over the protection of British interests here.

CZECHS TO BE INTERNED

The position of Czechs in Hong Kong, whom many regard rather as enforced German vassals than as German subjects, has been arousing conjecture. Are they to be interned?

The "Telegraph" learned this morning that internment would apply to all nationals who were claimed by Germany. Czechs are included in this category.

The process adopted will be the internment of all of German nationality, women and children excluded. Cases will then be examined individually.

FOR SUNSHINE OR RAIN



Courts or Ties . . . For uncertain weather
Sandals . . . If its fine.

Call and see the variety
we can show you.

GORDON'S LTD.

QUEENS & ALHAMBRA

HONG KONG KOWLOON

AT 2.30-5.15 7.20-9.30 P.M. AT 2.30 5.20-7.20 & 9.30 P.M.

• NOW SHOWING •

Definitely A NEW HIGH IN SCREEN COMEDY!

A brilliantly novel story...one you'll never outguess...full of FUN, crammed with ROMANCE, throbbing with LIFE!..Ginger as the glamorous shop-girl "mother" of a doorstop foundling, wooed by Playboy David, chased by Jitterbug Frank...WHAT A PICTURE and

HOW YOU'LL LAUGH WITH
GINGER
ROGERS

"Now, whose baby is it, anyway? Some say it's hers, some say it's mine—but we both deny it emphatically!"

CHARLES COBURN
FRANK ALBERTSON
E. E. CLIVE
20th CENTURY-Fox Picture

ADDED! "THE WORLD OF TO-MORROW"

A Complete Review of N.Y. World Fair!

Next Change at QUEEN'S
Joan Blondell & Bing Crosby

in "EAST SIDE OF HEAVEN"

Next Change at ALHAMBRA
Charles Laughton & Clark Gable

in "MUTINY ON THE BOUNTY"

HAWK
ROAD
KOWLOON
TEL 57795

• FINAL SHOWINGS TO-DAY •

WHEN THE LIGHTS OF LONDON FLICKERED . . .

...Drammed knew
that murder struck!
It's his greatest
case...and your big-
gest screen thrill!

A Personal Picture with
JOHN HOWARD
HEATHER ANGEL
H. B. WARNER
Directed by
JAMES NORDEN

TO-MORROW: "THAT CERTAIN AGE"

E. SHOWS DAILY 2.30-5.15 7.20-9.30

TICKETS ROAD WANCHAI TEL. 56048

ORIENTAL THEATRE

LAST 4 TIMES TO-DAY

ONE OF THE BEST COMEDIES OF THE SEASON!

A grand show filled with surprises and laughter.

HARD TO GET

...SO MANY STARS . . .

...SO MANY THRILLS . . .

...SO MANY LAUGHS IN ONE
PICTURE . . . BUT WE DID!Dick Powell
Olivia De Havilland
Charles Winchell
Allen Jenkins
Bonita Granville
Melville Cooper
A Warner Bros. Picture

SPECIAL FOR TO-MORROW! ONE DAY ONLY.

THE MIGHTIEST ADVENTURE ROMANCE EVER FILMED!

The most beautiful love story ever brought to the screen.

Cecil B. DeMille's
"THE
BUCCANEER"
FREDRIC MARCH

O MATINEES: 20c-30c O EVENINGS: 20c-30c-50c-70c

Detective
Shame-Faced

BIRMINGHAM, Ala. (UPI).—When

City Detective J. N. Bryan reported

for work, he was virtually incapacitated.

While making an investigation,

Bryan lost the keys to the police

car and his handcuffs.

He did—and it returned

him a \$1,000 cheque.

Printed and Published for the Proprietors by FREDERICK PERCY FRANKLIN,

at 1 and 3, Wyndham Street in the City of Victoria, Hongkong.

Cleveland, O. (UPI).—William

J. Harshaw, chemical company presi-

dent, who never had won a prize,

was persuaded to put 50 cents into

a lottery. He did—and it returned

him a \$1,000 cheque.

Luck Answers
First Call